MAGNUSON-STEVENS ACT 1999-2006:

BUILDING A NATIONAL FRAMEWORK FOR SUCCESS

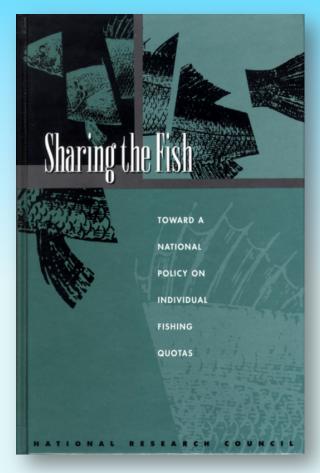
Bevan Symposium 2014 Margaret Spring Monterey Bay Aquarium

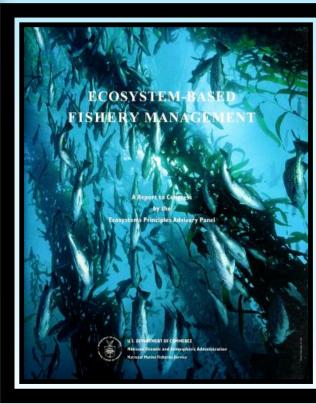
... A LONG ROAD TO THE 2006 AMENDMENTS

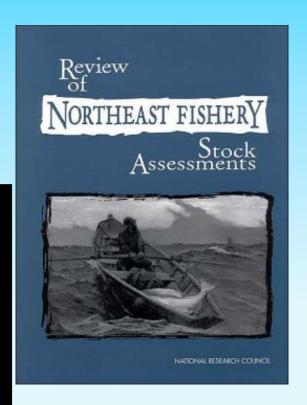


EARLY REFLECTIONS ON SFA	1999-2001 (PHASE 1)
Time & Resources Needed	• 3 years for SFA + AFA
	No funding package = litigation
Actual Performance Matters	 "Plans" to End O/F Not Effective
Northeast struggles	Bycatch and habitat – slow
Good models elsewhere	• North Pacific Progress on all 3
No Substitute for Responsible Management	 Boom & bust cycle disrupts communities and recovery
• "Disasters" vs	 GAO questions buyout effectiveness
Proactive Planning	 Co-management possible AK industry-funded loans and risk reduction coops

SFA-MANDATED REPORTS







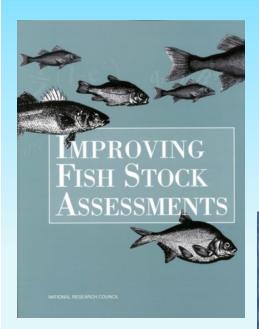
NRC, 1998 STUDY OF NORTHEAST FISHERY STOCK ASSESSMENTS

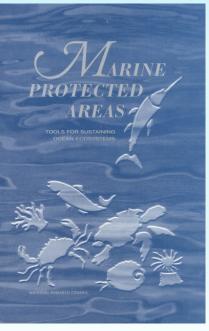
"The committee finds no scientific basis to support assertions that the regulations imposed by Amendment 7 are too severe from a biological perspective. the regulations in Amendments 5-7 might have been avoided if fishing mortality in the New England groundfisheries had been effectively controlled from the mid-1980s."

Authors: Quinn, Anderson, Getz, Hilborn, Jones, Maguire, Parma, Schweder, Stefansson

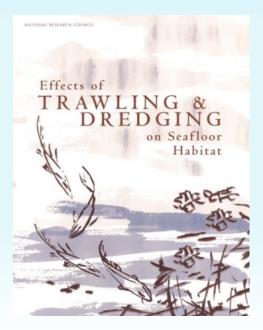
MAJOR INFLUENCES	Phase 2: 2002-2006
Expert Commissions and Reports	 NAPA, NRC, Other Panels USCOP, & Pew Ocean Commission MONF 1 and 2
Leadership	Congress and Agency ExpertiseDrive to "Complete" SFAInternational Threats
Regional Challenges/ Solutions	 Overfishing and Crisis Management Council Discretion, Representation Effort Control vs - IFQs, Sectors, "PQ" Buyouts and Capacity Reduction Recreational Sector Growth
Litigation/Court Decisions	 Rebuilding (>50% rule) New England "Court Management" Essential Fish Habitat decisions NEPA process ESA & international fleets (turtles)

EXPERT REPORTS ON TOPICS OF INTEREST TO NOAA AND CONGRESS







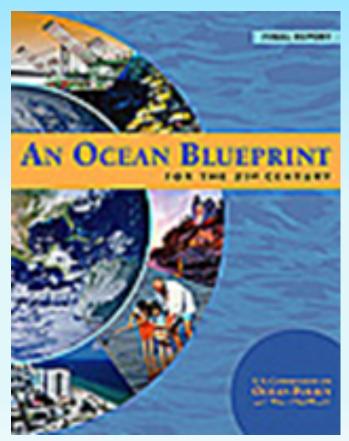


2004 U.S. COMMISSION ON OCEAN POLICY AND 2003 PEW OCEANS COMMISSION

- Move toward ecosystem based management
- Expand use of dedicated access privileges
- ➤ More **public** representation;
- Decreaseovercapitalization
- Permanent Funding

- Strengthen role of science in management
- Address bycatch and gear technology
- Protect essential fish habitat
- >Improve enforcement
- Improve International compliance

TESTIMONY BEFORE THE SENATE COMMERCE COMMITTEE, 2003



Commissioner Paul Kelly

.."regional flexibility, while a great strength of the law, also had a downside as some Councils set unsustainable harvest levels, leading to the collapse or near-collapse of several important fisheries.

Fundamental weaknesses in Council management processes have led to overexploited stocks and ecosystem degradation in some regions.

However, the management practices in other regions, particularly the North Pacific, protected fisheries from overexploitation and served as a model for many of the Commission's fisheries recommendations."

SUCCESS FACTORS

- · Leaders Agree "We Have a Problem"
 - Overfishing Must End and Stocks Must Rebuild
- Bipartisan Leadership & Experience
 - -Congress, Commissions, Agency
 - Bridged Major Turnover/Change Points
- White House & Congress Aligned on Goals
 - -A "time out" with help for implementation
- Successful Models Showed Possibilities
 - New National Approach

A NATIONAL BLUEPRINT COMES TOGETHER -- WEST COAST ELEMENTS

- ✓ Councils Adhere to Science Advice
- ✓ Enforceable Target & Bycatch TACs
- √ Full Catch Accounting (Observers, Etc.)
- ✓ Cooperatives Share and Manage Risk
- √ Regional Bycatch Plans; Gear Innovation
- ✓ Cooperative and Industry-funded research
- √ Fight IUU and International Bycatch
- ✓ Industry funded Buybacks

Unanimous Consent to:

- Science-Based Decisions
- Annual Catch Limits (ACLs)
- Criteria for IFQs, Coops, and Communities
- Recreational Registry
- Process Reforms
- Regional Bycatch Program
- Habitat Restoration
- Economic Impact Rigor
- International Compliance
- MSA Fund



- Final Passage December 2006
- Signed and Transmitted to the White House January 2007





Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act

As Amended Through January 12, 2007



U.S. Department of Commerce Carlos M. Gutiérrez, Secretary

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Vice Admiral Conrad C. Lautenbacher, Jr., USN (Ret.) Under Secretary for Oceans and Atmosphere

National Marine Fisheries Service William T. Hogarth, Assistant Administrator for Fisheries

What is the MSA's importance in the global seafood industry?

REFLECTION FROM SENATOR STEVENS 2007

"We have to find some way to have these concepts applied to the high seas, especially illegal, unreported and unregulated activities.... The future of the fishing capabilities of every nation depends on finding some way to not abuse the fisheries on the high seas"

