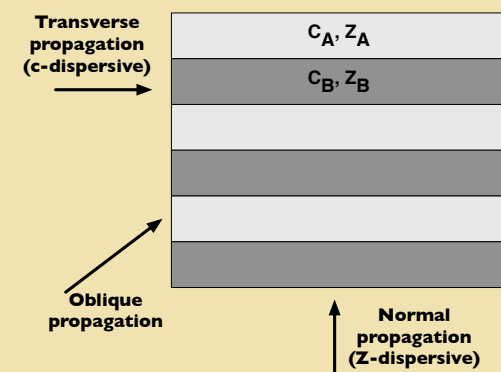


Dispersion of acoustic waves in a layered medium

$$u_{tt} = \nabla \cdot \left(\frac{1}{\rho(\mathbf{x})} \nabla (K(\mathbf{x})u) \right)$$

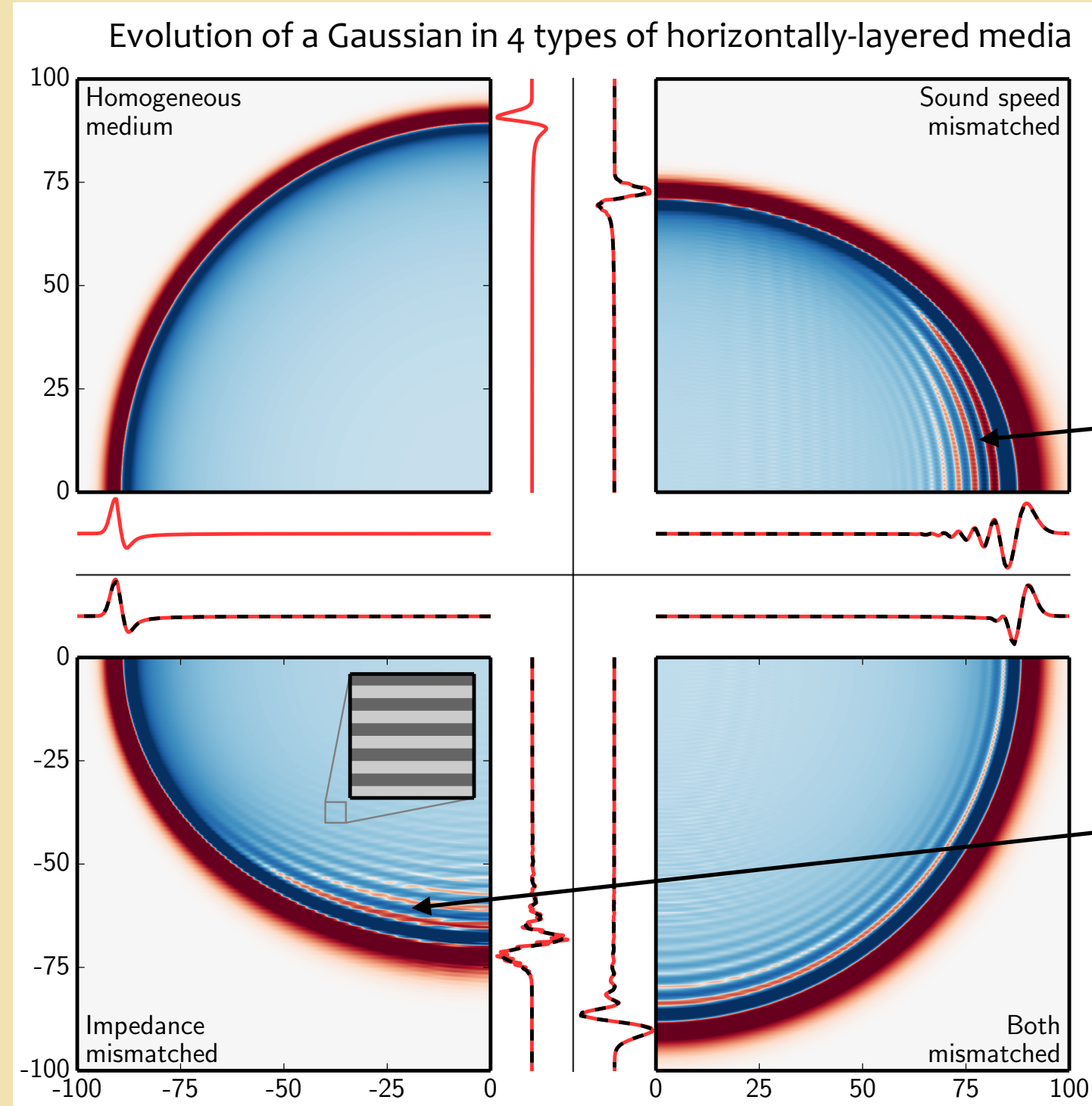
Sound speed: $c = \sqrt{\frac{K}{\rho}}$

Impedance: $Z = \sqrt{K\rho}$

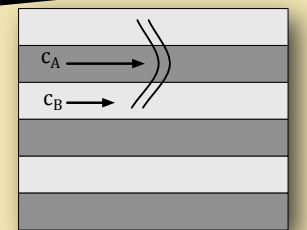


Dispersion of **normally-propagating** waves is caused by **reflection** and depends on **impedance** variation (*Z-dispersion*)

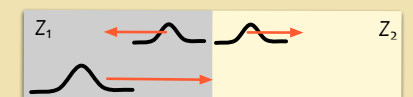
Dispersion of **transverse-propagating** waves is caused by **diffraction** and depends on **sound speed** variation (*c-dispersion*)



Dispersed by diffraction



Dispersed by reflection



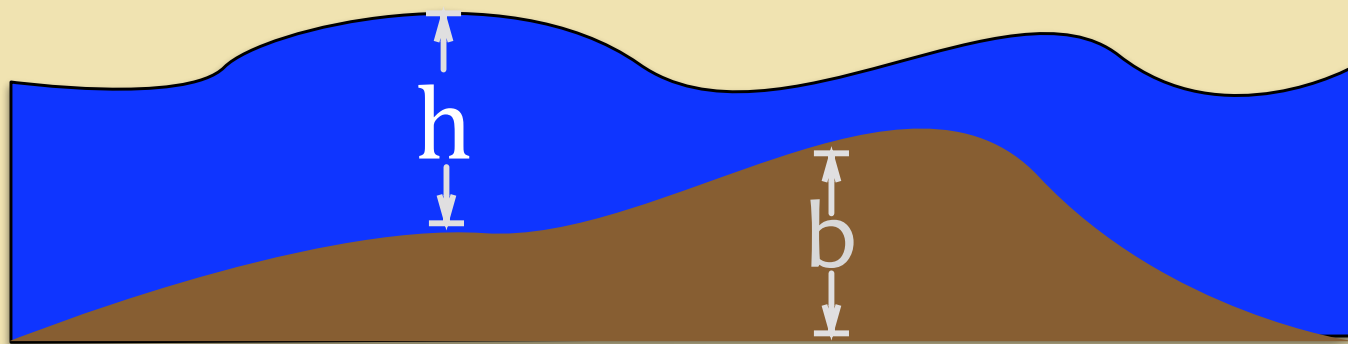
Shallow water waves

Shallow water equations:

$$h_t + (hu)_x + (hv)_y = 0$$

$$(hu)_t + (hu^2 + gh^2/2)_x + (huv)_y = -ghb_x$$

$$(hv)_t + (huv)_x + (hv^2 + gh^2/2)_y = -ghb_y$$



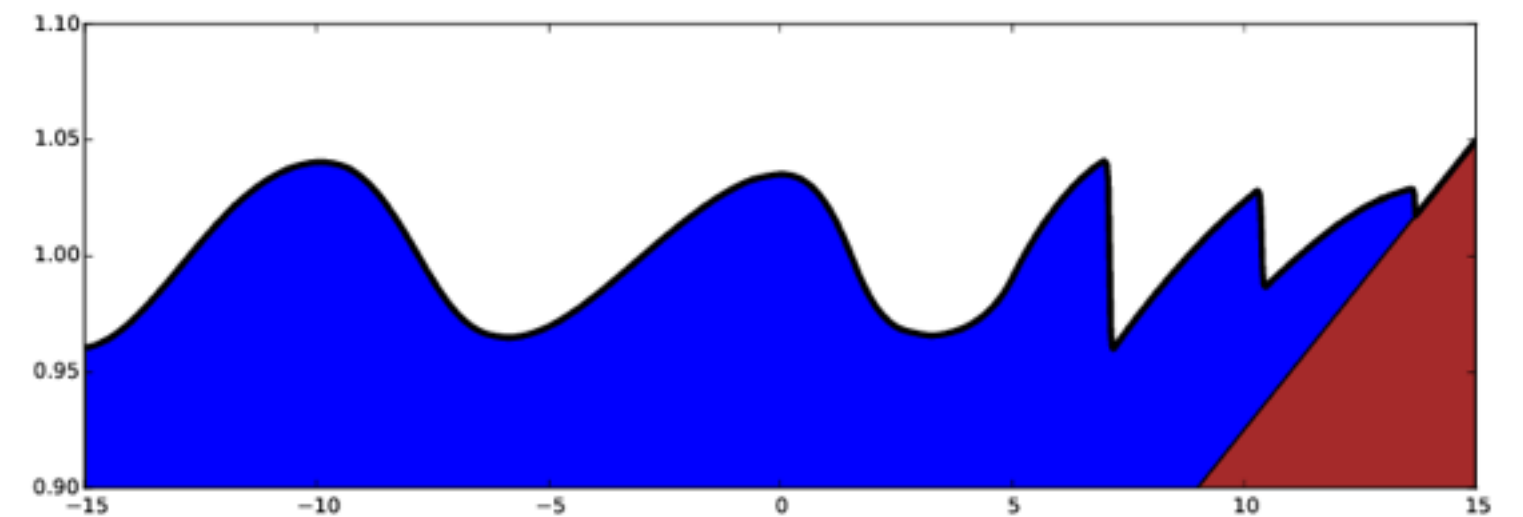
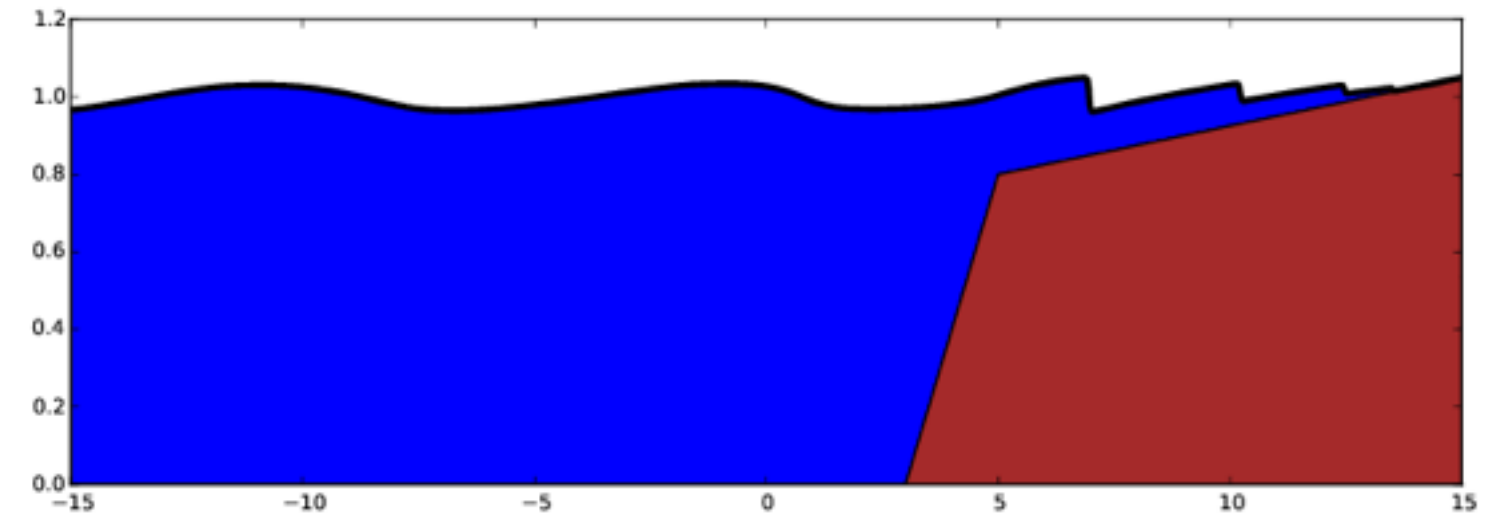
h: depth

u, v: velocity

g: gravitational constant

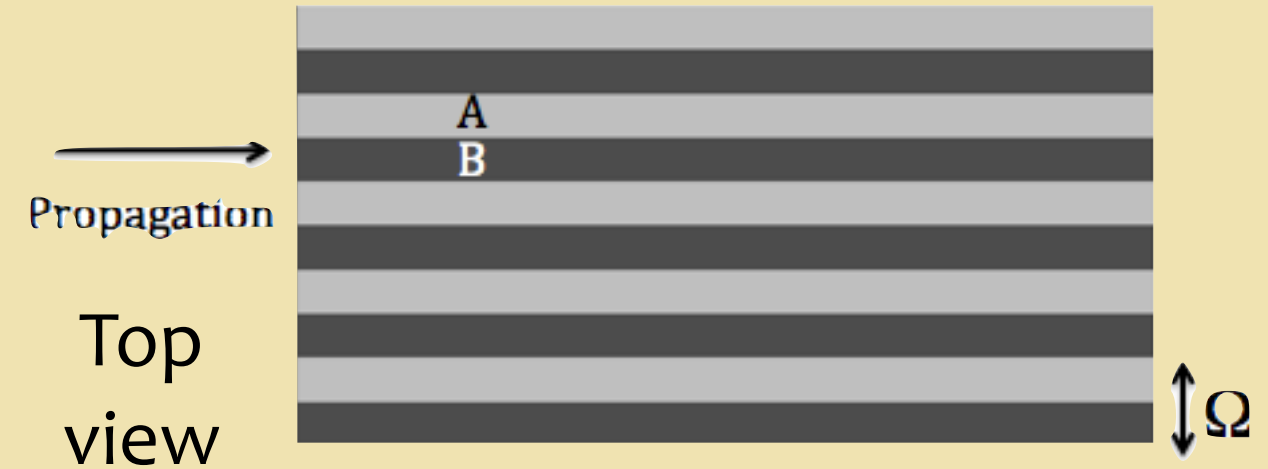
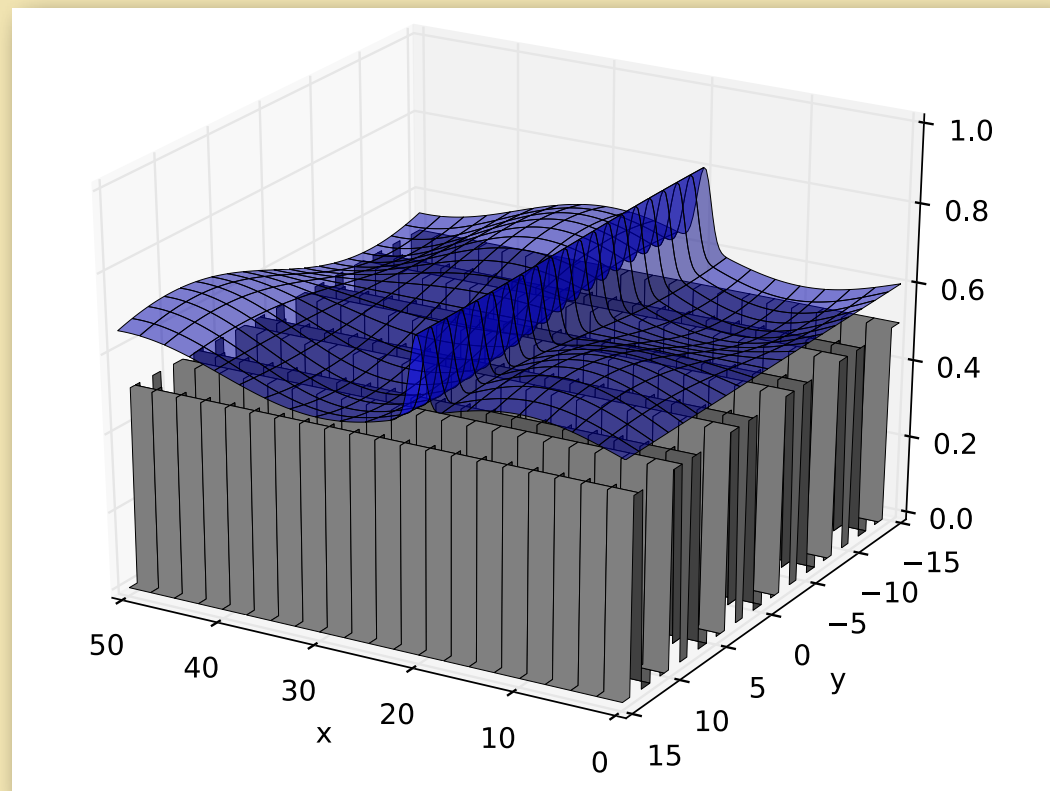
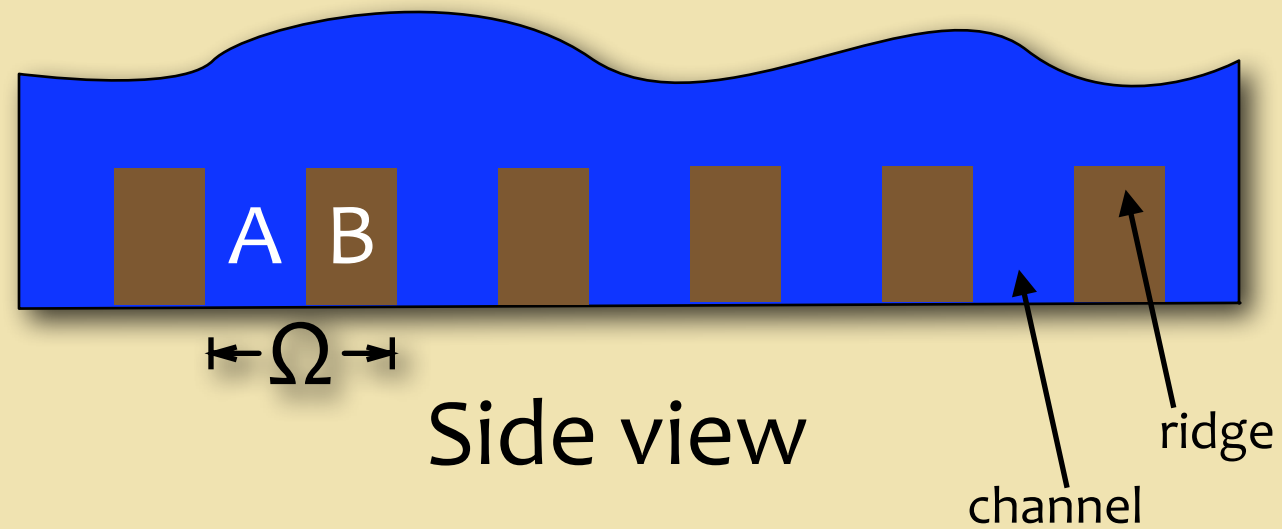
b: bottom elevation

characteristic velocity: $c = u \pm \sqrt{gh}$

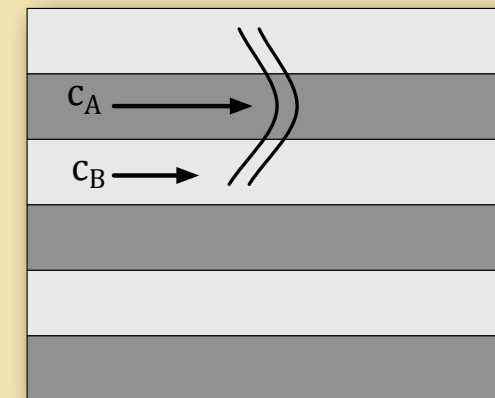


Shallow water waves propagate in a nonlinear way, leading to wave breaking

Shallow water waves over periodic bathymetry



$$c = u \pm \sqrt{gh}$$



Faster propagation over channels
Slower propagation over ridges

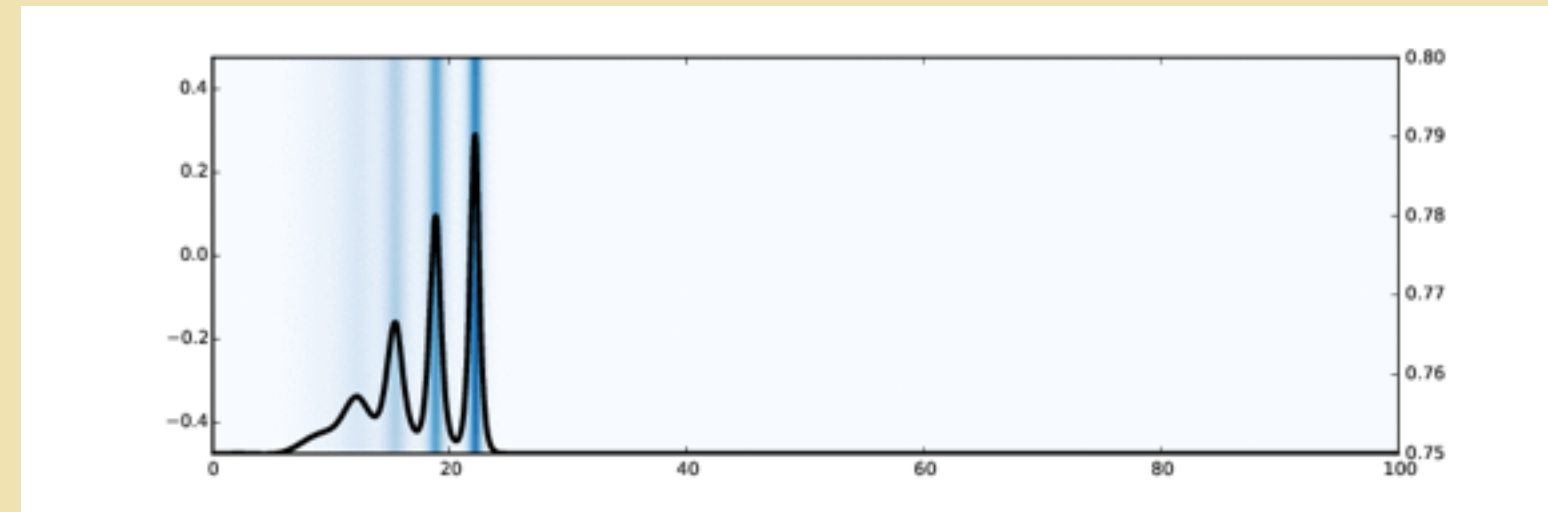
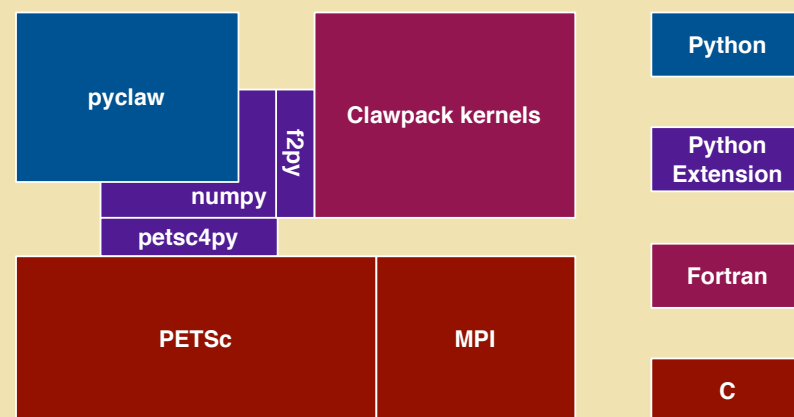
-> leads to diffractive dispersion

Shallow water “diffractons”

Numerical methods



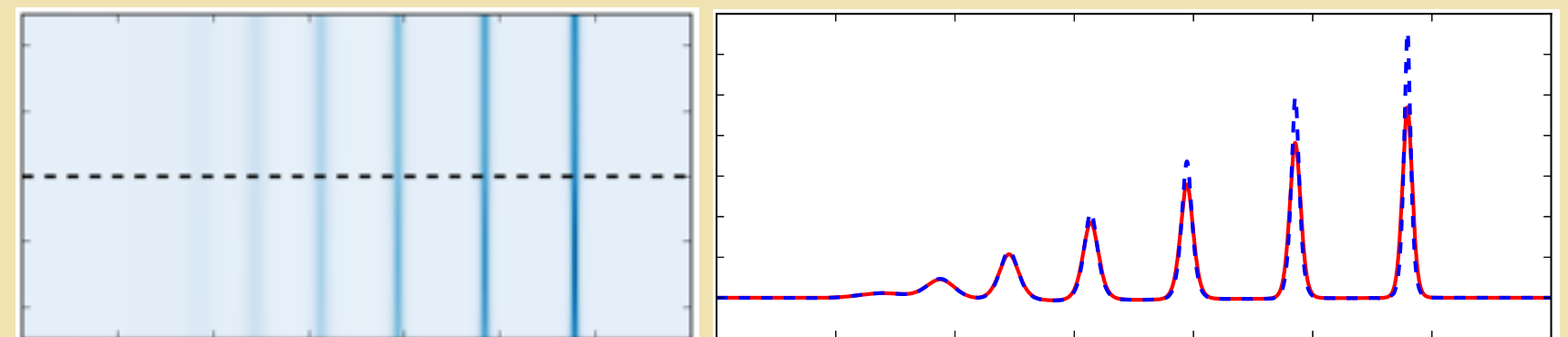
- Godunov-type finite volume methods
- Parallelism via PyClaw
- f-wave shallow water Riemann solver



- *Shading: wave height*
- *Black curve: trace of solution at fixed y-value*

Nonlinearity + effective dispersion => solitary waves
No wave breaking

Any initial pulse evolves into a train of solitary waves:



Try it yourself:

<http://nbviewer.jupyter.org/gist/ketch/9250942>



Main findings

- Both **reflection** and **diffraction** can create a **dispersive** effect in periodic media
- Strong reflection or diffraction can prevent shock formation and lead to **solitary wave** formation
- This is predicted to occur in a broad range of physical models, including nonlinear **elasticity**, shallow **water waves**, and compressible **fluid dynamics**

References

- Santosa & Symes, *SIAP* 1991
- LeVeque & Yong, *SIAP* 2003
- Ketcheson & LeVeque, *Comm. Math. Sci.* 2012
- Quezada de Luna & Ketcheson, *SIAP* 2014
- Ketcheson & Quezada de Luna, *MM&S* 2015

See
<http://davidketcheson.info/publications.html>
(click “nonlinear waves”)

