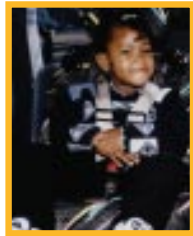


Different kinds of Booster Seats



High back booster with 5-point harness

- For a child about 35 to 80 lbs
- This booster seat provides head and neck protection in back seats without head restraints. The 5-point harness provides full body protection. The harness can be used until a child reaches 40 lbs. The removable harness converts the booster seat to a belt-positioning booster in which a child uses the vehicle lap and shoulder belts for restraint.



Child seats improve continually. Visit the NHTSA Web site at www.nhtsa.dot.gov or call the DOT Auto Safety Hotline toll free at 1-888-DASH-2-DOT (1-888-327-4236) for the most current information.



Belt-positioning booster

- For a child 40 to 80 lbs
- The child sits in the booster seat and uses the vehicle lap and shoulder belts for restraint. Lap and shoulder belts together offer better protection than lap belts only.



Shield booster

- Some of these boosters have removable shields. When the shield is removed, the booster seat becomes a belt-positioning booster using the vehicle lap and shoulder belts for restraint. Never allow a child to sit in the booster seat without the shield while using only the lap belt. (Without shield for a child from 40 to 80 lbs)
- A shield booster seat, with the shield in place, is recommended for use when only a lap belt exists in the back seat. (For a child with maximum weight of 40 lbs)



Buying a booster seat

- All booster seats are required by law to comply with the same standards and guidelines as child safety seats.
- When buying a booster seat make sure that it has a label stating: This child restraint system conforms to all applicable U.S. Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards.
- Never use a booster seat that has been in a crash. The seat may have defects that are not visible.

All children ages 12 and under should sit in the back seat, properly restrained whenever possible. It's safer!



Children who should use a booster seat

- For maximum protection, keep a child in a forward-facing child safety seat with full harness as long as the child fits in this seat. (See the instructions for your child safety seat for best fit.)
- A child who weighs between about 35 and 80 lbs
- A child who has outgrown a convertible child safety seat
- Usually a child who is about 4 to 8 years old and is at least 35" tall
- A child who cannot sit with his or her back straight against the vehicle seat back cushion or who cannot sit with knees bent over a vehicle's seat edge without slouching

Reasons to use a booster seat

- Generally, a child who is 4 to 8 years old is not big enough for lap and shoulder belts alone.
- A booster seat fills the gap between a convertible child safety seat and the vehicle lap and shoulder belt.
- The booster seat raises the child so the vehicle lap and shoulder belt fits well: the lap belt rests low across the upper thighs, and the shoulder belt rests snugly on the shoulder across the chest.
- Properly fitting lap and shoulder belts reduce the potential for belt-induced injury which can occur when a lap belt is a child's only restraint.

Installing a booster seat

- Read the booster seat instructions and your vehicle owner's manual before installing the booster seat.
- If the vehicle has only lap belts in the back seat, you may want to consider having shoulder belts installed by a dealer or repair facility. Most vehicle manufacturers offer retrofit shoulder belt kits for this purpose.

Remember

- All children ages 12 and under should sit, properly restrained in the back seat whenever possible. It's safer!
- Never use just a lap belt across a child sitting in a belt-positioning booster.
- Never put the shoulder belt behind a child's arm or back because it eliminates the protection for the upper part of the body and increases the risk of severe injury in a crash.
- Never use pillows, books, or towels to boost a child. They can slide around.
- State child passenger safety laws apply to infant, convertible, and booster child safety seats.



A Parent's Guide to Booster Seats



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<http://www.dhs.gov>
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