REVIEW PART TWO ANATOMY OF THE HEAD VIRGINIA BEAVERT March 1, 1994 Ataw iwa niimi lamt±x wiya-xayxtay. 1. Lamtix Head Our head is important for daily living. 2. Ttuush Ttuush-mami awa chmuk tutanik lamtixpa. some Some people have black hair on their head. Ku ttuush-mami awa kukukyi tutanik. 3. Ku and And some people have grey hair. 4. Achaash eye Atawna wa niimi achaash achaash. achaash achaash (pl) Our eyes are important. Shixna tk'inxa kayxki achaashki. 5. Shix good We see good with clear(vision) eyes. 6. Nushnu Ataw iwa niimiyaw nushnu. nose Our nose is important to us. 7. Nukshi to smell Nukshitay patuun iwa nushnu. The nose is for smelling things. Kush<u>x</u>i iwa ataw niimi ±m. 8. Im mouth Just like our mouth is important. 9. Tkwata- (v) Tkwatatay-na wa niimi im. Our mouth is for eating. Chakw'ilktay tkwatat i wa niimi itit. 10. Ftit teeth Our teeth is for chewing food. 11. Miskw'att chin Miskw'att iwa naknuwi-tay ±t±tnan. The chin takes care of the teeth. 12. Mishyu ear Mishyu iwa mits'ixwatay sinwityaw. The ear is for listening to someone talk. 13. Tanwat neck Tanwat inaknuwi-sha nukw'aashnan. The neck takes care of the throat. 14. Nukw'waash throat Nukw'aashki-na nuk'winxa tkwatat. We swallow our food with our throat. Ikush iwa ataw niimi wawnakwshash. Tttuushma pa-nat<u>x</u>ana<u>x</u>a "nu<u>k'x</u>a" for "to swallow" something.

6.

tape for Mary

Virginia Beavert EVERYDAY EXPRESSIONS 107-108 3-1-94 1. Ii Yes Ii. awxi-mash shuk-sha. Yes, I know you. 2. Chaw No Chaw, chawnash tuun ashukwaasha. No, I don't know anything. 3. Kuumish all right, okay, (used in agreement) Kuumish, awna winata p±t'<u>x</u>anuk-kan. Okay, we'll go to the mountains. 4. Aw ikushakuti Really!, Is that right! So thats how it is! (exclamation of surprise) Aw ikushakut! Chaw nash ashukwaashana ikush iwa. Really! I did not know she was like that. Aw! ikushakut iwa niimi tamanwit. Oh! so thats how our law is. 5. Pa'ishnaway-nim pity me, help me, eq. of please. Pa'ishnaway-n±m ka±a, pawiinim chiish. My (maternal) grandchild, please give me some water. 6. Kw'ałanuu thankful Kw'ałanuu-shamash chiishyaw kała. I'm thankful to you my grandchild for the water of 7. P <u>x</u>wip<u>x</u>wi to worry, of being concerned, stress. Chaw nam túkin pxwipxwita inmi pcha. Don't worry about anything my mother. Chaw prwiprwink ikunkink. Don't worry about it. (Equivelant): "thank you." 8. Payshxit Payshxit chaaw tuun ishukwaasha. I guess I guess he does not know anything. 9. Mish awku chaw why do not Mish awku chaw itwanasha psh±tpa. Why does he not follow his father. Why doesn't he go with his father. Mish nam chaw pa-twanasha. Why don't you follow me. Why don't you go with me. 10. Mánan where Minan iwa atawaas? Where is the bathroom? Minan iwa tkwatatpama? Where is the restaurant. Minan iwa pnutpama? Where is the hotel/motel?

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Vir	ginia Beavert YAKI	MA-SAHAPTIN LANGUAGE 107=108
GETTING ACQUAINTED		
1.	Ay! Hello!	Ay <u>x</u> ±tway, mish nam misha? Hello relative, what are you doing?
2.	Ink nash I am	/ Ink nash kutkutsha, mish nam imk? I am working, what about you?
з.	Waniksha one's name	Shin nam waniksha? What is your name?
4.	Wanik – name	Wanikshaash Chusapiin. My name is Josephine.
5.	Shin who (sng)	Shin ikw'ak iwa? Who is that (person)?
6.	Ikw'ak that (pron)	Ikw'ak ±winsh iwaniksha Taam. That man is named Tom.
7.	Shiman who (pl)	Shiman ikw'ak pawa? Who are those (people)?
8.	Shiwanish stranger	Shiwanish-ma pawa. They are strangers.
9.	Minik where from	Minik pawa? Where are they from?
10.	Paysh maybe	Paysh pawa <u>xayx</u> knik. Maybe they come from the east.

NOTE; When you ask a question and use "that" and "those" you can say "tiin" for singular; "tiinma" plural, to identify people and person. If you are asking about an object, animal, or thing, it would be better understood when you name the "thing," "animal," or "object."

Aykawaas chair; k'usik'usi dog, kakya bird; latit flower. Practice using these as you study the sentences above.