## SAHAPTIN INDIAN LANGUAGE 106/109 Virginia Beavert, Instructor-Developer\ Heritage College, Toppenish, WA 98948

## 11-5-98

## **KINSHIP TERMS**

Key to kinship reltionship abreviations used in the Yakima Language Dictionary.

Mo=mother
Fa=father
Br=brother
Si=sister
So=son
Da=daughter
Ch=child

Mn=man Wo=woman Ol=older Yo=younger Hu=husband Wi=wife Pa=parent Mat=maternal Pat=paternal

Example: MnBrCh=man's brother's child WoBroSo=woman's brother's son MnYoBr=man' hounger brother

When a child is talking about his immediate family members, he will say:

1. Na' <del>il</del> as iwaniksha	My mom's name is
1a. Nap <del>l</del> kw'ipa ikukutta tawnpa.	Fuesday she will work in town.
2. Natutas iwaniksha	My dad's name is
2a. Pa <u>x</u> ałkw'ipa itu <u>x</u> shata Waptuknik.	Friday he'll return from Wapato.
3. Nami <u>x</u> as iwa kaatnam.	My ( <i>Pat</i> ) uncle is tall.
3a. I'iya <u>x</u> na ta <u>k</u> maal Pinaplkw'ipa.	He found his hat on Thursday.
4. Nakakas iwa k'puuł. 4a. Inp'iwi <u>x</u> a nch'i wanapa Mita'lkwipa.	My ( <i>Mat</i> ) uncle is short. He fishes at the Columbia river on Wednesday.
5. Napisas iwaniksha M 5a. Tamats'aaktpa iwina <u>x</u> a kaatnamkan.	
6. Na <u>x</u> axas iwa shi <u>x</u> kuukila.	My ( <i>Mat</i> ) aunt is a good cook.
<b>6a.</b> Pachwaywitpa ikuuki <u>x</u> a pya <u>x</u> i	On Sunday she cooks bitter roots.

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7. Nayayas iwa shp'awi <del>l</del> a.	My ( <i>older)</i> brother is a ball player.
7a. Sapalwitpa ishp'awi <u>x</u> a.	He plays ball on Saturday.
8. Nananas iwa sh <del>i</del> mnati <del>l</del> a.	My ( <i>older</i> ) sister is a swimmer.
8a. Wiyat-kan iwiyanin <u>x</u> a winaniityaw	v. She travels far (away) to swim.
9. Napusasnmi awa plash tutanik.	My ( <i>Pat</i> ) grandfather has white hair.
9a. Itkw'anati <u>x</u> a tuk'ashki.	He walks with a cane.
10. Na'alas iwa k'puu <del>l</del> .	My ( <i>Pat</i> ) grandmother is short.
10a. Kkk'aywa awa taatpas.	She has short dresses.
11. Natilas iwacha twati. My (A	<i>Mat</i> ) grandfather was a medicine man.
11a. Chawk'a tuman pawa twatima.	No more people are medicine men.

12. Nakałas iwacha waashani. My (*Mat*) grandmother was *LH* religious. 12a. Iwalptayk<u>x</u>ana miima walptaykt. She sang the old *LH* religious songs.

## Vocabulary

shp'aw ball	
shp'aw-ila ball player	
shimnati- swim (activity: swimming in water using limbs to prop	el)
winanii- swim (to swim or bathe in water)	
tkw'anati- walk	
tuk'ash walking cane	
k'puul short (measurement of stature) (adjective)	
k'aywa short (measurement in length) (adjective)	
twati native medicine man/woman	
chawk'a none, no more (not any)	
chawk'a tuman no more people / nobody	
waasha- dance (modern, traditional/ or ceremonial dance)	
waashani member of a traditional religion who dance.(noun)	
walptayk- sing (modern, traditional (verb stem))	
walptayk <u>x</u> ana used to sing (past tense, habitual)	
walptaykt song (noun)	

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