

SAHAPTIN INDIAN LANGUAGE 201
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1-5-001

INTERROGATIVE SENTENCES
Who, (Whom), What, and Where Questions

PRONOUNS

<i>Singular</i>	<i>Dual</i>	<i>Plural</i>	
Chaw shin	Chaw túwin chaw shíyin	Chaw túman	nothing (animate), nobody
Chaw tun			nothing (inanimate)
Shin	Shíyin	Shíman	who
Shiin	Shíiyin (obj)	Shíiman (obj)	whom (objective)

VERBS

Pxwi-	(to) think	Pxwí-sha is thinking
Íhananuyk-	(to) bother	Íhananuyksha is bothering
Nuu-	(to)say (something)	Inúu is saying
Tkw'anáti-	(to) walk	tkw'anátisha is walking

OTHER EXPRESSIONS

Chaw mînán	nowhere , adv., in, at
Chaw miin	no where (direction)

PRE-AUXILIARY QUESTION WORDS

The following sentences are examples of who (whom), what, and where questions in Sahaptin.

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|--|---|
| 1. Mish i-núu Chaan?
Mish i-núu-cha Chaan? | What is John saying?
What was John saying? |
| 2. Mish i-mí-sha Chaan?
Mish i-mí-shana Chaan? | What is John doing?
What was John doing? |
| 3. Shin i-'íhananuyk-sha miyálas-nan?
Shin i'íhananuykshana miyálasnan? | Who is bothering the baby?
Who was bothering the baby? |
| 4. Mînán natílas i-tkw'anátisha?
Mînán natílas i-tkw'anátishana? | Where is my grandfather walking?
Where was my grandfather walking? |
| 5. Miin nakálas i-wínasha?
Miin nakálas i-wínashana? | Where is my grandmother going?
Where was my grandmother going? |

REVIEW ASSIGNMENT

Develop ten sentences using the singular, dual and plural pronouns and present, past, and future tense verbs. Do not use the same pronoun and verb in each sentence.

ii	ptiit 'damp'	tiiš 'stink bug'	tiin 'person'
i	latit 'flower'	ptis 'muskrat'	χtin 'diaper cloth'
uu	puut 'niece' (woman's brother's daughter)	ttuuš 'some'	tuun 'which'
u	?itút 'your father'	lamtús 'competitor'	tun 'what'
aa	taak 'meadow'	waláas 'gum'	?aan 'sun'
a	?ikák 'uncle' (voc.)	k'alás 'raccoon'	?am 'husband'
i	?itit 'tooth'	k'pis 'cold'	ptin 'brushy place'

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