

#2. Pg 5 Construct a distribution ...

Consider the density function of a random variable X

$$P_X(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{a} x^{-k} & \text{for } 1 \leq x \leq \infty \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

where $a > 0$ and is a normalization constant.

The n^{th} moment μ_n of X is

$$\mu_n = \frac{1}{a} \int_1^{\infty} x^n P_X(x) dx = \frac{1}{a} \int_1^{\infty} x^{-(k-n)} dx$$

The n^{th} moment of X , μ_n exists if and only if

$$k - n > 1$$

$$\Rightarrow k > n + 1$$

Clearly, if the n^{th} moment exists, so do all lower-order moments.

By choosing k in (1) such that

$$n + 1 < k \leq n + 2$$

the distribution

$$P_X(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{a} x^{-k} & \text{for } 1 \leq x \leq \infty \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases} \quad \text{has moments } \mu_n \text{ exist}$$

up to but not beyond a prescribed value n .