# Appendix 3-E Workplace Interview Guides: BCC

### Interview Guide for New Engineers How do new engineers begin their careers and succeed at [company]?

<ul> <li>Focused Interview</li> <li>Maximize range</li> <li>Elicit specific reports</li> <li>Elicit depth—cognitive, affective, evaluative</li> <li>Elicit personal context through prior experiences and personal attributes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Help interviewee:</li> <li>Recall past reactions to past events, not present reactions to past events</li> <li>Link responses to past situation (concrete, not introspection)</li> <li>Avoid superficial responses</li> <li>Focus on past situation, not interview</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Critical Incidents</li> <li>Complete activity</li> <li>Clear intent and consequences</li> </ul>	Incidents <ul> <li>Learning</li> <li>Exchange</li> <li>Technical</li> <li>Social</li> <li>Task oriented</li> <li>Group process oriented</li> <li>Supervisor oriented</li> <li>Organization oriented</li> </ul>
Developing Expertise	How is technical (vs. social/people) defined? Wow factor Applying eng. knowledge and skills to practice Identifying most valuable knowledge/skills from school Perceptual changes of engineering in practice Patterns of continuing education and development
Socialization	Adjusting to fit: assimilating Learning (content) tasks, group procedures, supervisor expectations, org culture/values Learning (process) informal trigger, select strategy, implement, assess Social exchange (LMX, CMX) actors, resources, exchange structure, exchange process (initiate, transact, reciprocate) amount of interaction direct, general, productive (negotiated) LMX: respect, trust, responsibility, autonomy, mutual obligation role clarity perceptions of success, commitment, satisfaction

#### **Background Information for Interview Process**

### Interview Guide for New Engineers

Introduction	<ul> <li>Introductory remarks</li> <li>1. State purpose and sponsorship of study</li> <li>2. Group sampled/interviewed (answer "Why me?")</li> <li>3. Anonymity of data (show how anonymity will be guarded)</li> </ul>
Overview of Study	I am with [school] and am are working with HR at [company]. We are interested in improving the educational programs for engineers and the onboarding programs at [company]. Specifically, what helps you work successfully within [company].
Identify incidents Expertise Problem solving process Tasks & procedures Socialization Learning process Exchange process Behaviors Thoughts Emotions	Think back to when you started working here. What was the [first, second, third] incident or experience you had: <i>technical</i> in which you had to apply your engineering knowledge/skills to solve a problem or accomplish some task <i>social</i> that taught you something about how things get done here? That is, the way things are done here and what was expected of you. <i>[Identify 2-3 critical incidents each (technical &amp; social)]</i> <i>Time</i> When did this incident happen? <i>Place</i> Where did this incident take place? <i>Antecedents</i> What were the general circumstances leading up to this incident? <i>Personal Context</i> What were your circumstances surrounding this incident? <i>Actors</i> Who was involved? <i>Behaviors and interactions</i> What exactly did the others do? <i>Behaviors and interactions</i> What exactly did you do? <i>Consequences</i> What was the outcome of this incident? <i>Motivations</i> Why did you do this?
	Move to technical section $\exists$

Expertise: Engineering knowledge, skills, attributes (KSAs) at entry and at present: how changed?	<ul> <li>For 2-3 technical incidents</li> <li>Problem-solving and tasks/procedures</li> <li>Applying knowledge of engineering</li> <li>Management of projects</li> <li>Team work with coworkers, others, supervisor</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>I assume you spend your time at work doing technical type of work, but also you have to work with other people and the procedures of the organization. First of all, I want to focus our discussion today on how you apply your technical knowledge to solving problems and doing engineering tasks.</li> <li>Think back about a specific technical problem or task</li> <li>What was the problem? <ul> <li>How did you define/frame the problem?</li> <li>Conceive</li> <li>Design</li> </ul> </li> <li>What knowledge and skills did you apply to work on the problem?</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Where did you learn the knowledge and skills (topic)?.</li> <li>How did you learn the topic? <i>Bookwork, labwork</i></li> <li>Implement</li> <li>Operate</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>What questions/concerns did you have?</li><li>How did you find answers?</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>What do you wish you knew then?</li> <li>Where did you get the knowledge you were missing?</li> <li>What did you learn from this situation?</li> <li>What would you do differently (what did you learn from this experience)? <ul> <li>Operate</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Are these typical or unique events among your peers?
	Transition
	Difference between school and work
	Move to social/learning section ↓

Socialization: Informal Learning and Relationship Building	For 2-3 social incidents For each incident, discuss the learning process and learned outcomes related to cognitive affectual, and social
Transition to social	Now, I would like to talk about the social/people aspects of your work. Specifically, I'd like to talk about how you learned the [company] way to work with other people, other departments, and how you learn what others expect of you on the job.
NORMS Cognitive knowledge Behavior skills	About a specific incident:         Describe what you expected to occur/ought to occur (previous knowledge, mental model)         Actually occurred         Describe how you handled the experience.         Describe what you learned from that incident. [specific knowledge, skills, meanings, understandings]         [Specify cognitions in concrete details: range, specificity, depth, personal context]         Do you think this is a typical/common experience?
Affect feelings, emotions, moods, motivations	Describe how you felt about that incident. [specific feelings, emotions, moods, motivations] [Specify feelings, emotion, mood, motivation in concrete details: range, specificity, depth, personal context]
Social participation, communication, cooperation	Describe how you interacted with others before, during, and after the incident. [Specify participation, communication, and cooperation in concrete details: range, specificity, depth, personal context]
Social Exchange supervisor, coworkers respect, trust, and obligation	<ul> <li>Describe your relationship with your supervisor.</li> <li>Describe your relationship with your coworkers.</li> <li>Probe for indications of respect (engagement in decision- making), trust (degree of autonomy and responsibility), and mutual obligations (commitment)</li> </ul>
Understanding of success	What do you think will help you and/or others succeed here? What could [company] do to help new engineers succeed? What do you see yourself doing in 3-5 years?
Closing	Any other comments? Advice? For new hires. For school?

## Interview Guide for Supervisors How do new engineers begin their careers and succeed?

#### **Background Information for Interview Process**

<ul> <li>Focused Interview</li> <li>Maximize range</li> <li>Elicit specific reports</li> <li>Elicit depth—cognitive, affective, evaluative</li> <li>Elicit personal context through prior experiences and personal attributes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Help interviewee:</li> <li>Recall past reactions to past events, not present reactions to past events</li> <li>Link responses to past situation (concrete, not introspection)</li> <li>Avoid superficial responses</li> <li>Focus on past situation, not interview</li> </ul>
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#### **Interview Guide for Supervisors**

in tu	am with [school] and am are working with HR at [company]. Our nterest has to do with how new engineering graduates make the ransition from school to work. Specifically, what helps them work uccessfully within [company].
e	What are your roles as a supervisor related to supervising a new engineer(s)?
Identify incidents	- Most important - Least important
Expertise	
	Think back (over the past year) about a specific incident in which you nteracted as a supervisor with a new engineer.
Socialization V Learning process	What was the [first, second, third] incident or experience you had:
Exchange process	Describe the incident: Context, antecedents
	Roles
	Behavior
	Consequences
	Relationship factors
	Exchange factors Expectations
	Fime
	When did this incident happen?
	Where did this incident take place?
	Antecedents
	What were the general circumstances leading up to this incident?
	Personal Context
	What were your circumstances surrounding this incident?
	Who was involved?
	Behaviors and interactions
	What exactly did the others do?
	Behaviors and interactions What exactly did you do?
	Consequences
	What was the outcome of this incident?
	Motivations
V	Why did you do this?
Л	Move to learning section ヿ

Expertise: Engineering knowledge, skills, attributes (KSAs) at entry and at present: how changed?	<ul> <li>For 2-3 technical incidents</li> <li>Problem-solving and tasks/procedures</li> <li>Applying knowledge of engineering</li> <li>Management of projects</li> <li>Team work with coworkers, others, supervisor</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>First of all, I want to focus our discussion on your observations about how new engineers apply their technical knowledge to solving problems and doing engineering tasks.</li> <li>What skills do you look for in a new hire?</li> <li>What important technical skills do you think new hires often lack?</li> <li>Any characteristics of new hires in the way they solve problems/</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>work on projects?</li> <li>What knowledge and skills did you think should apply to work on the problem?</li> <li>What questions/concerns do you typically have with new hires?</li> <li>How do you become comfortable with their abilities?</li> <li>How do help them learn the details of their job? mentors senior eng.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Do you see any differences between new grads and experienced new hires? What are they?</li> <li>Anything you would do differently?</li> <li>Are these typical or unique events among your peers?</li> <li>Move to social/learning section ↓</li> </ul>

Socialization: Learning & Relationship Building	
Role	Describe what you see as your role as a manager/supervisor. Describe how you helped the new hire learn what to know and the proper way to do things. Describe what you have learned over time about managing new people. [specific knowledge, skills, meanings, understandings]
Culture	Describe important characteristics of the culture of the company. [Artifacts, values, assumptions] What are some of the key values and assumptions of the company?
Norms Social participation, communication, cooperation	<ul> <li>Describe what you expected the new employee to know and do.</li> <li>- Attitudes, Knowledge, Skills, Behavior</li> <li>Describe how you interact with those that report to you. [Specify participation, communication, and cooperation in concrete details: range, specificity, depth, personal context]</li> <li>How do you foster engagement with new hires?</li> <li>How do you integrate new hires into the company?</li> </ul>
Social Exchange supervisor, coworkers respect, trust, and obligation	<ul> <li>Describe how you develop productive relationships with new employees.</li> <li>How do you develop trust, autonomy, and commitment with employee?</li> <li>What are the stages of development for new employees? [first year; first 5 years]</li> <li>How/what kind of help from others?</li> <li>Probe for indications of respect (engagement in decision-making), trust (degree of autonomy and responsibility), and mutual obligations (commitment)</li> </ul>
Understanding of success Perceptions of commitment	<ul> <li>What do you think helps new employees succeed here?</li> <li>What are the attributes of stars/quick starters?</li> <li>What can you/[company] do to foster success?</li> </ul>
Closing	Any other comments?