Genetic diseases - detection and treatment

Genetics 371B Lecture 36

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The goals

How widespread is the problem?

How effective is treatment?

- Lifespan restored (completely corrective):
- Partial treatment:

Why is treatment so ineffective?

- mutant locus unknown
- irreversible pathology
- side effects

Best success:

...hence the drive to **find the genes**

Possible points of intervention

Mutant gene ↓ Mutant mRNA ↓ Mutant protein ↓ biochemical dysfunction ↓ Clinical phenotype ↓ Family/Society

Detection

Genetic counseling

◇ Medical diagnosis – the need for accuracy

◇ Pedigree analysis Risk estimate

◇ Counseling/followup

Prenatal or preimplantation testing

♦ Goals

- Methods
 - Amniocentesis
 - Chorionic villus sampling

• Preimplantation testing

Risks and ethical concerns

- Genetic screening
 - ◇ Purpose

- Scope who should be tested?
- \diamond Testing
 - Deciding on a method

• Pre-test and followup counseling

◇ Treatment options?

♦ Examples

• Screening for disease – PKU

• Screening for carrier status – sickle cell disease

• Screening for carrier status – Tay-Sachs disease

• Is it always appropriate to screen? – the CF example