BLM CLIMATE CHANGE ACTIVITIES

CESU ANNUAL MEETING PORTLAND, OREGON APRIL 29, 2009

THE BASIS FOR DOI AND BLM CLIMATE CHANGE ACTIVITES

- FY 2009 and 2010 Appropriation Acts and Conference Reports
- E.O. 13514 on Federal Leadership in Environmental, Energy, and Economic Performance (October 5, 2009)
- CEQ's Draft Framework for Coordination of Federal Land Management Agencies to Address Climate Change
- CEQ's Draft NEPA Guidance on Consideration of the Effects of Climate Change and Greenhouse Gas Emissions
- President's Memorandum on a Comprehensive Federal Strategy on Carbon Capture and Storage (February 3, 2010)
- Secretarial Order 3289 Addressing the Impacts of Climate Change on America's Water, Land, and Other Natural and Cultural Resources (September 14, 2009)
- DOI High Priority Performance Goals for FY 2010

In 2009, a climate change bill was passed in the U.S. House of Representatives (H.R. 2454); a similar bill was drafted in the U.S. Senate. These are lengthy bills addressing emissions reductions, carbon capture and sequestration, nuclear and other advanced technologies (including natural gas and coal), water use efficiency, recycling, renewable energy including biofuels, green jobs, worker transition assistance, and natural resource conservation and adaptation.

Sections 341-384 of the Senate draft include 90 pages addressing "Domestic Adaptation." If enacted into law, these sections (and similar sections in the House bill) would require much of the regional assessment, collaborative planning, science development and integration, and other adaptation-related work that is already underway within the BLM, DOI, CEQ, and other agencies.



SUMMARY OF DOI DIRECTIVES

• Analyze potential climate change impacts when undertaking long-range planning exercises, setting priorities for scientific research and investigations, developing multiyear management plans, and making major decisions regarding potential use of resources.

 Management responses to climate impacts must be coordinated on a landscape-level basis.

SUMMARY OF DOI DIRECTIVES

 Quantify the amount of carbon stored in our lands, identify areas where CO2 can be stored underground, and develop carbon sequestration methodologies for biological and geological carbon storage.

 Promote environmentally responsible energy development.

SUMMARY OF DOI DIRECTIVES

 Develop science-based adaptive management strategies and tools to address the impacts of climate change on our natural and cultural resources.

DOI/BLM Climate Change Strategy

TWO BASIC ELEMENTS

MITIGATION: ACTIONS TO MINIMIZE CLIMATE CHANGE

ADAPTATION: ACTIONS TO PREPARE FOR CLIMATE

CHANGE



MITIGATION

- Promoting renewable energy development
 - Solar, wind, geothermal, biomass
- Reducing our carbon footprint
 - Reducing agency GHG emissions
 - Reducing GHG emissions from authorized uses
- Carbon sequestration
 - Biological
 - Geological



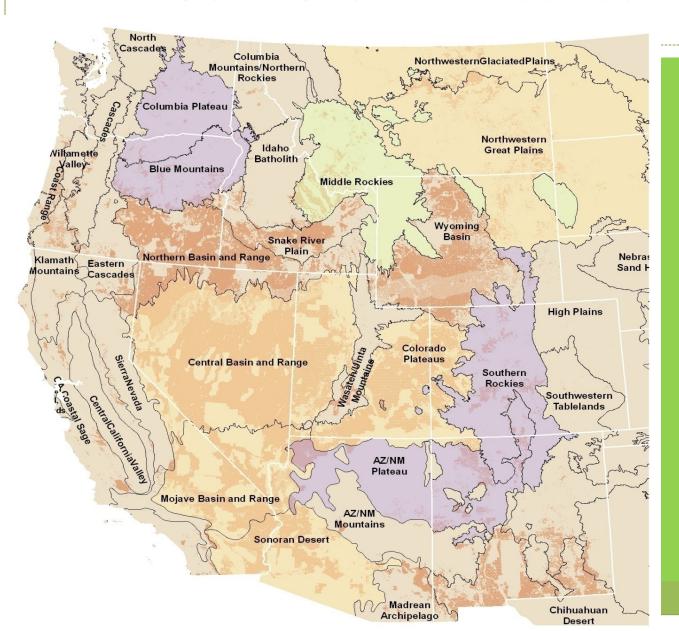
ADAPTATION

- Obtaining down-scaled climate projections
 - NOAA Regional Climate Science offices
- Modeling regional impacts to resources and users
 - DOI Regional Climate Science Centers
- Determining and implementing responsive changes
 - Each agency, organization, private landowner through nested, landscape-scale collaborations including Landscape Conservation Cooperatives (LCCs)
- Monitoring and adapting
 - CEQ is working with DOI, DOA, and DOD to foster a unified, multi-scale monitoring approach

ECOREGIONAL ASSESSMENTS

- BLM will conduct a series of ecoregional assessments beginning in FY 2010
- Driven in part by landscape-scale concerns about impacts to resources from renewable energy siting
- Designed to help address other landscape-scale concerns, including invasive species, altered fire regimes, and climate change

ECOREGIONAL ASSESSMENTS





BLM – Rapid Ecoregional Assessment

- Rapid/No New Data Collection
- GIS Based
- Interdisciplinary and Collaborative Multiple Agencies and Stakeholders
- Define and Refine Management Questions
- Identify Goals and Objectives at Ecoregional Scale

Rapid Ecoregional Assessment

- Resource Values (status, risk and trend)
 - Native fish, wildlife and plants of conservation concern
 - Aquatic resource values
 - Terrestrial resource values

Change Agents

- Wildland Fire
- Development (e.g., urban, industrial)
- Invasive, non-native species
- Climate Change
- Vulnerability Assessment

Rapid Ecoregional Assessments

- Proposed Process:
- Conduct rapid assessments
- Formulate eco-regional management strategies
- Conduct sub assessments as needed
- Develop conservation strategies
- Consider RMP Revisions/Amendments
- Implement conservation, restoration and adaptation actions
- Carry out inventories, research, monitoring and reporting

ECOREGIONAL STRATEGIES

- Assessments will lead to landscape-scale strategies for conservation, restoration, renewable energy siting, and other purposes
 - Northern Great Basin and Chihuahuan Desert are pilot areas for developing ecoregional management goals, objectives, and responsive actions
- Integrated, multi-agency, collaborative exercises
- Future landscape-scale strategies may be facilitated by LCCs, developed and implemented through nested collaborations

GREAT BASIN LCC

 BLM has initiated discussions to take the lead for the Great Basin LCC.

 Initial meetings in Boise, Salt Lake City and Reno in the next few weeks



Great Basin Landscape Conservation Cooperative Organizational Concept

USGS

Great Basin Research & Management Partnership Integration of research & management

Great Basin Cooperative Ecosystem Studies Unit

Provides research, technical assistance. & education

Great Basin Environmental Program

Integrate efforts of governmental agencies with NGOs & Private Sector

The Nature Conservancy

Sub –assessments & decision support tools

Federal Agencies
BLM, USFWS, USGS, FS, NRCS, BOR

CSC provides science for applicati

LCC provides regional science needs assessm ent

GB LCC

Climate Science Center

Coordinate and provide support to ongoing and new landscape scale efforts to leverage resources National LCC Network

Utah Partners for Conservation & Development

Coordinate & implement restoration projects

Nevada Partners for Conservation & Development

Coordinate & implement restoration projects

Eastern Nevada Landscape Coalition

Assess resources, implement & monitor projects

Great Basin Native Plant Selection & Increase Project Native plant development

Others

State Agencies



Oregon/Washington Climate Change Strategy

Vision:

Minimize and mitigate the impact of climate change on our resources and adapt our actions accordingly



Climate Change PartnershipsOregon/Washington BLM



Climate Science Center USGS



EPA







BLM

OR/WA Climate Change Strategies USGS





USFS

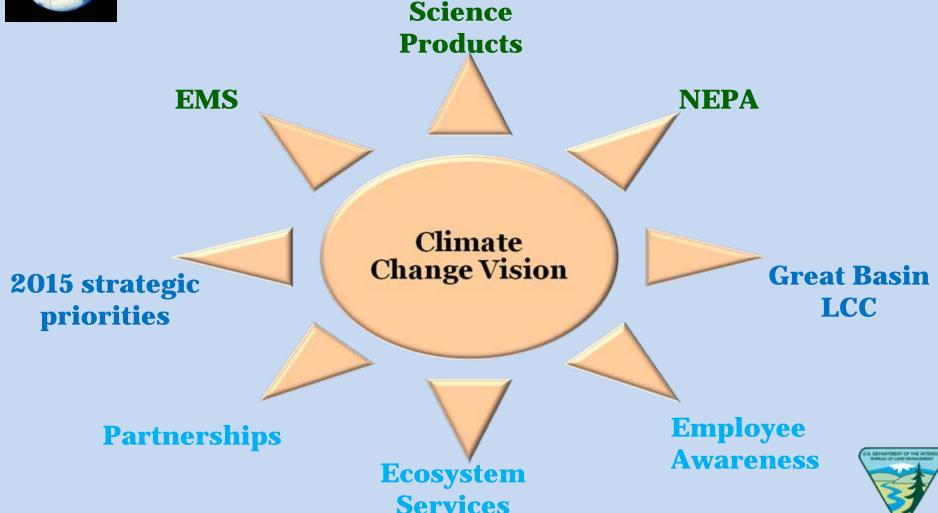
USFWS



State Agencies



Oregon/Washington BLM Climate Change Strategy 2010 work



Climate Change Strategy Oregon/Washington BLM



EMS/SUSTAINABLE OPERATIONS

Green Procurement, Hazardous Materials Management. Invasive Plant Management, Sustainable Operations Team

NEPA

- Provide NEPA guidance related to climate change, specifically on: Affected environment, "significance"
 - Quantification of climate change impacts associated with BLM actions in NEPA documents
 - Consideration of Programmatic EIS







Science Products

- #1 Climate Change Synthesis- will have bi-annual updates to remain relevant
- #2 Downscaling- Consideration of a downscale model that summarizes thousands of simulated models to provide statistically valid answers to key questions
- #3 GHG Model paradigm- Including partnership with OWEB and Ecotrust for GHG related projects on the Eastside



Climate Change Strategy Oregon/Washington BLM



EMPLOYEE AWARENESS

FY10 Goals

- Enhance climate change awareness within OR/WA BLM
- Develop a common understanding, use common terminology, increase employee awareness & education
- Provide guidance to Program managers to better assist the field with Climate Change information and analysis relevant to their area of expertise
- Ecosystem Services





BLM – Forest Service BUSINESS NEEDS ASSESSMENT

TERRESTRIAL PRIORITIES

- Synthesize climate change outputs for vegetation scale, new models
- Fill gap for Klamath Basin downscaling
- Develop bioclimatic envelopes for understory species, especially in rangelands
- Develop projections for changed fire regimes in all ecosystems
- Simulate new habitat distributions



BUSINESS NEEDS ASSESSMENT



AQUATIC/WATERSHED PRIORITIES

- Conduct a low flow risk assessments
- Determine groundwater effects on stream hydrographs
- Develop and apply stream temperature models for current and future climates
- Simulate new habitat distribution for aquatic species



Climate Change Issues



- Defining the "Right" Management Questions
- Baseline
- Factors Influencing Groundwater
- Data Accessibility
- Decision Support Models
- Integration Within and Across Agencies and Other Stakeholders (Buy In)





THANK YOU

Karen Blakney Research Liaison

Oregon/Washington BLM State Office KBlakney@BLM.GOV (503) 808-6509

