Elder Abuse and Dementia

Page Ulrey

Laura Mosqueda

Types of Abuse

- Financial exploitation
- Physical
- Sexual
- Emotional
- Neglect

Elder Mistreatment in the United States: Estimates From a Nationally Representative Study E. Laumann et al (2008)

- 9% verbal mistreatment
- 3.5% financial mistreatment
- 0.2% physical mistreatment

The National Elder Mistreatment Study R. Acierno et al (2010)

11.4% mistreatment other than financial

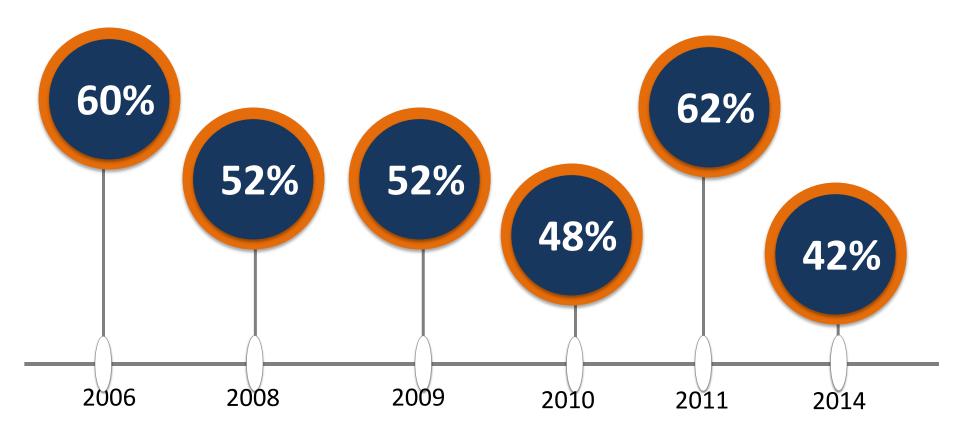
Laumann E, Leitsch SA, Waite LJ. Elder Mistreatment in the United States: Prevalence Estimates from a Nationally Representative Study. J Gerontol B Psychol Sci Soc Sci. 2008.

Acierno R, Hernandez MA, Amstadter AB, et al. Prevalence and correlates of emotional, physical, sexual, and financial abuse and potential neglect in the united states: the national elder mistreatment study. American Journal of Public Health. 2010.

Both studies excluded the most susceptible populations:

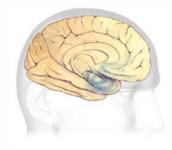
- People in facilities
- People too impaired to give consent

Prevalence: Abuse of People with Dementia



- 1. Vandeweerd C, Paveja GJ. Verbal mistreatment in older adults:a look at persons with Alzheimer's disease and their caregivers in the state of Florida. J Elder Abuse Negl. 2005.
- 2. Cooper C, Manela M, Katona C, Livingston G. Screening for elder abuse in dementia in the LASER-AD study: Prevalence, correlates and validation of instruments. J Ger Psych. 2008
- 3. Selwood A, Cooper C, Owens C, Blanchard M, Livingston G. What would help me stop abusing? The family carer's perspective. Int Psychoger. 2009
- 4. Cooper C, Selwood A, Blanchard M, Walker Z, Blizard R, Livingston G. Abuse of people with dementia by family carers: representative cross sectional survey. BMJ. 2010.
- 5. Yan E, Kwok T. Abuse of older Chinese with dementia by family caregivers: an inquiry into the role of caregiver burden. Int J Geriatr Psychiatry. 2011
- 6. Yan E. Abuse of older persons with dementia by family caregivers: Results of a 6-month prospective study in Hong Kong. Int J Ger Psych. 2014.

Early, middle, late stages of ADRD



Early ADRD

> Financial Abuse



Mid ADRD

➤ Physical Abuse



Late ADRD

≻Neglect

It's often hard to distinguish between an injury due to abuse and one due to an innocent cause.

"Of course they have a _____, they're old!" • Pressure sore

• Bruise

Fracture

Potential forensic markers

- Bruises
- Pressure sores
- Dehydration + Malnutrition
- Medication misuse
- Burns
- Contractures
- Lacerations + Abrasions
- Fractures
- Subdural hematomas
- Behavioral changes

Geri-IDT: Geriatric Injury **D**ocumentation **T**ool

To assist clinicians to document physical findings in injured older adults

IDT does 2 things:

- Makes it easier to document physical findings
- Reminds you what to look for and document

https://eldermistreatment.usc.edu/projects/geri-idt/

Conduct a complete head-to-toe physical examination and describe in detail all physical findings on the patient, even those that you do not consider clinically significant or related to their presenting complaint. Please note all areas where <u>pain</u> or <u>tenderness</u> is present, even if there is no visible evidence of injury.

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Case Study



Hannah S. in 2008

- 92 years old
- Wheelchair bound
- Advanced dementia
- Heart disease
- Arthritis
- Widow
- No children

Fall of 2008

- Hannah's brother-in-law, 80 year-old Sam R., places her in Seattle Heights Adult Family Home
 - Private pay
 - \$3800/month
 - 3 residents, each has dementia

2008-2009

- Daniels arranges for her friend, Karen Morgan, to become Hannah's Nurse Delegator
- Karen Morgan
 - Registered Nurse
 - Trainer on caregiving, including "Understanding Skin Care & Prevention"
 - Years of experience
- One year later, Daniels opens second AFH, spends most of her time there
- One full-time caregiver, works 24 hours a day, 7 days a week
- Hannah's physical condition and dementia worsen

December 5 or 6, 2009

- Caregiver calls Daniels and tells her Hannah has a "pink spot" on buttocks
- Repeatedly calls Daniels as wound worsens
- No one comes to see Hannah until December 22nd

December 22, 2009

- Daniels comes to AFH, examines Hannah
- Calls Morgan
- Morgan calls Sam R., says she can take care of pressure sores
 - Makes no mention of how many or severe pressure sores are
 - Makes no mention that Medicare could pay for wound care nurse
- Begins to charge Sam \$400/day (\$200/visit) for wound care
- Calls Hannah's PCP and orders wound care supplies
- Lies to him about number and severity of wounds
- Fails to get pressure relief mattress
- Fails to get nutritional supplements

December 23-26, 2009

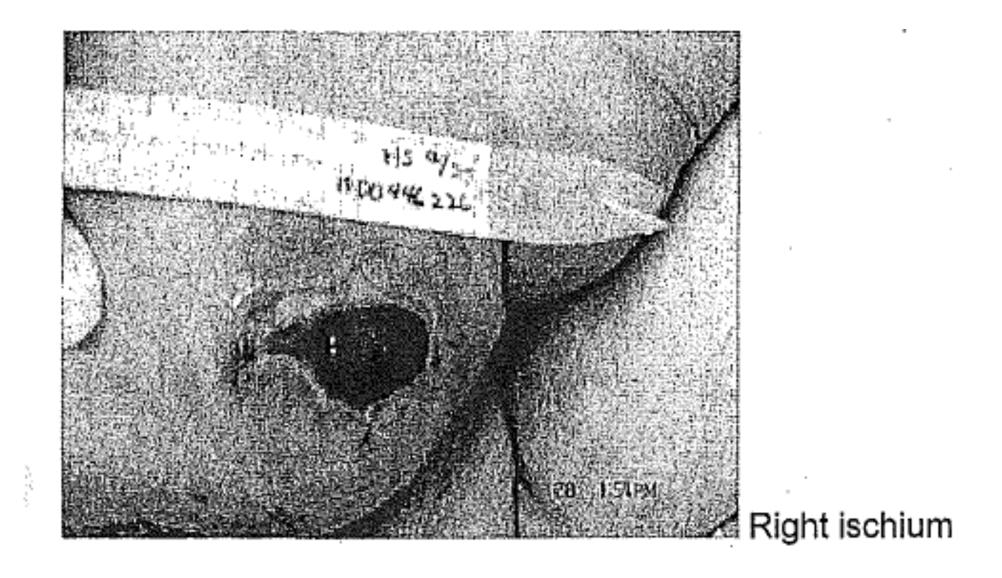
- Hannah remains in AFH
- Becomes increasingly ill
- Stops eating
- Wounds worsen
- Morgan continues to bill Sam R. \$400/day

December 27, 2009

- Hannah is becoming unresponsive
- Morgan finally calls 911, reports only Hannah's "altered mental status"
- Hannah is taken to Swedish Hospital ER
- ER nurse discovers pressure sores
- Hannah is admitted to ICU
- Also diagnosed with sepsis, dehydration, malnutrition









After Admission

- Wound care nurse examines Hannah, finds 8 pressure ulcers
 - 3 nonstageable
 - 2 Stage IV
 - 2 Stage III
- Social Worker reports to DSHS
- DSHS reports to law enforcement, which does not respond

January 12, 2010

- After being discharged from hospital to nursing home, Hannah dies
- Death is not reported to DSHS, law enforcement, or Medical Examiner's Office as required by law
- Hannah is cremated
- No autopsy is conducted

 Morgan subsequently files claim in Small Claims Court against Sam for failure to pay her bill

Criminal Case

- DSHS investigator presents case to law enforcement, who works with King Co Prosecutor's Officed to conduct investigation
- We consult with geriatrician Laura Mosqueda, M.D., to determine whether criminal charges are appropriate
- We file felony criminal neglect charges against both Daniels and Morgan

Criminal Case

- Crime of Felony Criminal Mistreatment (2nd Degree)
 - Caregiver
 - Recklessly
 - Causes great bodily harm/creates imminent risk of great bodily harm or death
 - By failing to provide basic necessities of life
 - To dependent adult
- Daniels pleads guilty to felony neglect

Morgan's Trial

- Morgan goes to trial
 - Dr. Mosqueda is essential witness in our trial
 - Tells the story of Hannah's neglect
 - Describes what care should have been provided
 - Explains to jury that people with dementia still suffer, still feel pain
 - Comments on Morgan's documentation of wounds

Trial

- State's other witnesses
 - Sam R.
 - Home health nurse who treated other residents in AFH
 - ER nurse
 - ER doctor
 - Hospitalist
 - Wound care nurse
 - Explains pressure sores, causation, pain, proper tx
 - Hannah's treating physician
 - DSHS investigators

Trial

- Jury convicts of lesser charge, Criminal Mistreatment 3rd degree (criminal negligence)
 - Defendant sentenced to home detention
 - Loses nursing license
 - Barred from working with Medicaid patients or in Medicaid-funded facilities for 5 years

After the Trial

 Case was successfully used to lobby legislature to amend intent requirement for felony-level neglect from "recklessness" to "criminal negligence"