CONTINUE VERBS: Sahaptin-Yakima expressions. 3/25/95

Linking verbs are very important because they are used often. The most-used linking verb is be. In English it is used the most. In Sahaptin it is also used frequently.

VERB BE in Sahaptin

PRESENT TENSE:

	Singular	Plural
1st person:	Wash nash	Wash natash
2nd person:	Wash nam	Wash pam
3rd person:	I-wa	Pa-wa
PAST TENSE:		
1st person:	Wacha-ash	Wacha-nam(tk)
2nd person:	Wacha-am	Wacharam
EXERCISE 11. Recognizing forms of BE. Fill-in blanks in Sahaptin.		
1.	cold yesterday. k'p	is watim.
2	all hungry. tl's	aa <u>x</u> w anawyi.
	any money.	
4	naughty boy. <u>K</u> w':	ishim aswan.
5	good friends. shi	<u>x</u> itway'in.
6	his only child. ilks	sa pinmink miyansah.
7. Miimi	skinny. Long t	ime ago <u>k</u> 'ayu.
8	fast runner. <u>k</u> a	a'aw way <u>x</u> tika.
9	fast runner too? ka	a'aw way <u>x</u> tila <u>x</u> i?
MANY LINKING VERBS ARE VERBS OF PERCEPTION: -PA SUFFIX		
1. I-SXIXSHA, K'INUPA., SHE/HE LOOKS ANGRY. 2. AYAYAT YIKTPA WALPTAYKT. SINGING SOUNDS BEAUTIFUL.		

- SHISHU TÍWATPA K'USÍK'USI. DOG SMELLS PUTRID. PIYAXI PTL'AK KA'ILAWITPA. BITTER ROOT TASTES BITTER.