What better time to find out about your family history than a holiday spent with family: Thanksgiving Day! That advice comes from the Surgeon General, who designated Thanksgiving as Family History Day: a day to map out a family history of chronic diseases or diagnosed health problems.

Sound too dismal to talk about over turkey and stuffing? If you consider knowing about your family history important to your own personal health, then you’re similar to the 96% of the public surveyed in a study reported in the November 2004 issue of Mortality and Morbidity Weekly Report who agreed with you. Yet, consider this: only 30% of the same group of people surveyed actually collected a family history. Now, that’s dismal. Especially since studies have shown that individuals who have had several immediate or prior-generation family members diagnosed with or died of a chronic disease are at increased risk to develop the same disease.

With such a strong connection between genetic history and increased risk for chronic disease, why don’t more people collect their family history? Because people don’t understand the implications of what they know about their family history in terms of their own potential risk, says Paula Yoon, an epidemiologist at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) in Atlanta. She adds that routine clinical visits often don’t include collecting information about a patient’s family history. So, collecting one’s own family history and bringing concerns and questions to the family physician is a necessary first step.

How Do You Make a Family History?

Compile a family history by asking your relatives questions related to medical conditions. Sample questions include:

- What major diseases has the family been diagnosed with?
- Who was diagnosed? At what age?
- Was treatment successful?

Contact your relatives by phone or talk with them in person. If you’re married and have children, include your spouse’s family history as well. Also check death certificates and family records.

Adapted from:
Mayo Clinic’s “How to Compile a Family History”
http://www.mayoclinic.com/health/medical-history/HQ01707

Genomics and your health
Many medical organizations, public health care offices, government agencies, and research centers are developing tools to collect (and standardize the collection of) personal health information.

A collection tool widely used by the public is the Surgeon General’s “My Family Portrait,” which is available online and in downloadable form. “My Family Portrait” makes it easy to compile your family history and share it with your health care professionals as well as with your family members.

Another collection tool, “Family Healthware,” developed by the CDC, has the potential of being an easy-to-use software in doctors’ offices or on a personal PC. Yoon explains that the tool is a more complex version of the Surgeon General’s “My Family Portrait.” The software requests information about the user’s first- and second-degree relatives’ health history and also requests information about the user’s health behavior such as smoking, exercise, diet, and use of aspirin. The data received is analyzed. Then a report is generated that gives the individual a risk summary (weak, moderate, or strong) for six chronic diseases. Based on the data received, the report also recommends behavioral changes and suggests screening tests.

How does “behavior” such as how much you exercise or what you eat influence your risk of developing certain diseases? Some diseases can be delayed, even prevented with a healthy diet and regular exercise. New habits, combined with early intervention like targeted screening tests for people predisposed to develop cardiovascular disease, for example, can mean a longer and healthier life.

“Family Healthware” was evaluated using a clinical trial that began in 2005. Data from the clinical trial is being collected to determine if personalized prevention messages motivated people at risk to change lifestyle or screening behaviors.

Now, does knowing what you do about the importance of family history make a difference to you? This Thanksgiving, among the delicious goodies spread across the dinner table, make space for a conversation that you’ll be thankful for: make a family history. It matters to your health and to your family’s health, too.

For more information on family history, visit:
