November 1994 YAKIMA-SAHAPTIN LANGUAGE, HERITAGE COLLEGE Virginia Beavert

REVIEW:

1	. mash wa	you have/your/yours
2	2. atat'asha	Verb need to go to the bathroom/ or to go outside/outdoors.
3	3. shp'awitkan	Adverb, to the ballgame
4	 atat'asha, perhaps should this was misinterpreted b 	have been i'atat'asha y some.
5	o. pnuwat'asha	Verb want/ to go to sleep
ϵ	. winama	wina means go/winama means came.
7	7. papayuwisha	A verb meaning a condition of being sick/ill/unwell. payu- hurt/wi- condition. payuwi, a state of being.
6	3. nam	second person pronoun: you
9. mish signals a <u>question</u> at the beginning of a sentence or/ is a pronoun <u>WHAT</u> to inquire about the nature of a state of <u>being</u> .		
10). i'anawisha	i- pron. he/she/it: <u>anawi</u> - hunger/- <u>sha</u> , tense. " he/she is hungry"
1.1	. pnuwat'asha	nerane la nungiy
12	2. winasha	Sha/Is, 3rd singular of verb Be. wina- Go, is going.
13	3. misha	<pre>Sha:Verb Do (to bring to pass) "Doing"</pre>
14	. p <u>x</u> wip <u>x</u> wisha	Verb worry/ -sha: "worrying" "thinking".
15	5. pawa	<u>Pa-</u> plural, persons referred to. <u>Wa-</u> present plural verb <u>Be.</u>
16	. tukin _	Adverb, what, expressing cause.
17	. shi <u>x</u>	Adjective, good, a condition.
18	3. chilwit	Adjective, bad, evil, not well

behaved.