Page 1.

SHAHAPTIN YAKIMA INDIAN LANGUAGE -I

Heritage College, Toppenish, WA 98948 Virginia Beavert, Developer-Instructor

FA96 VERB CONJUGATIONS:

	Miimish winana	Past tense of "to go"
<i>1</i> .	Wina-naash	I went
<i>2</i> .	Wina-naam	You went
<i>3</i> .	I-wina-na	He/she went
4.	Pa-wina-na	They went
<i>5</i> .	Wina-na-pam	You(folks) went
6.	Wina-na-tash	We all (plu. excl) went
7.	Wina-na-mtk	We all (incl.) went
	<u>Wina(ikuuk)</u>	Present tense of "to go"
<i>8</i> .	Wina-shaash	I am going
<i>9</i> .	Wina-shaam	You are going
<i>10</i> .	I-wina-sha	He/she is going
11.	Pa-wina-sha	They are going
<i>12</i> .	Wina-sha-pam	You (plural) are going
<i>13</i> .	Wina-sha-tash	We all (plural) are going
<i>14</i> .	Wina-sha-namtk	We all(plu. incl.))are going
	Wina-"ixwi"	Future tense of "to go"
<i>15</i> .	Wina-taash	I will go
<i>16</i> .	Wina-taam	You will go
<i>17</i> .	I-wina-ta	He/she will go
18.	Pa-wina-ta	They will go
<i>19</i> .	Wina-ta-pam	You all will go
<i>20</i> .	Wina-ta-tash	We (plural) will go
<i>21</i> .	Wina-ta-namtk	We all (incl)will go

NOTE:Recently, during my research. I found a notation by Dr. Melville Jacobs, University of Washington, state that the suffix -nan, natash is classified as <u>exclusive</u>, because it is talking about a special circle of people, not including others. The suffix - nam, namtk is classified as <u>inclusive</u> because <u>nam</u> means "you" which includes the "other person."

I have always stated that there are times when my definitions are not accurate until I research certain questionable words. This is one of them.