

Department of Economics • Economic Policy Research Center

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Determinants of Washington's 21st Century Workforce and Economy

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Today's Topic

How has the structure of the economy changed in the 21st Century?

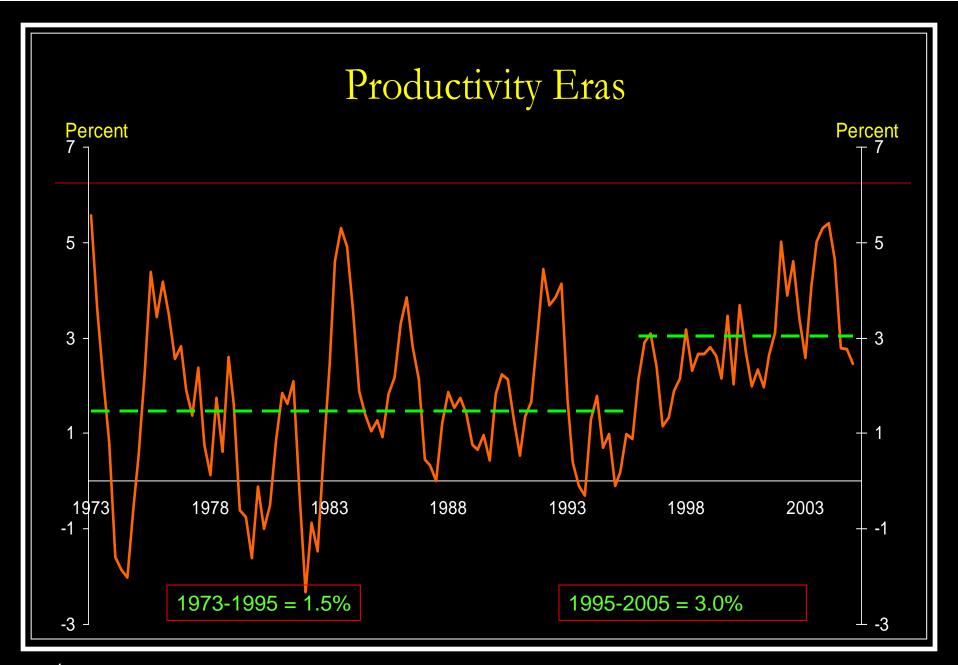
- How do structural changes impact the workforce and education (supply and demand)
 - Higher Education
 - K 12

What's different in the 21st Century?

- "New Economy" What is it?
 - Information technology (IT)
 - Globalization
 - Deregulation
- "New Economy" How do we measure it?
 - Accelerated Productivity Growth (output/hour worked)
 - → Productivity determines our standard of living!



You can expect wages to rise AT MOST by the rate of productivity growth



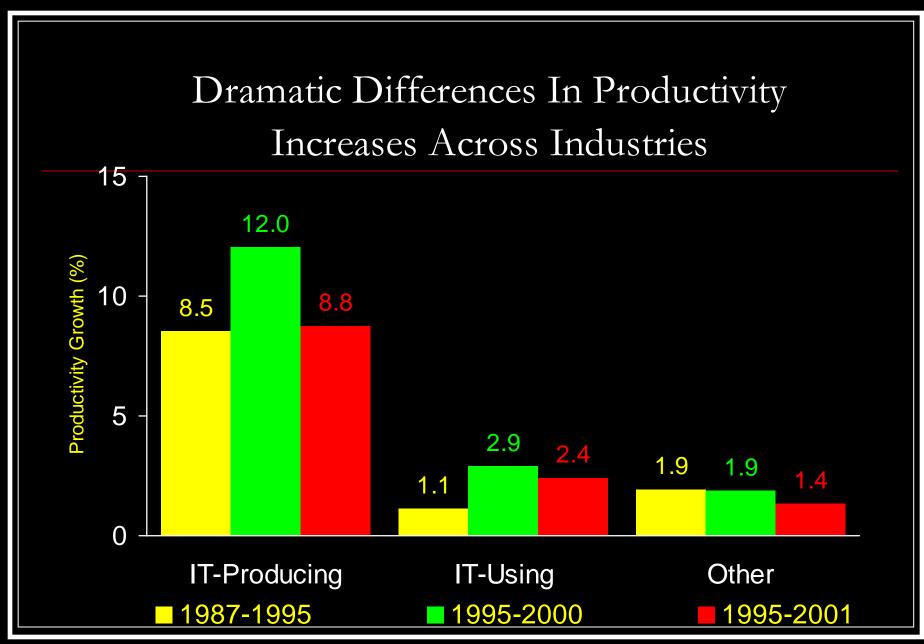
4-qua Dotted line represents averages for 1947:Q4-1973:Q4. 1973:Q4-1995:Q4 and 1995:Q4-2005:Q1. BLS (6/3/05).

What Caused Productivity Increases?

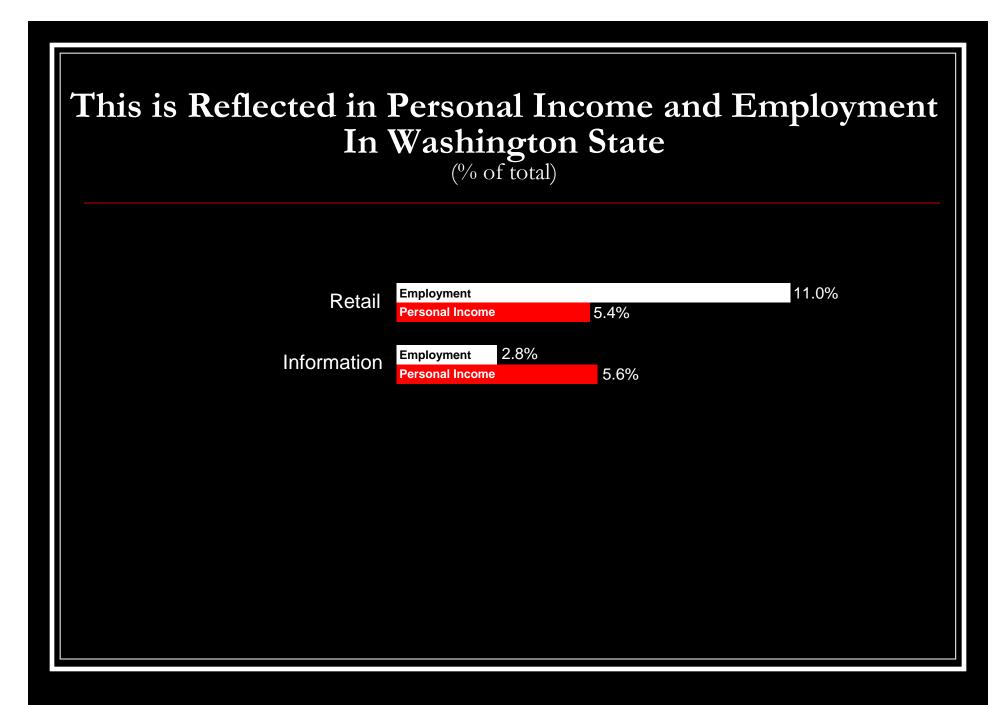
Case Study: US Economy After 1995

- Growth rate of the standard of living doubled!
- 50% of that *increase* was only due to IT!

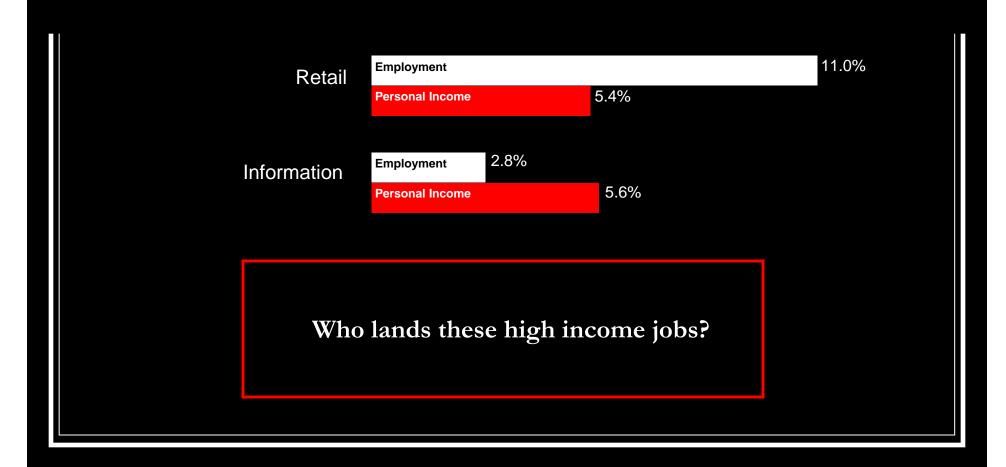
How can that be?

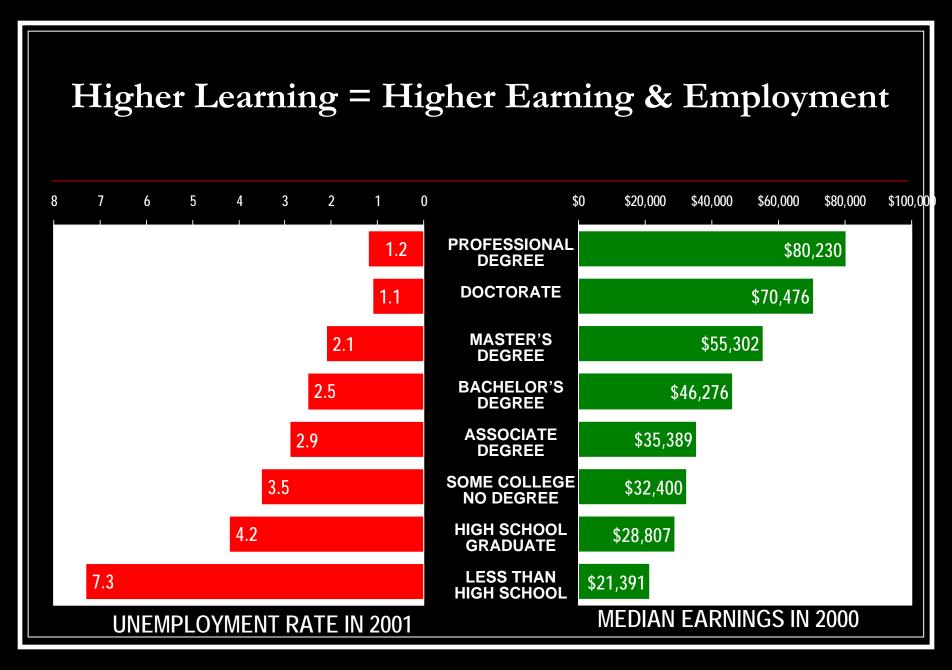


Average annual percentages. IT-using have 1995 IT capital shares above the median. Update of Stiroh (2002) based on GPO data released in November 2002.



This is Reflected in Personal Income and Employment In Washington State





How Did IT Create 50% of the Increase in US Standard of Living?

Three Cannels:

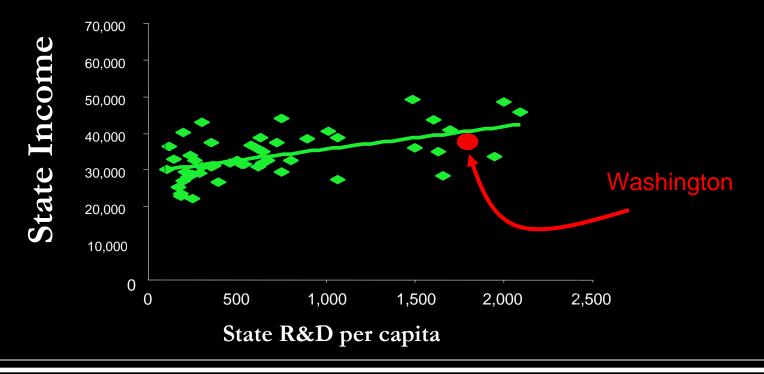
- Investments in IT sector generated high returns.
- Innovations in IT sector created higher productivity
- Spillovers from of IT productivity to other sectors
 - IT does not produce, but it makes production cheaper

Shaping The Structure Of The Economy: The Role of Government

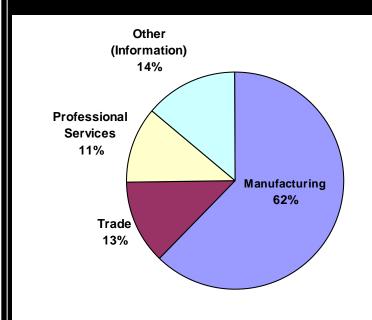
- R&D Incentives
- Leveraging Geographic Proximity
- Investing in Education

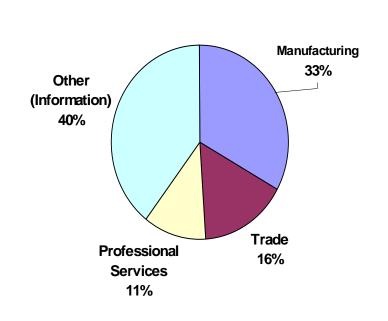
R&D

Every per capita state dollar for R&D is associated with a \$6.1 increase in State per capita income!



Composition of Industry R&D





United States

Washington State

USA

3 Largest States (Ca, TX, NY) % of US total

Land Area 12%

Population 25%

GDP 28%

Patents (% of total) 35%

	USA	CA
	3 Largest States (Ca, TX, NY) % of US total	3 Largest Metro Areas (SF, LA, SD) % of CA total
Land Area	12%	10%
Population	25%	51%
GDP	28%	67%
Patents (% of total)	35%	90%

	USA	CA	WA
	3 Largest States (Ca, TX, NY) % of US total	3 Largest Metro Areas (SF, LA, SD) % of CA total	Largest Metro Area (Seattle) % of WA total
Land Area	12%	10%	6%
Population	25%	51 %	40%
GDP	28%	67%	53%
Patents (% of total)	35%	90%	72%

	USA	CA	WA
	3 Largest States (Ca, TX, NY) % of US total	3 Largest Metro Areas (SF, LA, SD) % of CA total	Largest Metro Area (Seattle) % of WA total
Land Area	12%	10%	6%
Population	25%	51 %	40%
GDP	28%	67%	53%
Patents (% of total)	35%	90%	72%

What is the state's strategy to leverage a) proximity b) massive R&D windfall?

Who Is Using Washington R&D Dollars?

National Rank

S&E Post Doctorates (8th)

Doctoral Scientists (10th)

Doctoral Engineers (13th)

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National Rank

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■ S&E Graduate Students (43th)

■ BA Participation Rate (49th)

■ AA Participation Rate (2nd)

The State is a NET IMPORTER of Skilled Labor

On Importing Skills: Colorado Paradox

- Out of state recruitment is not a viable strategy
 - Recession made it more difficult to recruit outsiders
 - "Education Diversion"
 - (Higher Ed capacity bottlenecks negate K12 reforms)
 - → Employers rebel against low education investment

Strategies for Expanding WA BA Attainment & Capacity

- Its not Rocket Science:
 - Additional Community College/University transfers
 - Additional four year institutions
 - New "University Centers" at Community Colleges

Strategies for Expanding BA Attainment and Capacity

- Its not Rocket Science:
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 - New "University Centers" at Community Colleges
- What is Rocket Science:
 - how to manage the expansion efficiently
 - Which path provides the knowledge and education necessary
 - Which path provides greatest returns per state dollar
- WE NEED A BLUEPRINT FOR EXPANSION

Crucial Feeders:

Public Policy & K12 Quality

What do we know?

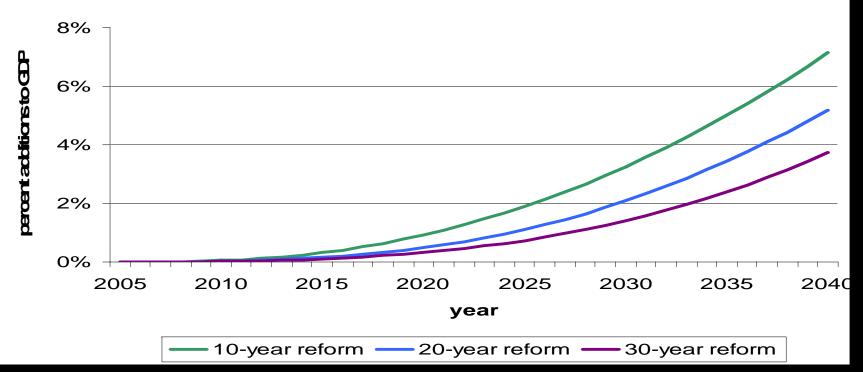
Education Cost Benefit

Returns from improved instruction are huge:

■ Increase student performance from 50th percentile to 68th percentile results in 12 **percent higher annual** earnings

Benefits are Staggering, Long Lasting, & Take Time





- → Upshot: Reform early, Reform Fast
- → Cost of Waiting is high and compounds!

Ineffectiveness of Resource Policies

- Common Approach: increase resources
 - Reduce class size
 - Increase salaries
 - Increase certification requirements for teachers
- Substantial evidence that these do not work
 - most recent study: 2 out of 18 countries would benefit from smaller class size (Greece and Iceland the ones with the lowest wages)

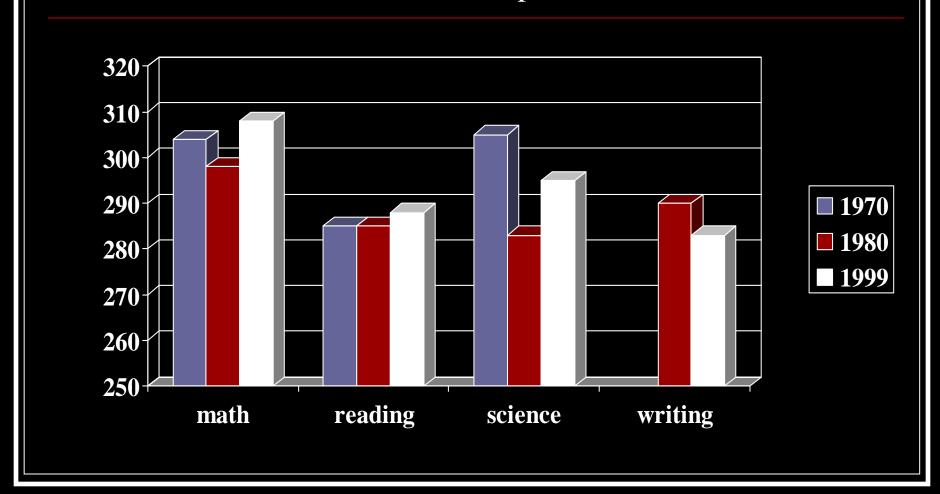
Public school resources, 1960-2000

	1960	1980	2000
Pupil-teacher ratio	25.8	18.7	17.3
Spending/pupil	\$2,235	\$5,124	\$7,591

Where has all the money gone? Not teachers' salaries! Has performance changed dramatically?



National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP)
"The Nation's Report Card"



(17 year olds)

Achievements

Trends in International Math and Science Study (TIMSS)

Average mathematics scale	scores of	fourth-grade students, by country: 2003
Country	Average sco	
+ Singapore	594	
+ Hong Kong	575	
+ Japan	565	
+ Taipei	564	
+ Belgium-Flemish	551	
+ Netherlands ²	540	Quality and Quantity
+ Latvia	536	additity and additity
+ Lithuania ³	534	Is the WA Curriculum up to date?
+ Russian Federation	532	io the vvi odificatam ap to date:
+ England ²	531	 Are WA students exposed to sufficient
+ Hungary	529	
 United States² 	518	Hours of science and math?
– Cyprus	510	
– Moldova	504	
- Italy	503	
− Australia²	499	

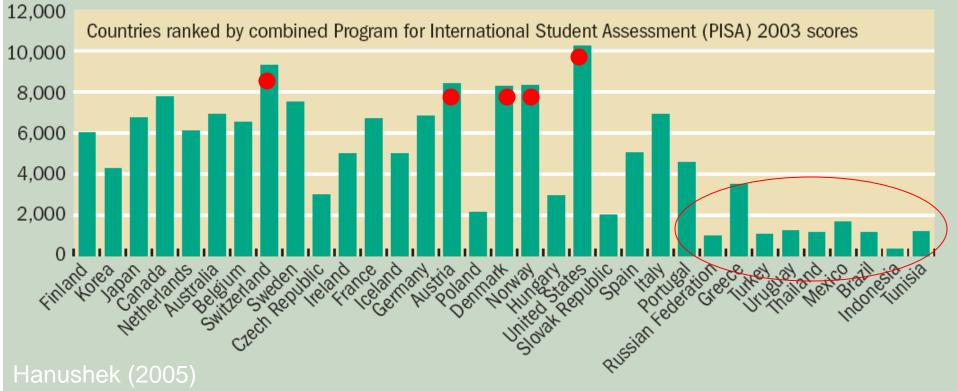
Basic Economic Principle:

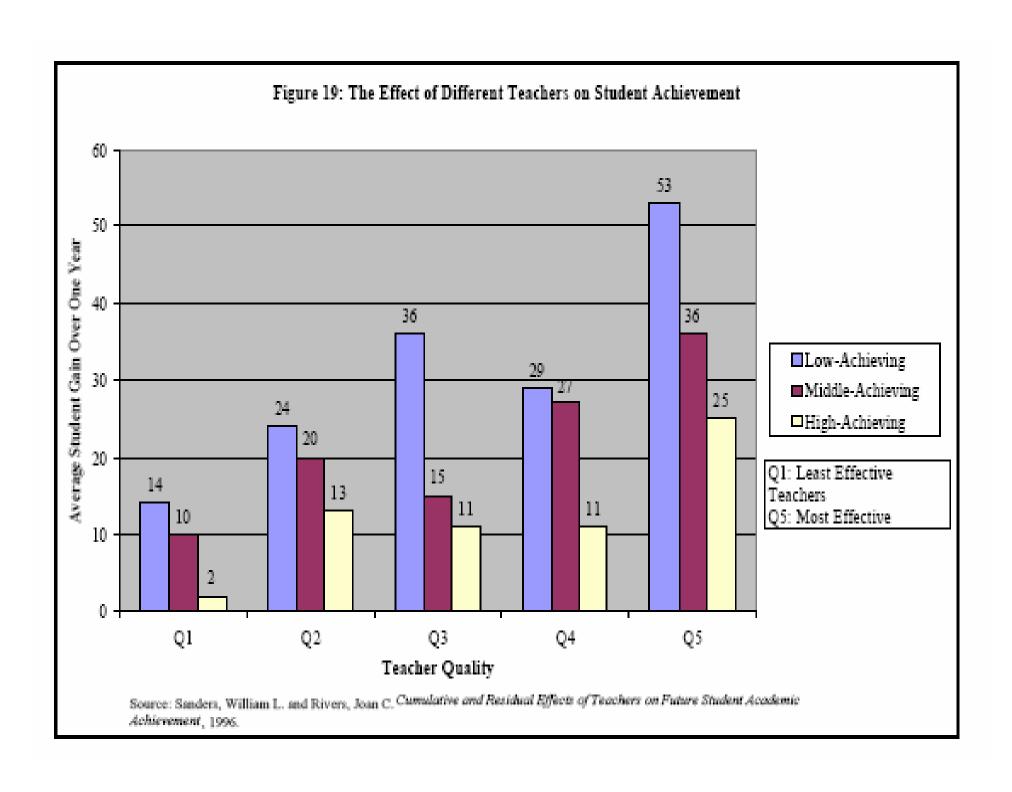
You cannot outspend your competition You must provide better inputs / technology

Quality and cost

Differences in student performance are not driven by national levels of school spending.

Spending per student (U.S. dollars)





High Tech High AZ, CA, PA

- "High Tech High" School
- High Tech Middle
- High Tech International
- Explorer Elementary
 - Max school size 450 students
 - <u>All</u> students are assigned personal advisors
 - <u>All</u> students engage in internships to apply what they learn to adult-world challenges.
 - Emphasis on project-based learning
 - Emphasis on 21st Century Skills
 - Student teacher ratio 25:1 to 20:1
 - Computer to Student Ratio 1:1 to 1.5 to 1 (WA: 20.1!)

Results:

- 100% of students enrolled in college
- 60% of those students are first generation!
- Student body is among the most ethnically diverse in the San Diego
- Results on state-mandated tests place High Tech High among the highest achieving high schools in CA

Applications To Washington State

- Creating Jobs, aim for high productivity jobs (if you can)
- The New Economy is here, leverage Geographic Proximity
- **Build on the State Lottery**: Don't squander 7 billion in local R&D;
 - attract industries that feed off such R&D
- **Provide EFFECTIVE education**
 - WA college graduates WILL INCREASE: Provide guidance!
 - High School Reforms WILL OCCUR: make them effective
 - Where is Washington's High Tech High?