

	The A Paper	The B Paper	The C Paper	The D Paper	The F Paper
Ideas	Excels in responding to assignment. Interesting, demonstrates sophistication of thought. Central idea/thesis is clearly communicated, and is worth developing but limited enough to be manageable. Paper recognizes some complexity of its thesis: may acknowledge contradictions, qualifications, or limits of claims and follow out to their logical conclusions. Understands and critically evaluates its sources, while appropriately limiting and defining terms.	A solid paper, responding appropriately to assignment. Clearly states a thesis/central idea, but may have minor lapses in development. Begins to acknowledge the complexity of central idea and the possibility of other points of view, but may fail to develop these insights. Shows careful reading of sources, but may not evaluate them critically. Attempts to define terms, not always successfully.	Adequate but weaker and less effective, possibly responding less well to assignment. Presents central idea in general terms, often depending on platitudes or clichés. Usually does not acknowledge other views or counterarguments. Demonstrates basic comprehension of sources, perhaps with lapses in understanding. If it defines terms, it may depend on dictionary definitions.	Does not have a clear central idea or does not respond appropriately to the assignment. Thesis may be too vague or obvious to be developed effectively. Paper may misunderstand sources.	Does not respond to the assignment, lacks a thesis or central idea, and may neglect to use sources where necessary.
Organization & Coherence	Uses a logical structure that is appropriate to paper's subject, purpose, audience, thesis, and disciplinary field. Employs sophisticated transitional sentences which often develop one idea from the previous one or identify their logical relations. It clearly guides the reader through the chain of reasoning or progression of ideas.	Shows a logical progression of ideas and uses fairly sophisticated transitional devices; e.g., may move from least to more important idea. Some logical links may be faulty, but each paragraph clearly relates to paper's central idea.	May list ideas or arrange them randomly rather than using any evident logical structure. May use transitions, but they are likely to be sequential (first, second, third) rather than logic-based. While each paragraph may relate to central idea, logic is not always clear. Paragraphs have topic sentences but may be overly general, and arrangement of sentences within paragraphs may lack coherence.	May have random organization, lacking internal paragraph coherence and using few or inappropriate transitions. Paragraphs may lack topic sentences or main ideas, or may be too general or too specific to be effective. Paragraphs may not all relate to paper's thesis.	No appreciable organization; lacks transitions and coherence.
Support	Uses evidence appropriately and effectively, providing sufficient evidence and explanation to convince. Evaluates the strengths and weaknesses of evidence, and offers clear reasons for which evidence is strongest, and why this evidence is compelling. Provides clear citations and uses quotes well.	Begins to offer reasons to support its points, perhaps using varied kinds of evidence. Begins to interpret the evidence and explain connections between evidence and main ideas. Its examples bear some relevance. More implied as compared to an A Paper's explicitness. Usually provides adequate citations and good use of quotations.	Often uses generalizations to support its points. May use examples, but they may be obvious or not relevant. Often depends on unsupported opinion or personal experience, or assumes that evidence speaks for itself and needs no application to the point being discussed. Often has lapses in logic, and incomplete citations with poorly used or explained quotations.	Depends on clichés or overgeneralizations for support, or offers little evidence of any kind. May rely on personal narrative rather than evidence-based argument, or summary rather than analysis. Often fails to include appropriate citations: quotes are either absent or overly-long.	Uses irrelevant details or lacks supporting evidence entirely. May be unduly brief. Usually fails to include appropriate citations.
Style	Chooses words for their precise meaning and uses an appropriate level of specificity. Sentence style fits paper's audience and purpose. Sentences are varied, yet clearly structured and carefully focused.	Generally uses words accurately and effectively, but may sometimes be too general. Sentences generally clear, well-structured, and focused, though some may be awkward or ineffective.	Uses relatively vague and general words, may use some inappropriate language. Sentence structure is generally correct, but sentences may be wordy, unfocused, repetitive, or confusing.	May be too vague and abstract, or very personal and specific. Usually contains several awkward or ungrammatical sentences; sentence structure is simple or monotonous.	Usually contains many awkward sentences, misuses words, employs inappropriate language.
Mechanics	Almost entirely free of spelling, punctuation, and grammatical errors.	May contain a few errors, which are obvious to the reader but do not impede understanding.	Usually contains several mechanical errors, which may temporarily confuse the reader but not impede the overall understanding.	Usually contains either many mechanical errors or a few important errors that prevent the reader from understanding and impede her ability to see connections between thoughts.	Usually contains so many mechanical errors that it is impossible for the reader to follow the thinking from sentence to sentence.

(Based on a rubric used by the UC Davis English Department Composition Program, located online at www.winona.edu/AIR/documents/termpaper.pdf)