## INDIAN LANGUAGE CLASS

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Yesterday, we were discussing how you might put words together regarding the picture. When you look at a picture you see something is happening. This study is to help you to interpret what you see, and how your brain translates this to your eyes and hands so that you can write down the translations. This is very important. You must learn how to translate things you see with your eyes, and use your brain to put it into words.

The third-person, singular pronoun prefix is the (i-) before the verb. I-wayxti-sha. (-sha) tells you when it is happening. He/she is running.

When more than one person is doing something, we have learned that the prefix is (pa-) before the verb.

When you have a "transitive" sentence when another werb or adverb is receiving the action of the noun or pronoun, we have the suffix (-nan) after the noun or adverb. Right?

Let's look at the picture of the man and woman sitting down on a blanket. You know in (English) what they are doing. In Indian language they are: Ewinsh ku ayat pa-ayik-sha awshniksh-pa. The man and woman (they) are sitting on the blanket (spread out). The blanet is not receiving any action, but the man and woman are sitting "on" the blanket, so "-pa) tells you that. Try writing some sentences today.