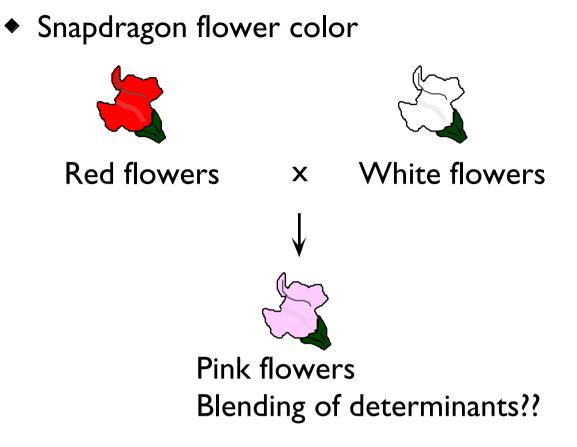
Modified monohybrid ratios

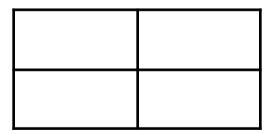
Genetics 371B Lecture 3

29 Sept. 1999



How to test?

Prediction?



... a case of **incomplete dominance**

Incompletely dominant or recessive?

... in the eye of the beholder?

e.g., Tay Sachs disease

Symptoms:

- extreme sensitivity to noise
- muscle weakness
- cherry-red spot on retina

Affected individuals rarely survive past childhood

Defect –

Overt phenotype . . .

At the biochemical level . . .

Co-dominance

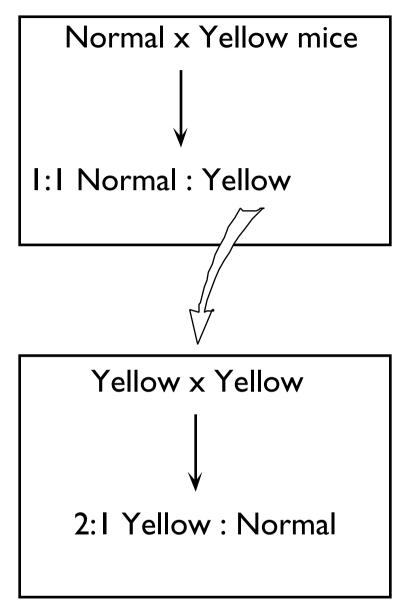
e.g., ABO blood group

Three possible alleles: A, B, or O

Looking at 3 different "crosses":

| AA x BB | AA x OO | BB x OO | \$ Parental genotype |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|
| \checkmark | \downarrow | \downarrow | |
| AB | A | B | \$ Progeny phenotype |
| | | | \$ Progeny genotype? |

The curious case of the yellow mice



Interpreting:

- Owhich allele is dominant?
- Parental genotypes?

What's missing in F2?

The physical basis of Mendelian genetics

- I902: Boveri and Sutton, "Chromosome theory of inheritance"
- Chromosomes

Diploid vs. haploid chromosome number

What's in a chromosome?

◇ Protein

DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid)

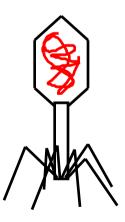
Subunit: Ribose + Phosphate + base

Base: Adenine, Cytosine, Guanine, Thymine

DNA as the molecule of inheritance

The Hershey-Chase experiment

- Question: What is passed on from one generation to the next, protein or DNA?
- Model organism: Bacteriophage T2





Bacteriophage with radioactive **DNA**

Bacteriophage with radioactive **protein**

V

Infect bacteria (E. coli)

Do progeny virus have radioactive DNA?

Do progeny virus have radioactive **protein**?

Conclusion: