

iwipaišta waničt	naming ceremony (for several people)
palaxsiks	giving mourning clothes after a death [also, 'widow']
pášapatkw'aniuta	giving clean clothes at the end of mourning period
piňwaš	Indian-trading partner
pnáwaičat	trading on the women's side
čainačt	trading on the men's side
pnáwaičataš txánana	we traded on the women's side
čainačataš txánana	we traded on the men's side
tkw'anúuni [not on the tape]	what widowed person would be called when mourning period is over. A newly widowed person is called palaxsiks.
šimša	the custom of not using the name of a person who has died; if you <u>had</u> to use the name you would use <u>átwai</u> before it

TKIATAT: FOODS AND THEIR PREPARATION

Religious words for foods

(these words for food are always given in this order)

waikaanaš	fish
'winat	meat
xnít	roots
tmaanít	berries
čuuš	water

Berries

tmaanít	berry; small fruit, a general term
wisík	blackberry
xušli	blueberry
(i)lilmukw	blueberry, small pear-shaped

t̄n̄š	chokecherry
x̄n̄	currant
p̄nuš	gooseberry
w̄w̄nu	huckleberry
wiwl̄wiwl̄	very small huckleberry sort of berry
łk'auk'au	oregon grape, a blue berry like a chokecherry
n̄ik'uł	a red berry that grows low on ground on Mt.
	Hood
šaxat	raspberry
lúc'aluc'a wiw̄nu	salmon berry
ččaa	service berry
suspán	wild strawberry
lilmúk	blue berries that grow in meadows in mountains

Fish and foods made of it

n̄usux	salmon
xúlxul	small fish, trout
sm̄ai	suckers; Rocky Mountain whitefish
č'lái	dried salmon pounded
c'mcp	dried salmon in flakes or grains, mixed with čučai (see below)
čučai	insides of steelhead boiled down to make oil; used in č'lái and c'mcp
wałt'aki	filet of salmon
asw̄is	slices from side of Chinook salmon, dried. Can make four or five slices from one side.
łapłap	slices from side of steelhead; dried
siwi	salmon backbone
yaaxti	salmon eggs
tq'in	salmon milt

psa	salmon skin
waqalúps	salmon windpipe
<u>Roots</u>	
xnit	general word for roots
piaxi	bitter-root
wáq'amu	camas
sawítk	Indian carrot
xamsí	Indian celery
latítlatit	Indian celery, early variety in February
šánamui	wild onion
st'xws	a root looking like onion but not tasting like it
lúkwš	round root; plant has white flowers
xáus	round root; plant has yellow flowers
mánn	round root looking like lúkwš but rougher and sweeter; rare, a delicacy
nunás	a sweet-potato-like root
anipáš	Indian potatoes
aláis	flat cakes in various shapes made from ground mánn and lúkwš
lukwšmi	ground lúkwš (lúkwš tútni) made into biscuits
šíši lúkwš	stews of these roots ground up with salmon added for flavor
šíši xáus	stews of these roots ground up with salmon added for flavor
šíši sawitkmi	stews of these roots ground up with salmon added for flavor
twásali	dumplings

lakamíin	stew made with salmon, meat, gravy thickened with flour
twáixt	soup
apán	a kind of white mushroom
ksksá	common beige mushroom
šuxašúxa	wild tea
pt'išpt'iš	stems of wild celery before celery comes out

Other foods

lipúm	apple
ápls	apple
sapl	bread; flour
xmínxmin	canteloupe
lakalaat	carrot
likúuk	chicken
kúpi	coffee
st'xwswáakuł	corn
asm̄	eels
tamám	egg
nukwt	meat
c'i-limá	pastry
lipwáa	peas
wáptu	potatoes
suul	salt
súuli núsux	salted salmon
šantlú	squash; pumpkin
ic'ikáwas	sugar
šúuka	sugar
qwalqwaliá	turkey
aitalú	wheat

Cooking Methods

páxaapt	to bake
páxaapi	baked
wušanákwt	to bake in ashes
wušanákwi	baked in ashes
lamuláitt	to boil
lamuláiti	boiled
twašat	to boil
twašani	boiled, cooked
ilačxt	to fry
ilačxi	fried [ilačxi sapi 'fried bread']
tawat	to roast
tawani	roasted
tawani páipaspa	roasted on sticks
tútt	to grind with mortar and pestle
tútñi	ground
t'áluš	wood mortar
k'puž	stone mortar
pnái	pestle
lapwin	frying pan
palaiyíki sapi lapwinpa	bread baked in frying pan at side of fire
tamacáwas	roasting pan
támači sapi	bread baked in tamacáwas

THINGS THAT ARE MADE AND USEDBuildings, places to stay and things around them

wáutukaš	a camp
txnautitpamá	church [txnáuitit 'to preach']
niša	house
niit	house, building

káatnam or káatlam	longhouse
sapsikw'atpamá	school
skúlit	school
lisálisa	shed
lítliit	shed
ínat'itawas	smoke-house
xwiač	sweat-house
táuwn̤	store
c'xwili	tepee
twa	tepee pole
piyáxcamnit	big tepee
ámutaš	winter tepee, set into ground about two feet
šamp'ikpamá	wash-house
láwalaitáwas	chimney or smoke-hole
láwalaitas	chimney or smoke-hole
pčš	door; gate; opening
q'alaax	fence; corral
wałtxá	elevator
áutukš	roof
xá'ap	room
xá'apxa'ap	rooms
nč'utpamá	bed-room
pinaq'inutáwas	window; mirror

Clothing and related items

táatpas	dress; general word for clothes
sapákłkš	apron; breech-cloth
sámk'ukt	bag; hand bag
k'ptíimá sámk'ukt	bag, beaded
waláč'wič	belt

x ^{ux} s ^{ux} šli	belt or sash, long, woven [raised ^u means whispered vowel]
xtin	diaper
taatpas	dress
taatpas winšmí	shirt
šimx	buckskin dress
wiyaiti	decorated dress of buckskin or material
wiyaitáł	undecorated or plain dress
ti'piip	wing dress
mitičnipamá	under-dress for wing dress
kw'ipamá	petticoat that goes under mitičnipamá
žq'úm	gloves
tákmaał	hat or kerchief
čatí'muxš	hat or kerchief
patí'apá	basket hat
čawanknikš	headband
nyátš	leggings
sulátas	a kind of short leggings
wilyaki	man's leggings
t'ít'iił	blanket-cloth leggings
wlq'am	moccasins
lišaal	shawl
wapáwat	outfit
túqič	anklet; bells worn on ankles by men
šapwanainač	beaded arm band
'stiyas	bracelet
wápšaš	braids
nukwšai	fur worn on braids (otter)

wuxinš	blue shell discs worn on braids [note: the tape says white but is incorrect]; abalone shell
íciwas [not on the tape]	white shell discs worn on braids
sk̄tks	fringe
škiyakš	fringe
wápalikaatsat	head-dress
t̄lait̄ái	hoof-rattles
iwáiwiš	necklace of any kind
šápnčaš	paint used on face
sapxúlkas	ring
waptasmí twin paaxampamá	feather circle 'tail' worn on back of outfit (literally: of feathers tail for war-dancing)
q'pq'plí	shoes
(a)tamaumaníki	yoke or cape, beaded

Containers

Baskets

lúpui	cedar-bark basket
xpn	corn-husk bag, flat
sámk'ukt [not on the tape]	smaller corn-husk bag
wapasmíki sámk'ukt [not on tape]	round corn-husk bag
c'apxmí	Klickitat basket
ánpš	large basket for picking huckleberries, worn on back
wápas	small basket, worn at side
txšmí	willow basket

Other Containers

latuxtúxpamá	ash-tray
laputái	bottle

itít	bottom of any container
<u>tkwsái</u>	<u>bucket</u> (also, cup; see below)
č̄utatpamá	bucket for getting water
łpának	canvas bag
mc'uxlí	coffee-pot
tkwsái tkw'sai, (tkw'sai)	cup
twašatáwas or twašatpamá	pot
tautauli	tin-can

Household equipment

Blankets and mats

nč'utpamá	bedding
š̄atai	blanket
útpas	blanket
ławačaičlá	thin cotton blanket
wasm̄tacainmí útpas	buffalo robe
wasm̄tacai	buffalo hide
áušnitš	mat; spread; tablecloth; anything you spread out
łp'iqwn	quilt
pinasapak'ustikáwas	towel
sapak'ustikáwas	napkin; dish-towel
q'xli	tule mat

furniture and utensils

nč'ut'awas	bed
smáas	bed-roll
aicáwas	chair
walapaq'ičí	chair
tkwatatpamá paqw'aakáwas	fork
palctkáwas	fork (old word)

wak'nkáwas	lid for jar, can, bottle, etc.
xapiłmí	knife
tkwatatpamá xapiłmí	table-knife
pinaq'inutáwas	mirror (also window)
súxas	spoon
kukitpamá stóup* or kukitpamá	stove, for cooking
lac'mitpamá	stove for heating
tkwatatpamá	table (used for any table, not just one for eating)

Tools, implements and equipment

tł'aaxwtún nišapamá	general word for tools and equipment, especially used in the house
tł'aaxwtún kutkut'áwas amčnipamá	general word for tools and equipment used mostly outdoors
nč'i 'stí	awl (literally: big needle)
wacúqw <small>t</small>	axe
wacúqw <small>t</small> wacúqw <small>t</small>	hatchet
wat'amá	boat, trough
túkw'aš	cane, walking-stick
q'auk	canoe
kápn	digging-stick
száukas	flint knife or arrowhead
waq'ptpamá	hammer (also hámá)
xapiłmí	knife
watíkał	ladder

*stoup is clearly a borrowing of English stove; we have not had to write the vowel sound of English stove in any other Warm Springs word but have written it here as ou suggesting that it moves up in the mouth from o to u as the English sound does

tímaš	paper; also book, mail
timat'áwas	pen; pencil
saalit'áwas	scissors
winanpš	weapon
sapac'mkáwas	whet-stone; emery; file

Farming tools

čap'uikáwas	harrow
paqw'akáwas	pitch-fork
saqw'cáwas	plow
čaq'xit'áwas	rake
čaq'ukáwas	rake, machine-driven

Fishing equipment

ašúxni	dip-net
sunaás	dip-net pole
twalut'áwas	dip-net pole
twanú	dip-net ring of metal
wac'ilakas	fishing-pole
šapakaptani	gill-net for river use
wautanaš	scaffold for fishing
sapáxwluus	scaffold for fishing
áuxt	set-net
taixái	spear for fishing

Hunting equipment

twínpaš	rifle
tukš	trap

Riding equipment

sapacanpáwas	bridle
c'alakcit'áwas	halter
háaniš	harness

wáuc̄m̄naiyi	pack-saddle, modern
šapašapt̄pamá wasat'áwas	pack-saddle, old-time, made of elk-horn
čawatk'ukáwas	reins
wasat'áwas	saddle
yukwaasmi wasat'áwas	saddle with long horns
žaipamá	saddle-blanket
wust'aa	saddle-horn
wáust'aks	saddle-horn
tx̄mt'at'áwas	spurs

Tools and equipment for sewing, beadwork and other decorative work

(t̄l'axw autún wisxpamá)

nč'i 'sti	awl [big needle]
k'pt	bead
áxšaxš	dentalia
čalútimaš	design
tamanuutpamá	dye
wáptas	feather
q'uq'u	ink or paint made of colored clay
'sti	needle
k'púuł	pins, common
pxwia	plume
kwíkwi	porcupine quills
saalit'áwas	scissors
ámuš	shell
wapčiyaš	tanned hide
wask'alai	thimble
čawatł'wajkáwas	thread-wax [t̄l'wai 'stiff']
wáwas	twine

tł'wailí	canvas yard-goods [because it's stiff, i.e. 'tł'wai']
wisxawasmí	cotton yard-goods

Toys and game equipment

šp'au	ball
wat'atpamá	baseball bat
šp'awitpamá iq'úm	baseball mitt
sap'alux	doll
sapasiin	top that spins

NUMBERS

náxš	1
nápt	2
m̄taat	3
pinapt	4
páxat	5
ptxníñš	6
túskaski	7
paxat'máat	8
c'mst	9
pútmt	10
pútmt ku náxš	11
pútmt ku nápt	12
pútmt ku m̄taat	13
pútmt ku pínapt	14
pútmt ku páxat	15
pútmt ku ptxníñš	16
pútmt ku túskaski	17
pútmt ku paxat'máat	18
pútmt ku c'mst	19

náaptit	20
náaptit ku náxš	21
m̄taaptit	30
pinaaptit	40
páxaaptit	50
pt̄xniňšáaptit	60
tuskaskiyáaptit	70
paxat'máaptit	80
c'msáaptit	90
pútaaptit	100
nápam	twice
m̄tam	three times
pinapam	four times
páxam	five times
pt̄xniňš	six times
'wit ituxwnána	he shot his first deer
nápam ituxwnána	he shot his second deer
m̄tam ituxwnána	he shot his third deer
pinapam ituxwnána	he shot his fourth deer
páxam ituxwnána	he shot his fifth deer
pt̄xniňš ituxwnána	he shot his sixth deer
náxš wínš	one man
náxš k'úsi	one horse
nápu wínš	two men
nápt k'úsi	two horses
m̄tau miyánašma	three children
m̄taat (or m̄tau) k'usik'úsima	three dogs
pinapu tanámma	four people

páxnau miyánašma	five children
páxat (or páxnau) k'úsima	five horses
páxat núsux	five salmon
ptxníñš tanárrma	six people
ptxníñš núsux	six salmon
túskaski tanárrma	seven people
túskaski núsux	seven salmon

COLORS

luč'á (k'úsi)	bay (horse)
čmuk	black
lamt	blue
škw'iškw'i	brown
šiwiwšiwiw	chestnut
maxšpyát	green
pu'úx	grey; faded
šašwaakwí	greyish-brownish mixture (literally: like porcupine)
wálaswaakuł	pink
waq'ámuwaakuł	purple
luc'á	red
qaux	transparent
plaš	white
plas	white of shirt, towel, other small article
q'uix	white (of animals)
maxš	yellow; orange

THE WAY THINGS ARE: ADJECTIVESAppearance

amú'amu	pretty, beautiful
xa'áu	bright

qaaix	bright, daylight
małaa	clean
kiyaak	clear, clean
lau	cloudy
sc'aat	dark
ta'aaš	dim
čik'iit	dirty; messy
čaupx	dirty, sloppy
ptxqwí	dotted
papxw	dusty; gray; faded
łalxsim	dusty; full of dirt
papuxtłimá	dusty; powdery
lapuxi	faded
pu'ux	faded; grey
yápaši	greasy
luxlux	shiny
támtł'aki	spotted (of an animal)
xáali	striped (narrow)
wáqw'iqw'ini	striped (wide)
čailwit	ugly

General qualities

čailwit	bad (of behavior)
tšiyawáu	bad, <i>nasty</i>
naúnaq'i	completed
tamátł'mxwi	covered
tamatł'mxwáł	not covered
čmuni	definite; true
máalwaikut	different, in sense of strange, wrong

túnx	different
támnawataš	difficult; very hard to do
c'i'iix	easy
kkúksim	even; in a line
káakm	full, satisfied
msa	funny
šaax	genuine; real
niix	good
tq'ix	priceless; not to be sold or parted with
átau	priceless; not to be sold or parted with
watwáa	safe; saved; put away
mícp	scratchy; gooseflesh; scary
q'inupa	similar; looking like
tixaat	tame
tamawn̄	too much [not on the tape]
yikt	wild animals & similar people (S'íl k'is)
pášwini	valuable; valued

Location

xwaami	high
miti	low
náq'itxau	last; on the end
lak'isátxau	at the very edge; most extreme
wiyat	far
wiyatniin	too far

Personality and character traits, moods, temporary states

sxt	angry
tí'uya	ashamed, guilty
xyauxyau	astonished
skáu	brave

häuliš	brave; courageous; fearless
kkaanáí	busy
yalmilk	careless; any old way
tamłamai	careless; heedless; lacking planning
miyalaspaláki	childish; heedless; thoughtless
miyanašnút	childless
at'úkw	difficult in personality; inconsiderate
qw'sm	disobedient; heedless
qw'sim	disobedient <u>persistently</u>
haulapháulap	eager, willing, aggressive
xátwint	easy; agreeable
xatí'itxatí'it	empty-handed
šaax	fierce; vicious (but see also above -- 'genuine, real')
ča'aš	flirty; silly; clowning
xaalq'ukwt	frightened
káwilapat	frightened
tí'i'iiš	generous
až	generous
tixaat	gentle; tame
xaas	greedy
páči	grouchy
kwałáni	happy
tamłamai	heedless; lacking planning; <u>careless</u> <u>reckless</u>
miyalaspaláki	heedless; <u>childish</u> ; <u>thoughtless</u>
qw'sm	heedless; <u>disobedient</u>
tkw'iikw	honest; straight
nwik'a	honest; honestly
qa'au	industrious; fast

piñap k'wini	haughty	62
nukú	industrious	
wapsúxw	intelligent; smart	
šukwínš	intelligent; smart [note: šukwanáč 'unknowing']	
šánat or pašanaá	jealous	
niix	kind-hearted; good; nice	
šaláu	lazy no ambition	
hananúwi	lazy boring, annoying, troublesome	
íkkaap	dreading to do s.t. írkane "	
wuxqqátni	lazy tired	
patmnátwašat	lazy (an outright insult) ?	
tma'ái	loyal	
waiyawit	modest	
šiwaat	needy; poor	
'šnawái	never satisfied; complaining	
č'íč'l	pitiful	
iyáu	proud, (cocky)	
k'miix	sad; grieving; needy; pitiful	
p'iix	satisfied; glad; smiling; cheerful	
pášwini	sensible; serious; sober	
ki'iis	skillful; valued	
twacaxí	smiling	
aiyaiyáš	stingy; miserly	
wau'áiya	stupid	
hananúi	tricky	
šukwanáč	troublesome; mischievous; nosy	
ká'am	unknowing	
	unsatisfied	

Physical Condition and Characteristics

q'luṇi	bald
čiwátni	full (of food after eating)
aunám̕k	naked
ttáwaxt	growing; young
ttáwaxnaq'i	grown; full-grown
miimá	old
nč'iníin	too old; too big (as of a child too old to go to head-start)
xtu	strong
šaláwi	tired; ailing
ksks	young; little
ksksniin	too young; too little
qupáal	blunt
aiyámaiayam	bumpy; striped; ridged
šup'a	deflated (like a flat tire)
xyau	dry
ílaxyauwi	dried (of salmon, meat, eels, etc.)
ílac'iki	dried (of berries, over open fire)
pkwaas̕	dull, like knife needing sharpening
puqwal or puq'ál	with dull or broken point
wuq'atwúq'at	elastic; stretchy [not on the tape]
t'aiaa	flat
kk̕m	full
ta'ax	almost full
k'taat	hard
q'tt	hard, firm
atitliik	holey; full of holes; perforated
tqutquni	full of holes

ɬit'au	really, really full of holes; useless
aɬiix	full of holes
q'ulq'ul	muddy; oily [of water]
pnułni	mouldy
č̄nti	new; fresh
xápił	raw; unripe; green
át'iš	ripe; ready; cooked
pšwápšwa	rocky
lúq'um	rotted; decayed [of wood]
č̄aini	rotten; spoiled
šišúni	rotten; spoiled; bad-smelling
ɬqqu	rough
šapálaqw'šqw'si	scorched
šapálawačaki	scorched
sapálaq'ski	scorched [of eels, meat or anything roasting]
šapalatamauni	a little bit scorched or overcooked
m̄ccnt	scratchy
č̄m	sharp
xwiłxwił	slippery
luluu	smooth
yukw'aat	soft
tí'wái	stiff
q'ap	tight; secure
q'xni	torn
q'xq'xni	torn-up; worn-out (see also below, náamni)
wick	tough
lunał	unburnable
yuxyúx	wobbly

náamni

worn-out

Quantity Words

tɬ'aaxw	all
čau wiyat tɬ'aaxw	almost all [literally: 'not far (from) all]
anaxwɬ	every
nlaa	few; a little
m̥	how much
m̥iman	how many
čautún	none, no [as in no bread]
lísxam	just one
ttuuš	some [not on the tape]
wápnai	too much; too many
palalái	too much; too many

Size and shape

nč'i	big
nč'itxau	biggest
nč'iniin	too big
páiyu nč'i	very big
q'áli	crooked; bent
q'amúuš	curled up
čxau	fat
šapaqw'pi	folded (like a hem)
támqw'pi	folded
tu	heavy; slow
óniini	intertwined
ka'áau	light-weight
íks	little
čtkstxau	littlest

- txau
superlative

ks̄sniin	too little [see below: ks̄salala 'tiny; very little']
kaatnam	long
káatnamtxau	longest
kaatnamniin	too long
wutú kaatnam	too long
yukwiis	narrow
sapáwatkwili	rolled-up
c'iil	round
k'aiwá	short
k'aiwaniin	too short
q'áiyu	skinny
c'kwitc'kwít	square [c'kwit 'corner']
tkw'iikw	straight
awiix	thin
ks̄salala	tiny [see above: ks̄s 'little']
sapáwaq'nski	twisted
tí'ináu	wide

Speed and time

máicqi	early (also morning)
wat'iima	first (e.g. first child)
inxuš	first there
q'uml	late (of a person; just barely missed it)
qw'aaml	really late
ánaixau	last (in a race, or last to arrive)
wiyat'iš	long time [wiyat'išniin 'too long a time']
íwai	slow [íwai 'slowly']
qa'au	fast [also: lightweight]
ktú	fast

Taste, feel, smell and sound

p̄t̄k	bitter
p̄'isx	sour
c'i	sweet
nč'íki	loud
ččuu	quiet
qw'šqw'š	having a burning odor
šišú	having a rotten odor

Temperature and humidity

k'st	cold
k'ps	cold (of water)
k'asáwisa	cold (of a person)
ččaš	cool -- as of food that has been hot and has cooled
wuq'at	warm
c'mi	warm
láxwaixt	hot
m̄tiit	damp
yátl'pit	wet
xyau [not on tape at this point]	dry

Time words

<i>J. wan^aq</i>	<u>Days of the week</u>	
Wánaaq'it	Monday	<i>Wiyana</i>
Nápkw'i	Tuesday	
Mtaatikw'i	Wednesday	
Pínapíkw'i	Thursday	
Páxaikw'i	Friday	
Tamáč'akt	Saturday	
Pačwáiwit <i>day</i>	Sunday	

Seasons

árm	winter
wawáxam	spring
šátm	summer
tiyám	fall

Times of day

ixaixnáma	dawn
máicqi	morning
sitkumsáán	noon
c'ák'a sitkumsáanyau	fore-noon
sitkumsáanaq'it	afternoon
anáštikan	just before sunset
anášt	dusk
sc'at	night; darkness
papáču sc'at	midnight

íkw'i	day
pačwáiwit	week (also Sunday)
álxaix	month; moon
anvíčt	year
íi...kw'i	all day [the ii... indicates a very prolonged ii]
maicqiniin	all morning
xaax	all night
maisxmáisx	every day
ánakwí álxai	every month -
anwimanwim	every year
watím	yesterday
watimpanápa	day before yesterday

watim máicqi	yesterday morning
čikúuk	today; now
maisx	tomorrow
maisxpamápa	day after tomorrow
náxšpa kwná álxaixpa	next month
naxšpamápa kwná álxaixpa	month after next
anwim	next year
anwimpamápa	year after next
náptipa álxaixpa	two months ago
náptipa anwičtpa	two years ago
taaminwa	always
ánč'axi	again
anakúmun	any time; whenever
žuwuwái	any time; slowly; take your time
'wit	for first time
áxwai	later; still
áxwaitya	not yet
c'á'at	a little while
c'á'at iwačá	he was here for a little while
c'á'atpa	in a little while; very soon
kpail	a little while ago; lately
míimi	long ago; at an earlier time
míi...mixau	longer ago [.... means long, long vowel sound]
wiyat'iš	for a long time
taaminwa	for a long time
ilahahámwi	for a long time (also 'always')
kuuk; au	now; then
čaumún	never
pamún	occasionally; every now and then

lisxam	once
lisxamníki	just once
kuktyawis	once
íkwnxi'íkwnxi	often; repeatedly; one right after the other
pálixam	seldom
kumán	since
pánaxš	sometimes; once in a while
kw'iima	sometimes
kttu	soon; right away
naxšk'anáxšk'a	successively; one after another

Location words

xváamični	above
náinkni	all the way around
ánačni	behind; in back of
któni	beside
páčupa	between
wát'ični	in front of
áštkni	inside of
papáču	in the middle
q'aank	in the way
c'aac'aa	next to; close by
čaumišatau wiyatpa	not too far
c'aac'aapa	not too close
ámčnikni	outside of
yipxt	down-river or down-valley
túnit	up-river or up-valley
ktékní	on the side
mítični	underneath
k'álawaxt	on the underneath of (e.g. of a scaffold, table, bench etc.)

USEFUL PHRASES

Wiyat txának.	Go away! (said to one person); stay away
Wiyat txanáti.	Go away! (said to more than one person)
Winam.	Come here. (to one person)
Winámti.	Come here. (to more than one)
Wawinam.	Come here a minute. (to one person)
Wawinámти.	Come here a minute. (more than one person)
Aičnk or áičk.	Sit down. (to one person)
Áičti.	Sit down. (to more than one person)
Aičtwám.	Sit with us. (to one person)
Aičtwámti.	Sit with us. (to more than one person)
Tútik.	Stand up. Stop. (in sense of stand) (to one person)
Tutíti.	Stand up. Stop. (to more than one person)
Auxanáičti.	Stand up. (to more than one person)
Wusiix tútik.	Stand still.
Pinátimaik waničt.	Please write your name.
Áuna kútkutša.	Let's get to work.
Áuna tɬ'aaxw ɬq'iwitaša.	Let's play. (literally: 'let's all go play')
Áuna tkwátaša.	Let's eat.
Áuna tkwátataša.	Let's go eat.
Áuna sitkumsaanitaša.	Let's go to lunch.
Pánim.	Give me (it).
Čí ánik.	Give this to him. ('he' is present.)
Činam ánita.	Give this to him. (When you see him; he's not here.)
Činam ánitxauta.	Give this to him right away.
Tún iwá ɬkw'i?	What day is it?

Páxałkw'i iwá.	It's Friday.
Páiknm. (Wukwim me Clif)	Listen to me.
Cčuu.	Be quiet. Don't talk.
Cáu kiin.	Be quiet. Don't talk.
Cúkiin.	Be quiet. Don't talk.
Tí'ánx.	Forget it.
Máanam wína?	Where are you going?
Łamałmaamíkanaš wíñata.	I'm going to Klamath Falls.
Nínánam wačá?	Where have you been?
Níninam?	Where have you been?
Nínánam wačá watím?	Where were you yesterday?
Kwaltíkwaltinam wačá? ^{má?}	Where have you been so late?
Sínanam áq'inušana? ^{c mnánam} _{wačá kwaltíkwaltí?}	Who did you see?
Túnanam áq'inušana?	What did you see?
Túnam miš mišana?	What have you been doing?
Ck'kátnam miš mišana?	What have you been doing so long? (Indicates annoyance)
<i>As peroral Wiyátišmas</i>	
Miinámaš čau q'inušana.	I haven't seen you in a long time.
Pinášapa'auxšanánam.	I've been missing you. (Where have you been keeping yourself?)
Áxwaimaš ánc'a q'inuta.	I'll see you again later.
Níninam wa?	Where are you from?
Wayámknis wa.	I'm from Wayam.
Cnámanlaaš wa.	I'm a local.
Nišaičat ašwá.	I'm a resident.
Sín iwá wíñš?	Who's that man?
Piáp ašwá.	He's my older brother.
Tún iwá kwná?	What's that over there?

Túk̓inam tiyaša?	What are you laughing about?
Túk̓inam msása?	What's so funny?
Túnam wínpata?	What are you going after?
Wínpatašaš šatai.	I'm going after blankets.
Simín áwa k'úsi?	Whose horse is that?
Inxtwaimí áwa k'úsi.	It's my friend's horse.
Insik̓smi áwa k'úsi. ~iśik̓,	It's my pal's horse.
Imín mašwámš.	It's your turn.
Imíčakaš wa.	It's my turn.
Pátm̓anaxnáwam.	Tell me a story.
Ká'amaš tkwáta.	I'm still hungry.
K'aimax!	For shame!
Ni'iix piñaq'inunk!	Be careful!
Waq'it txának!	Be careful! Watch out!
Imláaiki. Imláaik'ai - OS	It's yours to use; for you only.
Míšaš wiyák'aiwakn.	Am I late?
Cánam wa.	You're just in time.
Cípam papanakpáata.	Take what you like. (said to more than one person) ~ divide this!
C'á'atpa nawinakíta.	We're going right soon.
Cáumaš yíkn mišnam náwača.	I didn't hear what you said.
Ičiškin sñwik!	Talk Indian! Talk our language!
Címaš ituxša.	Here this is yours. (I'm giving it back to you)
ai <i>as though his "soft" (forward) x</i>	hello
niix máicqi	good morning
niix páčwai	good day
niix kwláawit	good evening
Mišnam wa?	How are you?

Niix ašwá.	I'm fine.
Mísnam wa niix?	Are you well?
Níixnam wáwapaatašana.	Thank you for helping me.
Šinam wa?	Who are you?
Túnam átq'ixšá?	What do you want?
Tkwatašanánam?	Have you eaten?
Míšnam tkwátašana?	Have you eaten?
Tkwátani namwá?	Have you eaten?
Tkwatašanáxiš.	I already ate.
Míimiš tkwátašana.	I already ate.
Kánaq' imšxiš.	I just finished eating.
C'áanam wa tlwáatatyau.	You're just in time to eat.
Níixnam wa q'inupa.	You look pretty good.
Mápain iwá?	What time is it?
Iwá náxspa.	It's one o'clock.
Iwá náptipa.	It's two o'clock.
Iwá mtáatipa.	It's three o'clock.
Iwá pútmt ku náptipa.	It's twelve o'clock.
Iwá sítkumsaan.	It's noon.
Iwá páču'umiš.	It's midnight.
'Mci ixwánti.	Listen to me (to more than one person)
Ámaš wapáata.	Let me help you.
Ámaš wáwapaata.	Let me help you just a little while.
Aš ínčal'a.	Let me do it.
Aš ini.	Let me.
Aš ínča áwaq'inum.	Let me look at it too.

COMMANDS AND REQUESTSAddressed to one personAddressed to more than one person

3.1	áičnk or áičk	sit down	áičti
3.1	tútik	stand up	tutíti
3.1	tqw'ásklíknk	turn around	tqw'aslíkti
3.2	tlúpnk	jump	tlúpti
3.1	tkw'anáitil	walk	tkwanáititi
3.2	wáixtik	run	wáixtiti
3.2	šunáitik	swim	šunáititi
3.2	fq'iwik	play	fq'iwití
	fq'iwitak	go play	fq'iwitáti
	tamáwalaták Tawawatalatát	play (basket-) ball	tamawalatáti
	šp'auvitak	play (base-) ball	šp'auvitáti
4.1	pátiwik	fight	papatiwíti
	ápapti'knk	hit him with your fist	_____
	ávatak	hit him with something other than fist	_____
3.1	smwik	talk; speak	smwíti
3.1	áiknk	listen	áikti
	pxwink	think	pxwipxwíti
3.2	kútutnk	work	kutkúti
3.1	tímak	write	timáti
3.1	wíwaničnk	read	wiwaníčti
3.2	kúkik	cook	kukíti
	ílkwnk	make a fire	ílkwti
	wísxnk	sew	wísxti
	wáp'ak	weave	wap'áti
	wisxtímak k'ptki	do beadwork	wisxtimáti k'ptki
3.2	šapápiknk	wash (clothes)	šapapíkti

Addressed to one person

3.2 iixnk

wash (dishes)

fixti

šmat'ak

wash (your face)

šnat'áti

pináptl'ak

wet your hair

panáptl'áti

ptúknk

set the table

ptúkti

wáak'atl'nk:

sweep the floor

waak'átkti

áxnik

dig roots

axníti

míiknk

peel roots

míikti

atmaaní:

pick (berries, fruit, etc)

(a)maníti

íimiknl:

tan the hide

iimíkti

wíxuwík

stretch the hide

wíxuwíkti

q'míknk

scrape the hide

q'míkti

'wíčnk

prepare the meat for
drying by slicing it

'wíčti

awáuxtl'kn:

cut (the cels)

awáuxtl'kti

ašt'l'iipnk

cut (the squash)

ašt'l'iipti

ášuuwak

skin; butcher

ášuuwáti

pawáłtxnk

pitch (the hay)

pawáłtxti

wášak

ride

wašáti

wáašak

dance

waašáti

wáwanašak

drum

wawanašáti

k'upípik:

round-dance

k'upipítí

páaxamnk:

war-dance

paaxámáti

nč'únk

sleep

nč'úti

táxšík

wake up

taxšíti

taatpasik

get dressed

taatpasítí

pinátvannnl:

comb your hair

panatwánpti

pináwapšak:

braid your hair

panawapšáti

4.1 winanúuk

take a bath; bathe

winanúuti

Addressed to more than one person

Addressed to one person

pináxtaimak	change your clothes	pamatxtaimáti
pináxtaimak pxwí	change your mind	pamatxtaimáti pxwí
3.2 tkvátak	eat	tkwatáti
3.2 čúuk	drink	čúuti
ttáwaxnk	grow up	ttawáxti
wisq'únk	take a rest	wisq'úti
pináuxink	lie down	pamauxíti
qáuqink	fall down	qauqíti
qátutik	get up (after a fall)	qatutíti
átq'ink	look at it	atq'íti
čáu áwapašak:	don't touch it	čáu awapašáti
anukwšiik	smell it	anukwšíiti
áka'ilawik	taste it	aka'ilawíti
áwauxtí'knk ^{?-ut "such AS} áwačxnk - AS šapawaq'ulknk	chop it	awáuxtí'kti áwačxkti - AS šapawaq'ulkti
ápakiłknk ápačxkuk - AS	grind it	apakiłkti
ničnk	crush it	
ničnk - AS	put it away	ničti
čatamanaitnk	take it out / ^{put it in} / ^{atamainačnk} čatamanáittí	
ášapaq'ičnk	hang it up	ašapaq'ičti
čaxlpnk	open it	ačaxlpti
ášapawaq'pnk	close it	ašapawáq'pti
átamati'mxwnk	cover it	atamati'mxwti
áčati'mxwnk	cover it	ačati'moxwti
ávití'mxwik	cover it	avití'moxwiti
ášapawačaknk [not on the tape]	stick it onto something	ašapawačákti
ášapaqw'pnk - bend	bend it	ašapaqw'ti
ášapaq'aliknk - a big bend	bend it	ašapaq'alikti
ášapak'älíkuk - a little bend		
ášapakw'puk - break it		

Addressed to more than one person

Addressed to one person

tkn̄ífk
"roll it on your back"
"roll it on your back"

áčatpnik

ávisq'muknk

aušničnk

átamq'upnk
átaq'upnk
qw'naitik

šápnk

áuxink

ák'atnk

áwixatikwičnk

áwnpnk

áskawik
b.i. pick up potatoes

ákaáwnpnk

áwatlpnk

wáwasklisklink

áwatikašak

átunq'sknk

tlúpwaiyaumak

átwatimak

áwimałaknk

šapáluxluxnk

Addressed to more than one person

twist them (2 strands
together)

smooth it

rumple it

spread it out

fold it

pack it on your back

pack it on your back

throw it away

throw it away

knock it over

grab it; pick it up;

get hold of it

pick it up [a lot of the
same kind of thing, like
grain]

pick it up on the run;

catch it (e.g. a moving
ball)

shake it

swing it around

step on it (like some-
thing on the ground)

step on it

jump over it

mark it

clean it

polish it

tkn̄iti

áčatpníti

áwisq'múkti

aušničti

atamq'múkti

qw'naitíti

šápti

auxíti

ak'atti

áwixatikwičti

awípti

askawíti

akawípti

awatípti

wawasklisklíti

áwatikašáti

atunáq'skti

tlúpwaiyaunáti

atwatimáti

áwimałákti

šapáluxlúxti

Addressed to one person

áwilaxyauvik	dry it
áčanp̤k ~ áčap̤uk	bite it
áčaqw'1knk	chew it
áñqw'qnk	swallow it
áwikkmik ~ íkkmik	fill it
áwitaalxik	empty it; make room
čáu áiyaxtal ~ yáxtak	don't spill it
átwakutkutnlk	stir it; mix it
áwilacxcxik	heat it up
sapák'psnk	cool it off
ášapaččank	cool it off

Addressed to more than one person

áwilaxyauvíti
ačánpti
ačaqw'íkti
áñqw'qtí
awikkmiti
awitaalxítí
čáu aiyáčáti
atwakutkúti
áwilacxcxítí
sapák'pstí
ašapaččáti

VERBS

If you asked someone níšnam miša 'what are you doing', here are some ways he might answer. All the answers are forms of verbs. Their English equivalents are in the form 'I'm ____ ing'. Of course the person might answer čáu ášmiš miša 'I'm not doing anything' or perhaps just čautún 'nothing'. If the question asked was 'What is he doing?' or 'What are they doing?' or 'What did you (or he or they) do' the answers would show different forms of the same verbs, just as in English instead of 'I'm eating' as answer to the first question ('What are you doing?) you'd have 'He's eating; they're eating; I ate; he ate; they ate' as answers to the other questions. If you don't speak the language, begin trying to find out about these forms from friends and relatives who do. This way you may be able to discover for yourself some of the patterns the language has. Some of them are given below. The part of the word that means he, you, they etc. is underlined. "i-" indicates not only he but she or it -- just "someone". "He" has been used for it here when appropriate.

háaššaaš	I'm breathing	<u>i</u> háašša	he's breathing
síwišaaš or síwisaas	I'm talking	<u>i</u> swiša.	he's talking
yíkšaaš	I'm listening	paikša	they're listening
pxwišaaš	I'm thinking	<u>i</u> pxwiša	he's thinking
pxwípxwišaaš	I'm worrying	<u>p</u> axwipxwiša	they're worrying
walptaikšaaš	I'm singing	<u>i</u> walptaikša	he's singing
txnáutišaaš	I'm preaching	<u>t</u> xnáutišanam	you're preaching
patanawiixšaaš	I'm arguing	<u>p</u> atanawiixšanam	you're arguing
ásapsikw'ašaaš	I'm teaching; explaining	<u>p</u> asapsikw'aša	they're teaching; explaining
kútkutšaaš	I'm working	<u>i</u> kutkutša	he's working
tímašaaš	I'm writing	<u>t</u> ímašanam	you're writing
wíwanitšaaš	I'm reading	<u>p</u> awíwanitša	they're reading
kúkišaaš	I'm cooking	<u>i</u> kúkiša	she's cooking
ílkvšaaš	I'm making a fire	<u>i</u> llkvša	he's making a fire
táwašaaš (asm)	I'm roasting (eels)	<u>p</u> atáwaša (asm)	they're roasting (eels)
ávilač'xšaaš (sapí)	I'm frying (bread)	<u>á</u> vilač'xšanam	you're frying (bread)
šapalamuláitšaaš (tamám)	I'm boiling (eggs)	<u>š</u> apálamuláitšapam (tamám)	you folks are boiling (eggs)
anišaaš lakamiin	I'm making lakamiin	<u>a</u> níšapam lakamiin	you folks are making lakamiin
lakamiinišaaš	I'm making lakamiin	<u>p</u> alakamiiniša	they're making lakamiin
wísxsaas	I'm sewing	<u>w</u> isxsaataš	we're* sewing
wáp'ašaaš	I'm weaving	<u>w</u> ap'ašana	we're weaving

*this "we" excludes the listener. "someone else and I but not you". the "we"
that means "you and me -- and perhaps others too" is -na as in the next word.

wísxtimaašaaš	I'm doing headwork	wísxtimaašataš	we're doing headwork
k'ptki		k'ptki	
s'apáp'ikšaaš	I'm washing (clothes)	išapáp'ikša	she's washing (clothes)
iixšaaš	I'm washing (dishes)	iixšanam	you're washing (dishes)
ptúkšaaš	I'm setting the table	paptúkša	they're setting the table
wáak'atkšaaš	I'm sweeping	iwaak'atkša	she's sweeping
áxnišaaš	I'm digging roots	áxnišaataš	we're digging roots
míikšaaš	I'm peeling roots	míikšaataš	we're peeling roots
čapiaxšaaš piaxi	I'm peeling piaxi	čapiaxšaataš	we're peeling piaxi
tmaanišaaš	I'm picking (berries or small fruit)	itmaaniša	she's picking (berries or small fruit)
áwikučšaaš	I'm pulling (water- melons, squash, weeds, etc.)	áwikučšanam	you're pulling (water- melons, squash, weeds, etc.)
áskawisaas	I'm gathering (e.g. potatoes)	áskawisapam	you folks are gathering (e.g. potatoes)
ášaptí'kšaaš	I'm cutting (e.g. corn from the stalk)	ášaptí'kšaataš	we're cutting (e.g. corn from the stalk)
ímikšaaš	I'm tanning (a hide)	ímikšanam	you're tanning (a hide)
wíxuwišaaš	I'm stretching (a hide)	iwíxuwiša	she's stretching (a hide)
q'mkšaaš	I'm scraping (a hide)	pau'mkša	they're scraping (a hide)
uwíitšaaš	I'm preparing meat for drying by slicing it	pauwíitša	they're preparing meat for drying by slicing it
áwauxtí'kšaaš pípšna	I'm cutting bones	íwáuxtí'kša pípšna	she's cutting bones
ášatí'ipšaaš sapína	I'm cutting bread	išátí'ipša sapína	she's cutting bread
wáučxšaaš	I'm chopping (wood)	pawáučxša	they're chopping (wood)

šáxti'kšaaš	I'm sawing	<u>pašáxti'kša</u>	they're sawing
wac'ílakšaaš	I'm fishing	<u>wac'ílakšaataš</u>	we're fishing
tkwáinpšaaš	I'm hunting	<u>itkwáinpša</u>	he's hunting
wisalilšaaš	I'm hunting	<u>pawisalilša</u>	they're hunting
šúwašaaš yáamaš	I'm skinning a deer	<u>išúwaša yáamaš</u>	he's skinning a deer
šúwašaaš núsux	I'm butchering salmon	<u>pašúwaša núsux</u>	they're butchering salmon
anišaaš nišá	I'm building a house	<u>anišaataš nišá</u>	we're building a house
pawáltxšaaš	I'm pitching (hay)	<u>papawáltxša</u>	they're pitching (hay)
pátukšaaš c'xwili'	I'm putting up a tepee	<u>papátukuša c'xwili'</u>	they're putting up a tepee
wášašaaš k'usipa	I'm riding a horse	<u>wášašanam k'úsipa</u>	you're riding a horse
xásunaitišaaš	I'm riding bareback	<u>ixásunaitiša</u>	he's riding bareback
wasmc'aki		<u>wasmc'aki</u>	
wáwanašašaaš	I'm drumming	<u>pawáwanašaša</u>	they're drumming
kiukiulas		<u>kiukiulas</u>	
wáašašaaš	I'm dancing; worship-dancing	<u>pawáašaša</u>	they're dancing; worship-dancing
kup'ípišaaš	I'm round-dancing	<u>pakup'ípiša</u>	they're round-dancing
páaxamšaaš	I'm war-dancing	<u>papaáxamša</u>	they're war-dancing
nč'úšaaš	I'm sleeping	<u>inč'úša</u>	he's sleeping
táxsišaaš	I'm waking up	<u>patáxsiša</u>	they're waking up
smát'ašaaš	I'm washing my face	<u>ismát'aša</u>	he's washing his face
taatpasisaaš	I'm getting dressed	<u>itaatpasisa</u>	he's getting dressed
pinátwanpšaaš	I'm combing my hair	<u>ipinátwanpša</u>	he's combing his hair
památwanpša	they're combing their hair	<u>památwanpšapam</u>	you folks are combing your hair
pináwapšašaaš	I'm braiding my hair	<u>ipináwapša</u>	she's braiding her hair
pamáwapšaša	they're braiding their hair	<u>pamáwapšapam</u>	you folks are braiding your hair

winanúušaaš	I'm bathing	<u>winanúušaa</u> <u>taš</u>	we're bathing
xwyátšaaš	I'm sweating	<u>ixwyátša</u>	he's sweating
xwyawiwanúušaaš	I'm bathing after a sweat bath	<u>paxwyawiwanúuša</u>	they're bathing after a sweat bath
tkwátašaaš [not on tape]	I'm eating	<u>patkwataša</u>	they're eating
čuušaaš	I'm drinking	<u>pačuuša</u>	they're drinking
čuut'ašaaš	I'm thirsty [I'm wanting to drink]	<u>čuut'ašaataš</u>	we're thirsty [we're wanting to drink]
anáwišaaš	I'm hungry ["hungering"]	<u>anawišaataš</u>	we're hungry ["hungering"]
ttáwaxšaaš	I'm growing	<u>ittáwaxša</u>	he's growing
wisq'úsaas or wisq'úšaaš	I'm resting	<u>iwisq'úsa</u>	he's resting
pináušaaš	I'm lying down	<u>ipináuša</u>	he's lying down
pináuxišaaš	I'm lying down	<u>papamáuxiša</u>	they're lying down
číš áiša	I'm sitting here [just 'I'm sitting' would be: áišaaš]	<u>činam áiša</u>	you're sitting here
tútišaaš	I'm standing	<u>patútiša</u>	they're standing
číš tútiša	I'm standing here	<u>čipam tútiša</u>	you folks are standing here
qáuqišaaš	I'm falling down	<u>iqáuqiša</u>	he's falling down
qáututišaaš	I'm getting up (from a fall)	<u>paqáututiša</u>	they're getting up (from a fall)
tkw'ánaitišaaš	I'm walking	<u>itkw'ánaitiša</u>	he's walking
wáixtišaaš	I'm running	<u>pawaixtiša</u>	they're running
tłúpšaaš	I'm jumping	<u>tłupšánam</u>	you're jumping
šúunaitišaaš	I'm swimming	<u>pašúunaitiša</u>	they're swimming

íq'iwišaaš	I'm playing	íq'iwišapam	you folks are playing
áwaš íq'iwitaša	I'm going out to play	áwataš íq'iwitaša	we're going out to play
ámčnikan		ámčnikan	
tamáwalatašaaš	I'm playing basketball	tamáwalatašaataš	we're playing basketball
kpitíšaaš	I'm playing baseball	pak'pitíša	they're playing baseball
pátiwišaaš	I'm fighting	pátiwišapam	you folks are fighting
ápaptí'kšaaš	I'm hitting someone	pápaptíkša*	he's hitting someone

If someone asked you:

míšnam kw'ái kwná ámiša?

What are you doing to that?

You might answer with any of the following verbs (and many more of course).

Their English equivalents fit the pattern 'I'm _____ ing it'.

átk'išaaš	I'm looking at it
áwapašašaaš	I'm touching it [čáu áwapašak! 'Don't touch it!']
ánkwšisaaš	I'm smelling it
áka'ilawišaaš	I'm tasting it
áwat'ašaaš ilkwaski	I'm hitting it with a stick [ilkwas 'stick']
ápaptí'knaš apápki**	I'm hitting it with my fist [apáp 'hand']
áwauxtí'kšaaš	I'm chopping it
áwauxtí'kšaaš xapilmíki	I'm cutting it with a knife
áwauxtí'ipšaaš xapilmíki	I'm chipping it with a knife
ášapawaqw'lkšaaš	I'm grinding it
ápakiłkšaaš	I'm crushing it

*pá here means he does it to someone (him or her). The á of the "I" form meant I was doing it to someone (him or her).

**You could also say ápaptí'kšaaš apápki

ášapq'w'pšaaš	I'm bending it
tknišaaš	I'm twisting two strands together
ášapaq'aličšaaš	I'm twisting it, bending it
šapáwap'ikšaaš	I'm wringing it out
áčauq'atkšaaš	I'm stretching it
áčat'pnišaaš	I'm smoothing it
áwísq'mukšaaš	I'm rumpling it
áušnitšaaš	I'm spreading it out
ášaptk'ukšaaš	I'm straightening it (like a wire)
ánitšaaš	I'm putting it away
awítł'mxwišaaš	I'm covering it
ášapaq'itšaaš	I'm hanging it
ášapawač'akšaaš	I'm sticking it onto something
ákwnaitišaaš	I'm packing it on my back
k'álakšaaš miyánaš	I'm packing a child on my back
áuxišaaš	I'm throwing it away
áwixatikw'ičnaš or áwixatikw'ikšaaš	I'm knocking it over [Note: the English on the tape is incorrect]
áwnpšaaš	I'm picking it up from its place
ák'awnpnaš [or ák'awnpšaaš]	I'm picking it up on the run; catching it
áskawišaaš or áskawisaas	I'm picking it up (a lot of the same thing, like grain or beads etc.)
áwatlpšaaš	I'm shaking it
wáwasklisklišaaš	I'm swinging it around
átunaq'skšaaš	I'm stepping on it (e.g. someone's toe)
áwat'ikašaaš	I'm stepping on it (something lying on the ground)
tlúpwaiyaunašaaš	I'm jumping over it
tlúptlúpšaaš	I'm jumping on it -- up and down

átwatimašaaš	I'm marking it
áwimałaaakšaaš	I'm cleaning it
ášapaluxluxšaaš	I'm polishing it
áwilaxyawišaaš	I'm drying it
áčanpšaaš	I'm biting it
čaqv'lkšaaš	I'm chewing it
núqw'qnaš or núqw'qšaaš	I'm swallowing it
twákutkutšaaš	I'm stirring it; mixing it
áwikkmišaaš	I'm filling it
awitálxišaaš	I'm emptying it (to make room for something else)
áiyaxtašaaš	I'm spilling it; dumping it out
áviiac'xc'xišaaš	I'm heating it up
ášapak'pssaas	I'm cooling it off
íc'ikšaaš	I'm sweetening it
iitwašaaš	I'm sweetening it (old word)
áwiniixišaaš	I'm making it look better
ášapaqatutišaaš	I'm stopping it; making it stop
áčaq'ukšaaš	I'm stopping it; holding it back (as of a horse)

for "good bye" say ii'an aunaš w...iaša
 no equivalent for "good bye"