

Data Selection Panel

Name of Image Matrix

Name of Variable Matrix

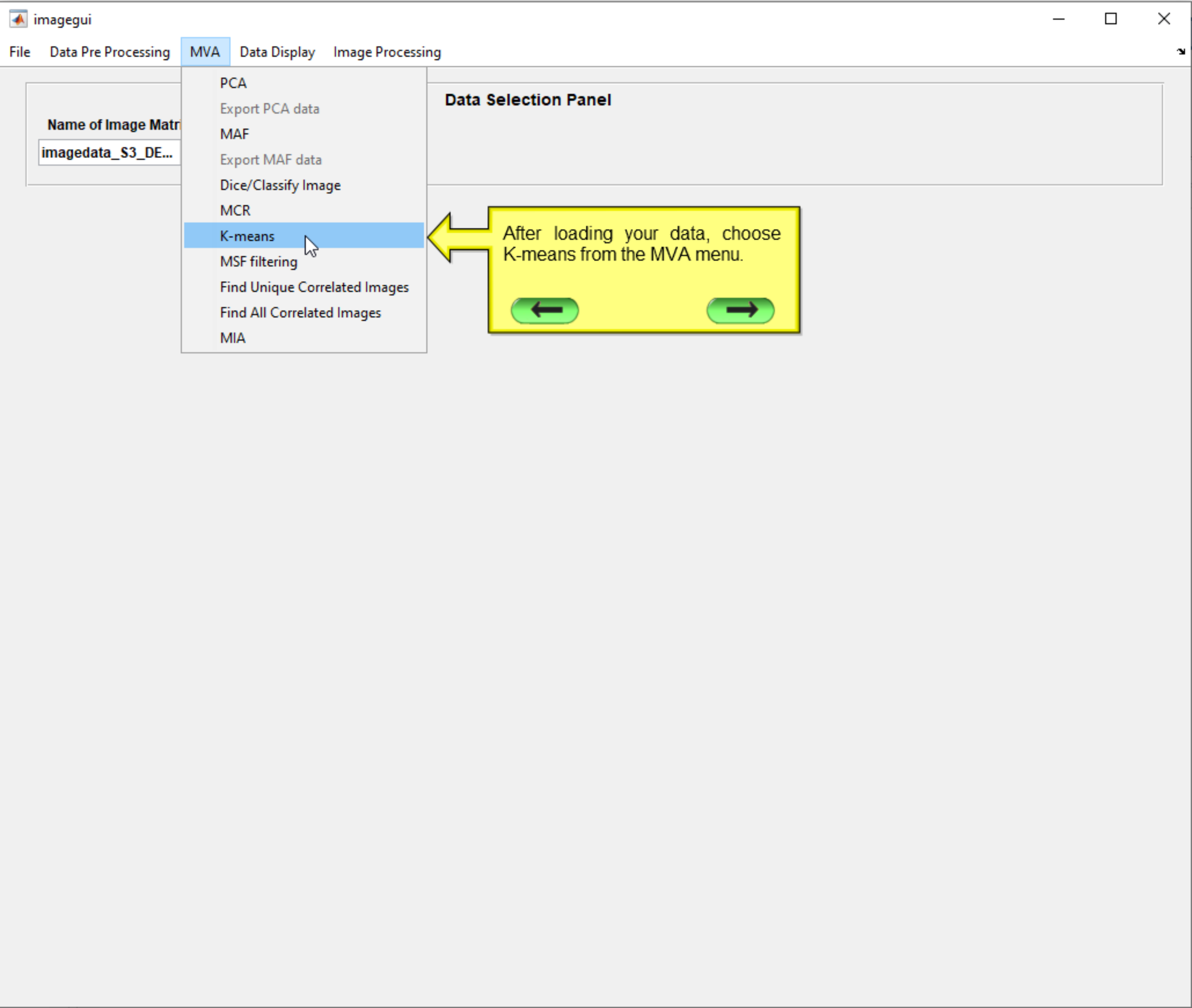
imagedata_S3_DE... ▾

exactmass_S3_DE... ▾

This tutorial covers how to use the Kmeans in the NBToolbox.

You can use the arrow buttons or the scroll bar to navigate through the tutorial. The arrows might not work depending on the pdf viewer you are using.





imagegui



File Data Pre Processing **MVA** Data Display Image Processing

Name of Image Matrix

imagedata_S3_DE...

PCA

Export PCA data

MAF

Export MAF data

Dice/Classify Image

MCR

K-means

MSF filtering

Find Unique Correlated Images

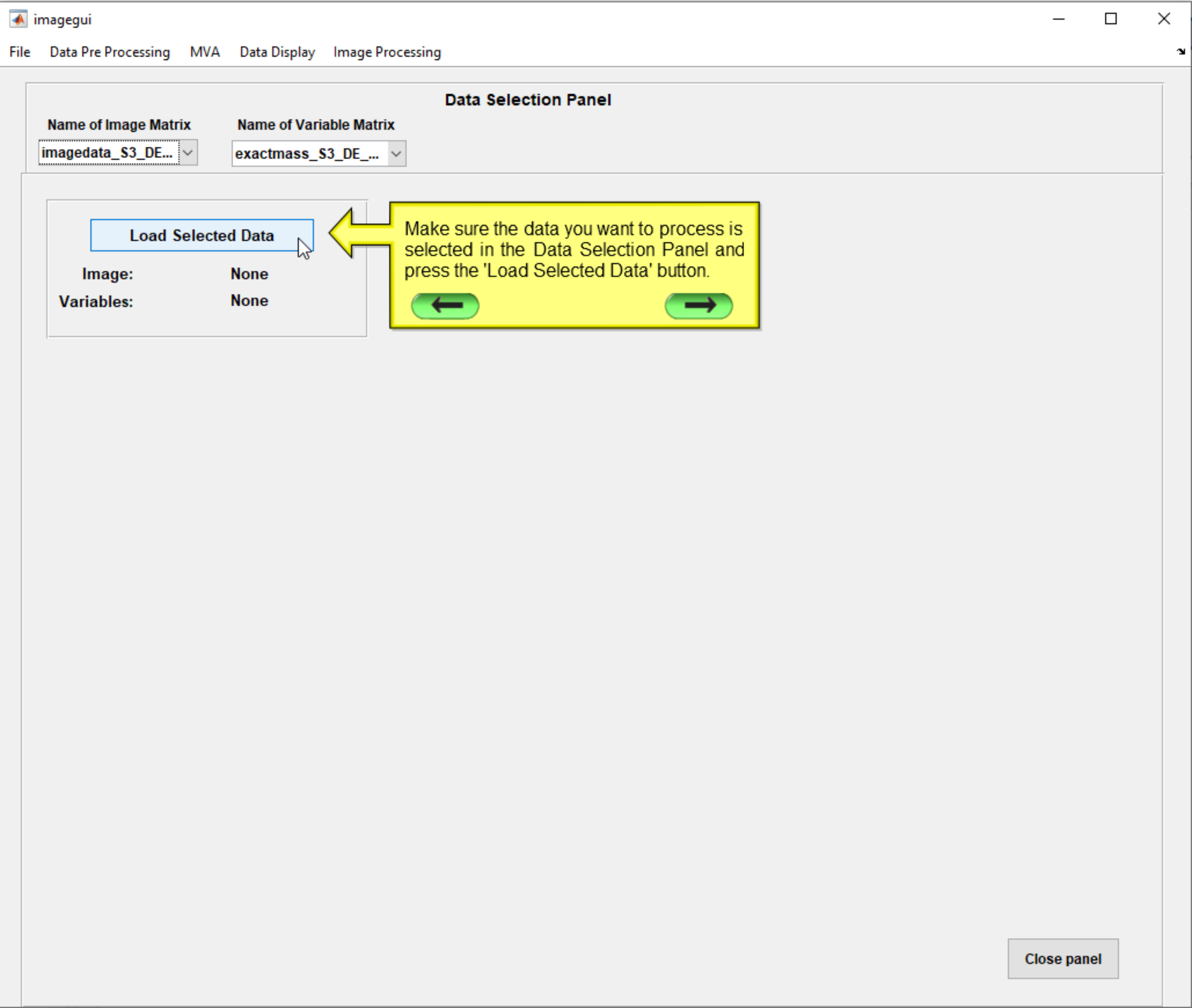
Find All Correlated Images

MIA

Data Selection Panel

After loading your data, choose
K-means from the MVA menu.





Data Selection Panel

Name of Image Matrix

Name of Variable Matrix

imagedata_S3_DE...

exactmass_S3_DE...

Load Selected Data

Image:

None

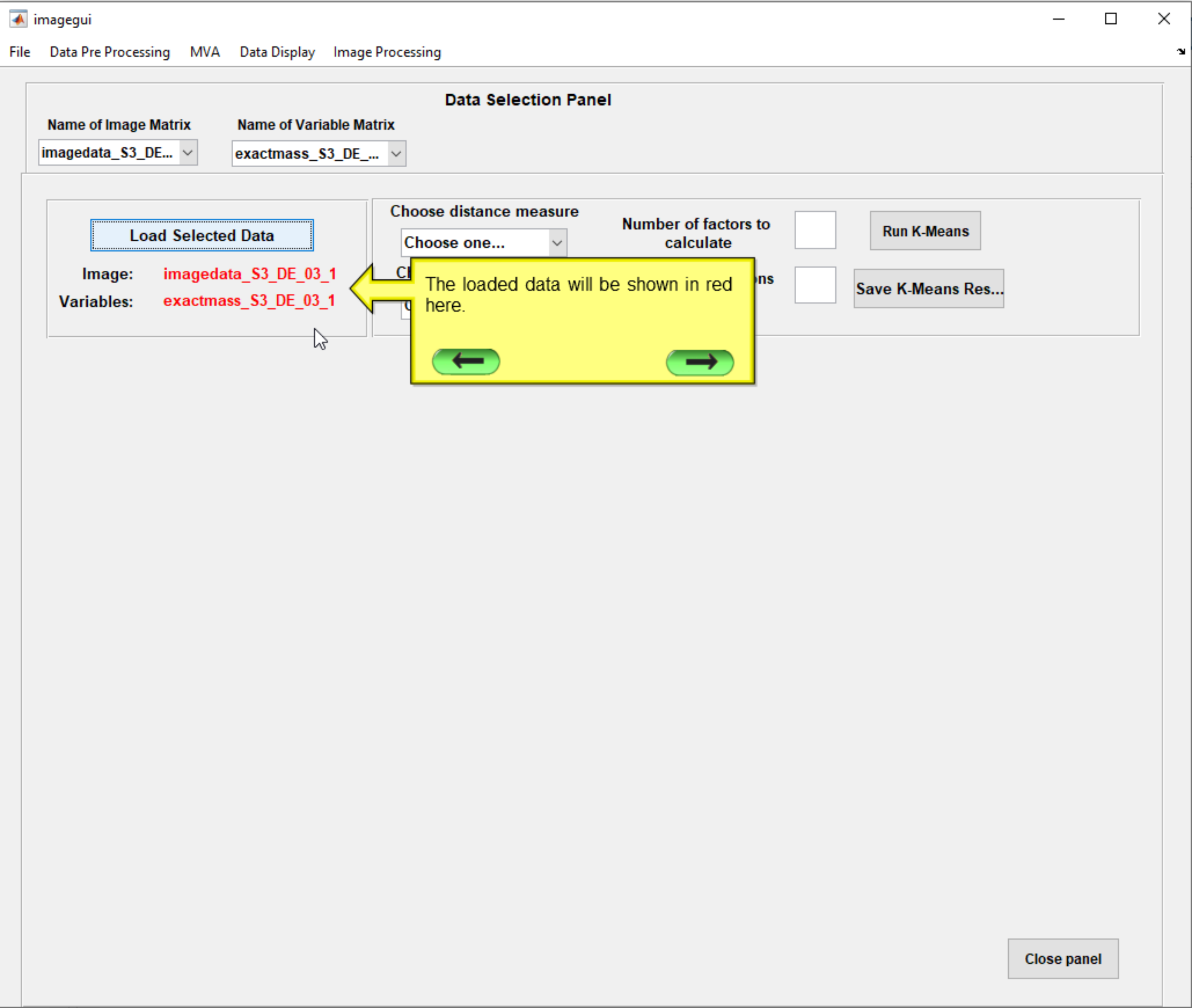
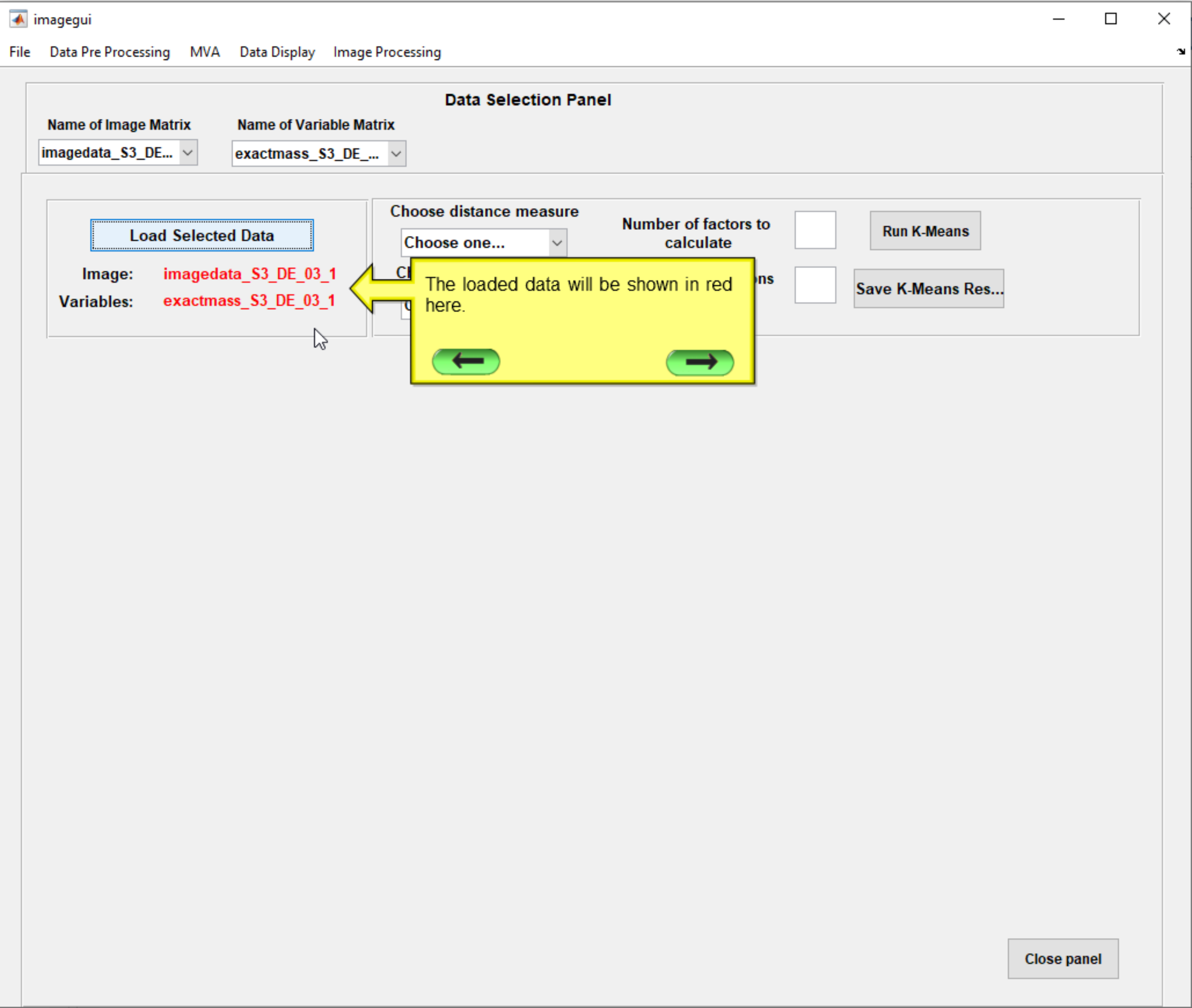
Variables:

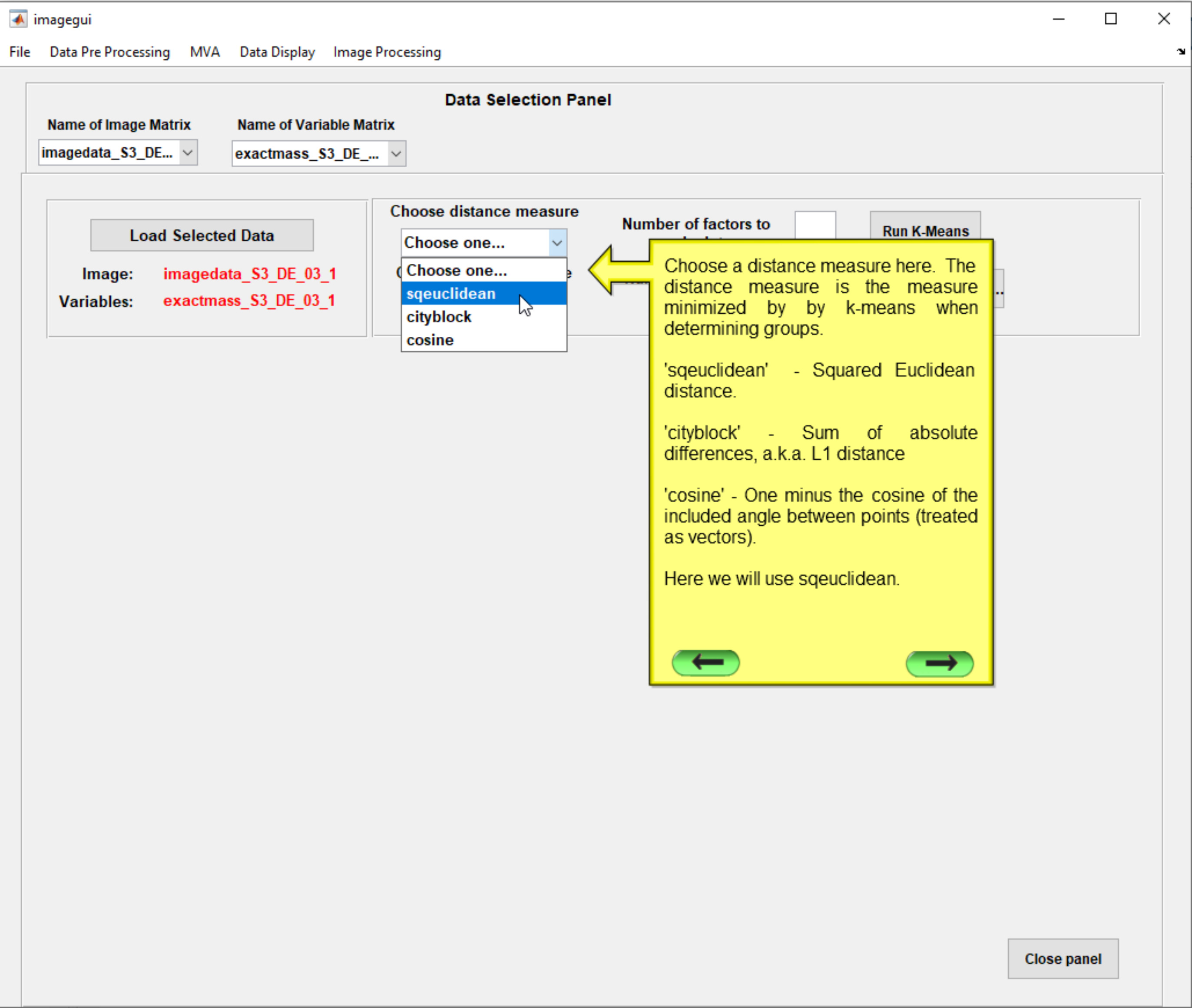
None

Make sure the data you want to process is selected in the Data Selection Panel and press the 'Load Selected Data' button.



Close panel





Data Selection Panel

Name of Image Matrix

Name of Variable Matrix

imagedata_S3_DE... ▾

exactmass_S3_DE... ▾

Load Selected Data

Image: **imagedata_S3_DE_03_1**

Variables: **exactmass_S3_DE_03_1**

Choose distance measure

Choose one... ▾
Choose one...
sqeuclidean
cityblock
cosine

Number of factors to

Run K-Means

Choose a distance measure here. The distance measure is the measure minimized by by k-means when determining groups.

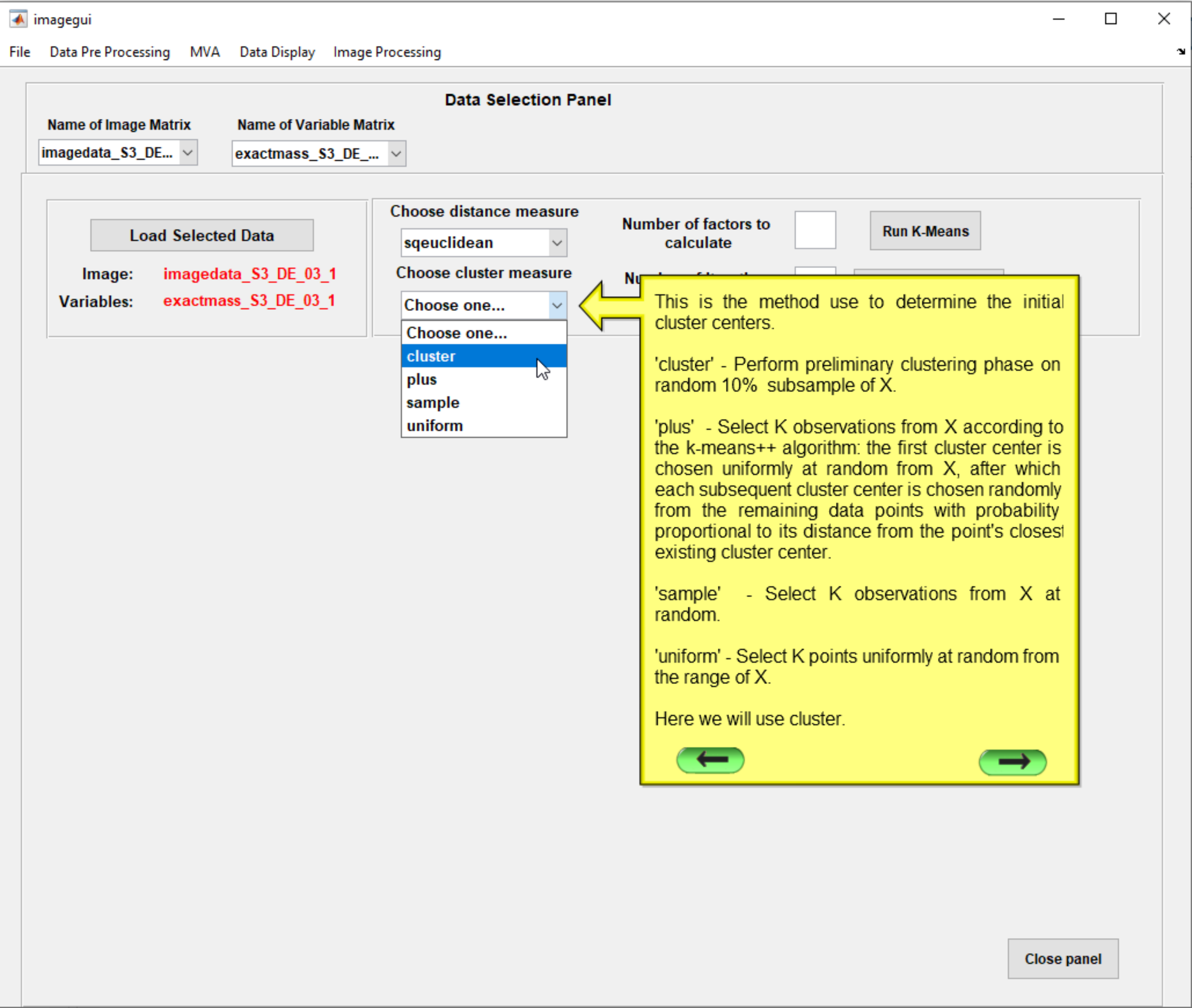
'sqeuclidean' - Squared Euclidean distance.

'cityblock' - Sum of absolute differences, a.k.a. L1 distance

'cosine' - One minus the cosine of the included angle between points (treated as vectors).

Here we will use sqeuclidean.

Close panel



Data Selection Panel

Name of Image Matrix

imagedata_S3_DE... ▾

Name of Variable Matrix

exactmass_S3_DE... ▾

Load Selected Data

Image: **imagedata_S3_DE_03_1**

Variables: **exactmass_S3_DE_03_1**

Choose distance measure

sqeuclidean ▾

Choose cluster measure

Choose one... ▾

Choose one...

cluster

plus

sample

uniform

Number of factors to calculate

Run K-Means

This is the method use to determine the initial cluster centers.

'cluster' - Perform preliminary clustering phase on random 10% subsample of X.

'plus' - Select K observations from X according to the k-means++ algorithm: the first cluster center is chosen uniformly at random from X, after which each subsequent cluster center is chosen randomly from the remaining data points with probability proportional to its distance from the point's closest existing cluster center.

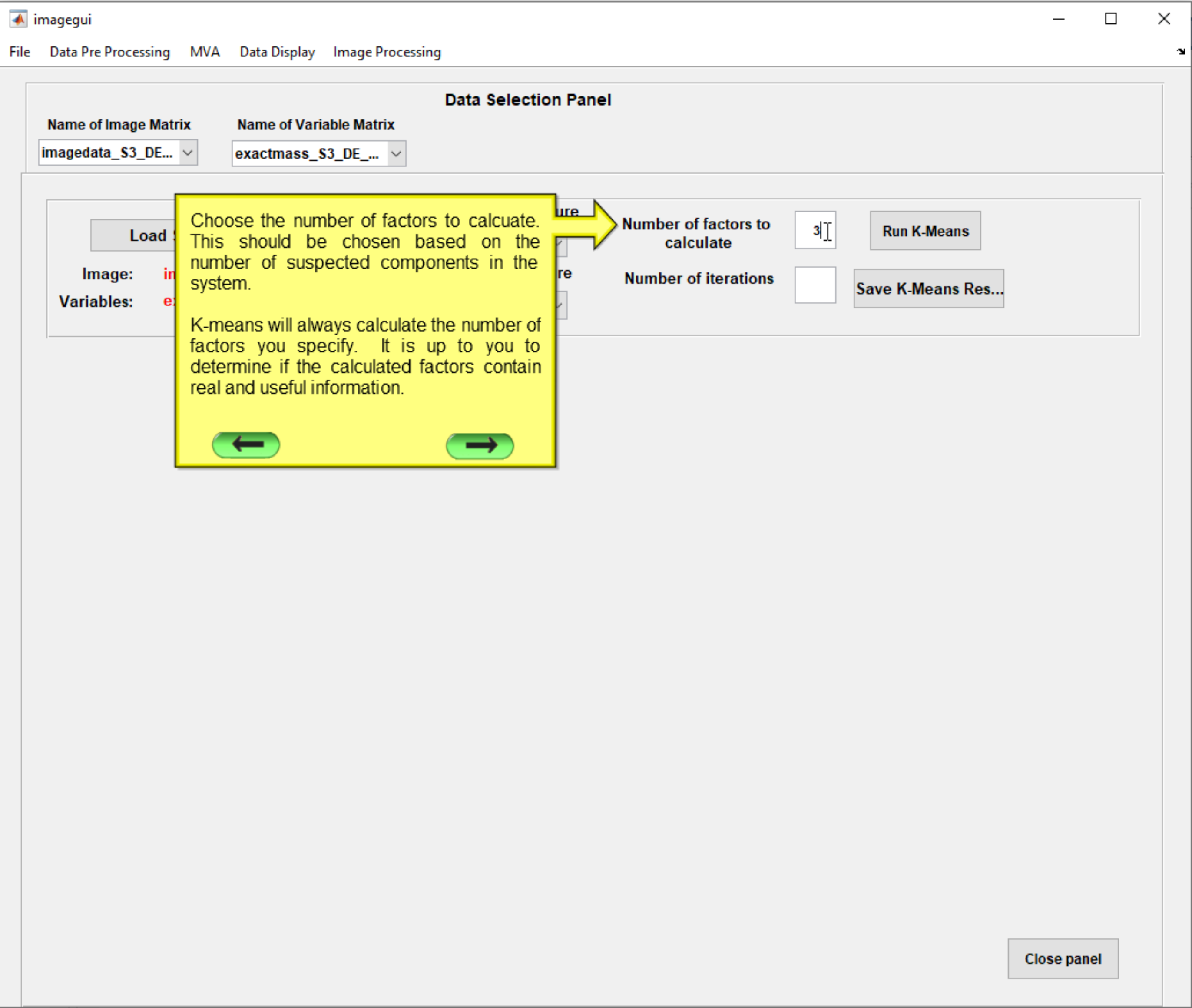
'sample' - Select K observations from X at random.

'uniform' - Select K points uniformly at random from the range of X.

Here we will use cluster.



Close panel



Data Selection Panel

Name of Image Matrix

imagedata_S3_DE...

Name of Variable Matrix

exactmass_S3_DE...

Load

Image:

Variables:

Choose the number of factors to calculate. This should be chosen based on the number of suspected components in the system.

K-means will always calculate the number of factors you specify. It is up to you to determine if the calculated factors contain real and useful information.



Number of factors to calculate

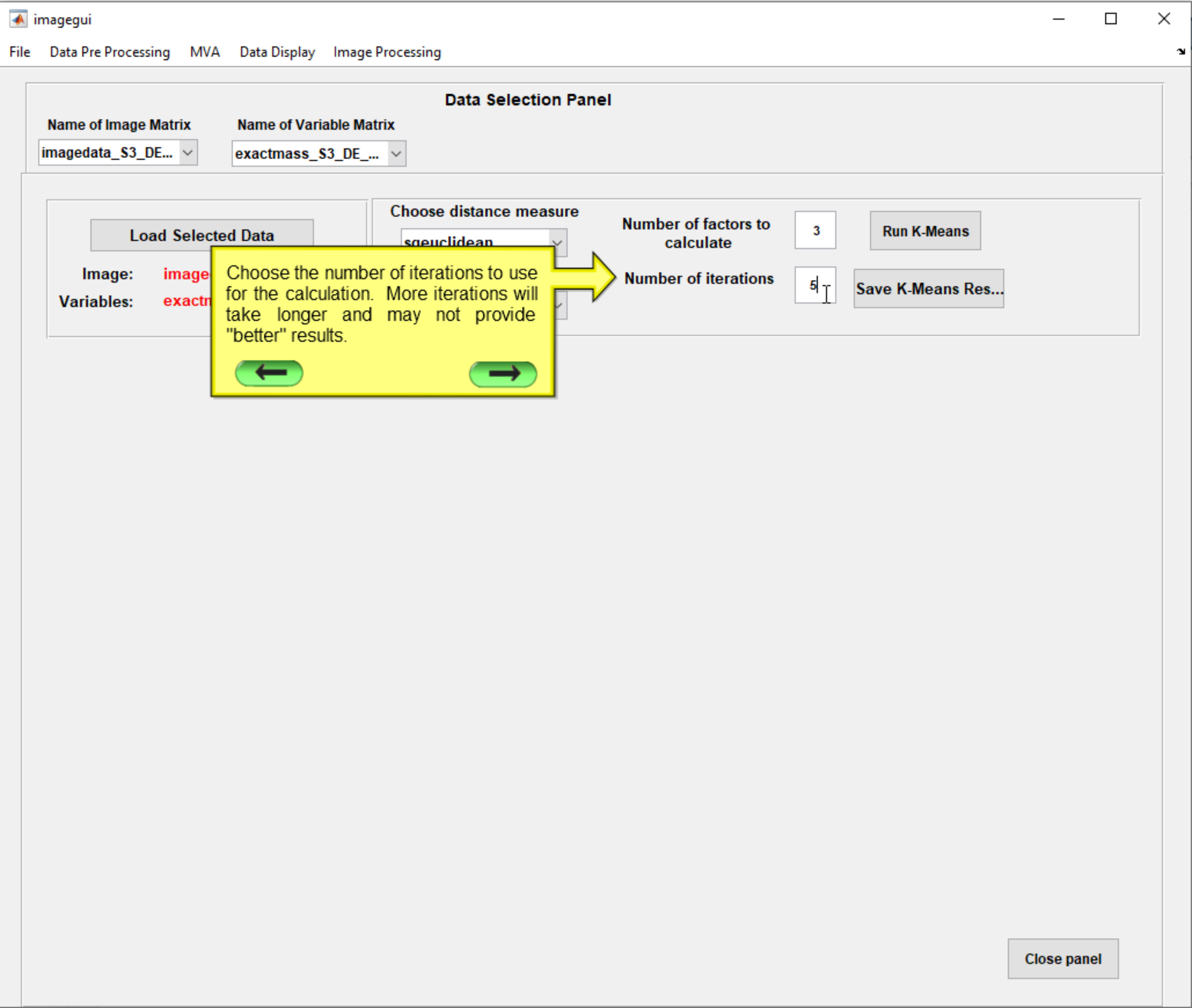
3

Run K-Means

Number of iterations

Save K-Means Res...

Close panel



Data Selection Panel

Name of Image Matrix

Name of Variable Matrix

imagedata_S3_DE...

exactmass_S3_DE...

Load Selected Data

Choose distance measure

sqeuclidean

Number of factors to calculate

3

Run K-Means

Image: image
Variables: exactn

Choose the number of iterations to use for the calculation. More iterations will take longer and may not provide "better" results.

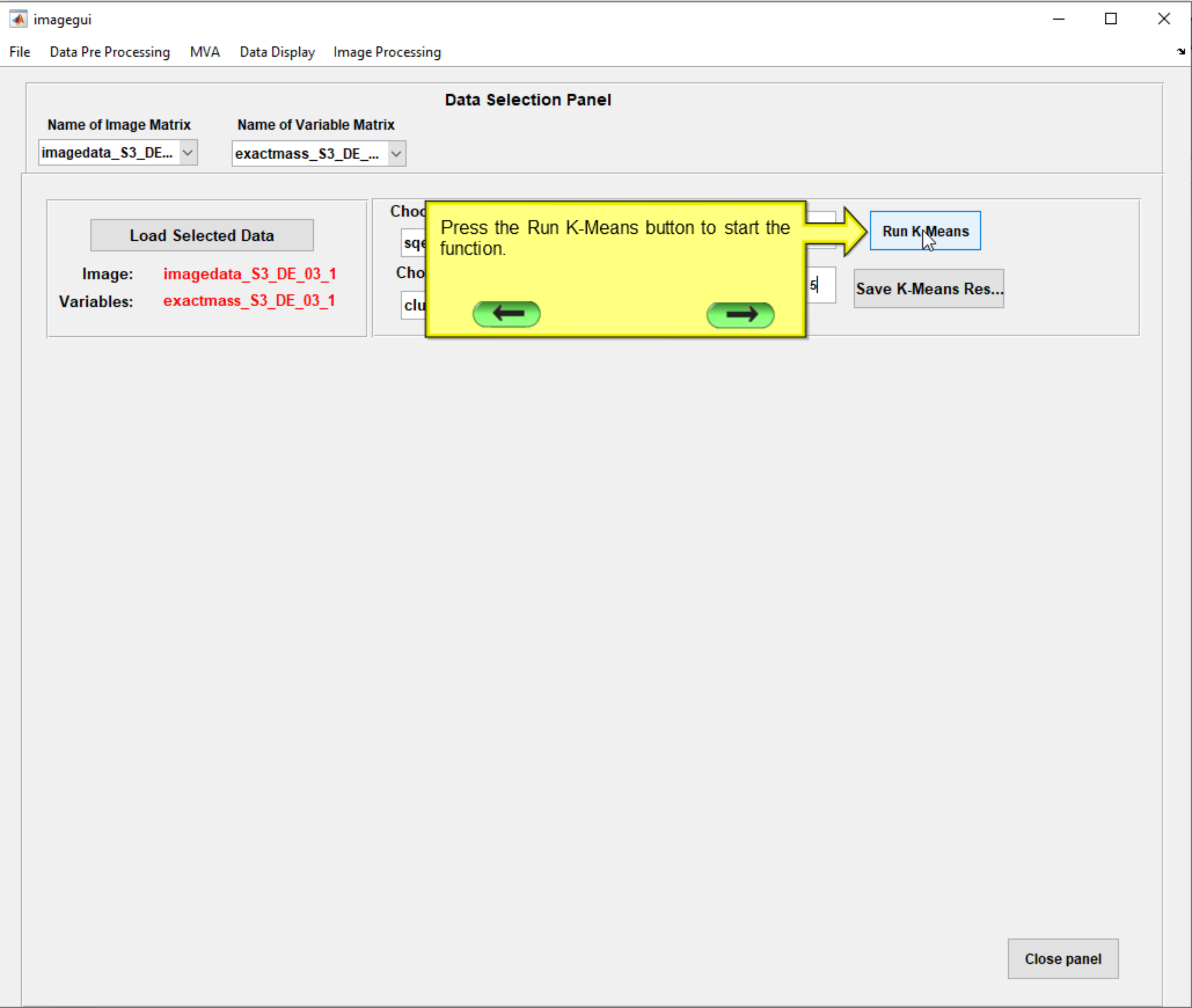
Number of iterations

5

Save K-Means Res...



Close panel



Data Selection Panel

Name of Image Matrix

Name of Variable Matrix

imagedata_S3_DE...

exactmass_S3_DE...

Load Selected Data

Image: imagedata_S3_DE_03_1

Variables: exactmass_S3_DE_03_1

Choose...

sqe...

Choose...

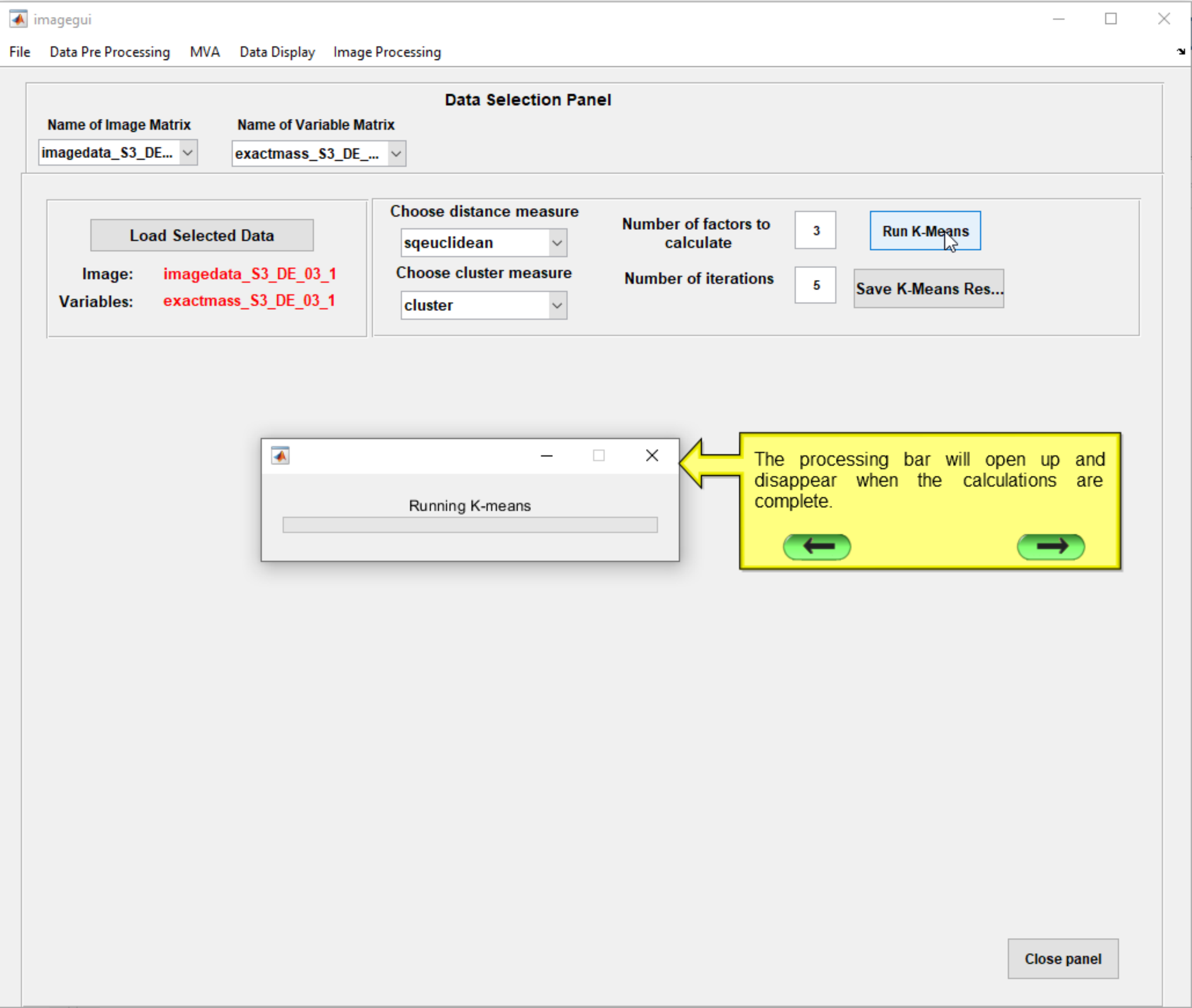
clu...

Press the Run K-Means button to start the function.

Run K-Means

Save K-Means Res...

Close panel



Data Selection Panel

Name of Image Matrix

Name of Variable Matrix

imagedata_S3_DE... ▾

exactmass_S3_DE... ▾

Load Selected Data

Image: **imagedata_S3_DE_03_1**

Variables: **exactmass_S3_DE_03_1**

Choose distance measure

sqeuclidean ▾

Choose cluster measure

cluster ▾

Number of factors to
calculate

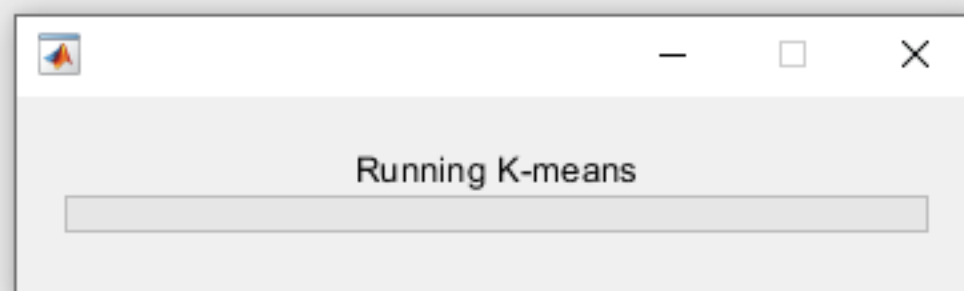
3

Run K-Means

Number of iterations

5

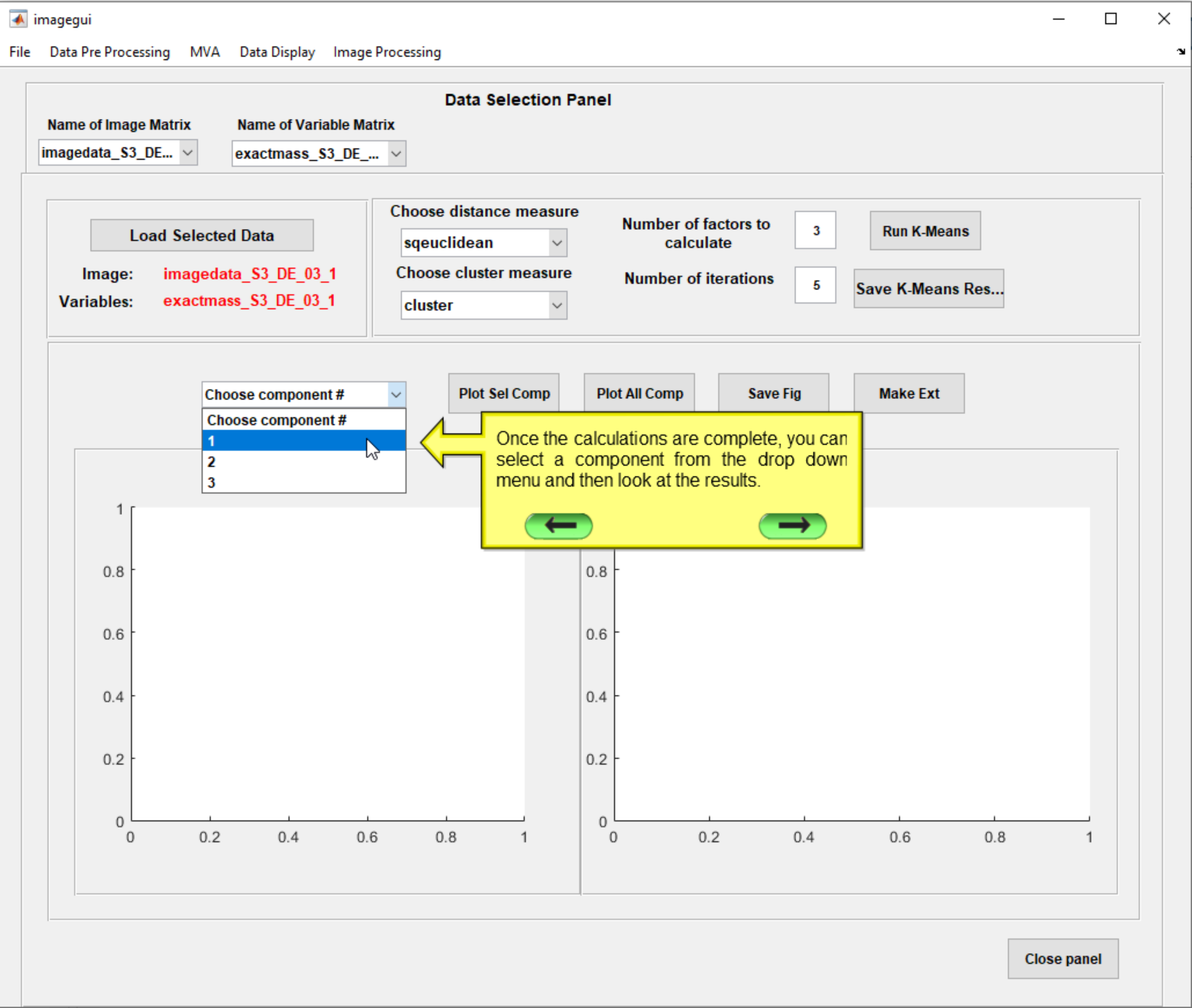
Save K-Means Res...

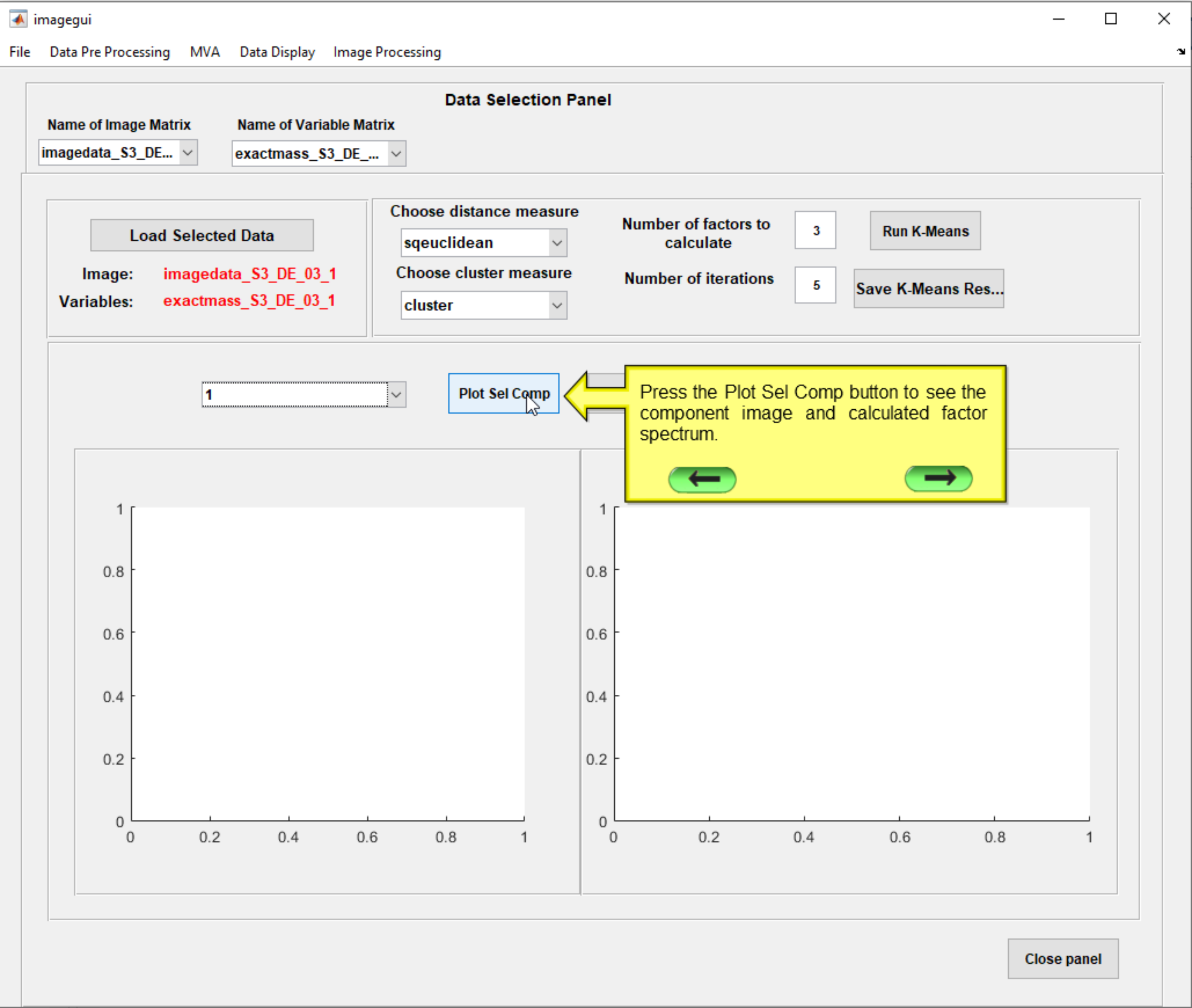


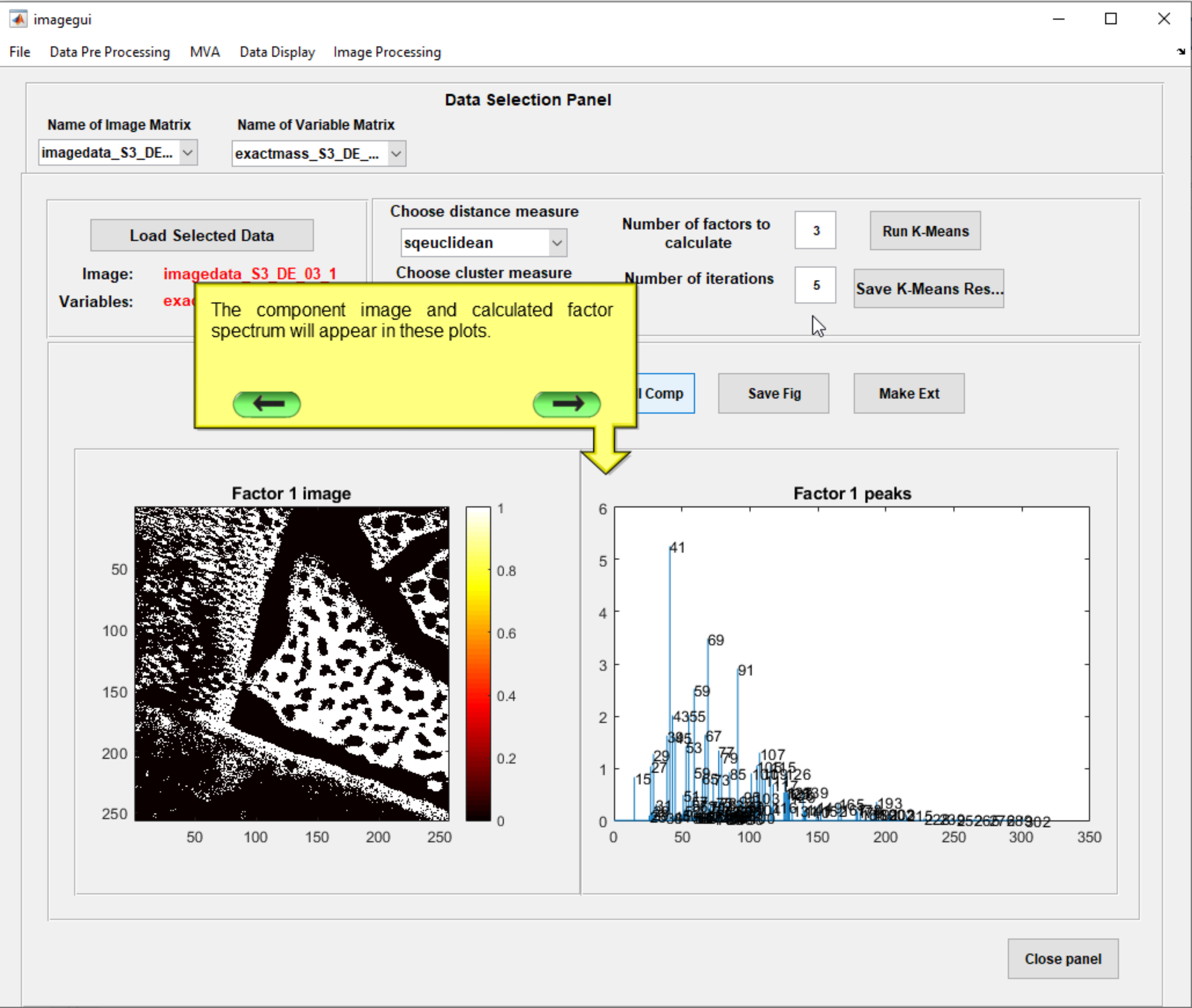
The processing bar will open up and disappear when the calculations are complete.

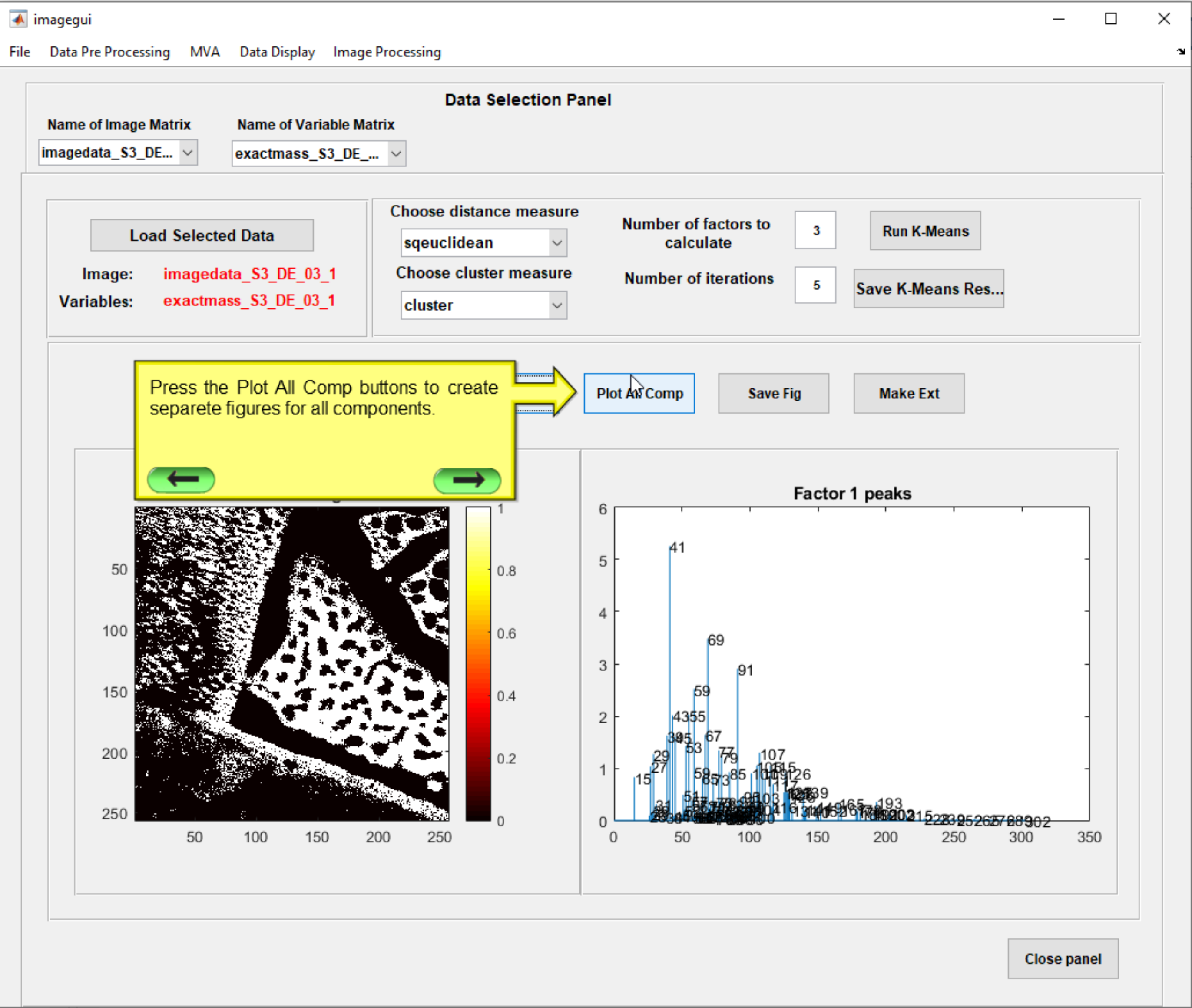


Close panel









Data Selection Panel

Name of Image Matrix

imagedata_S3_DE...

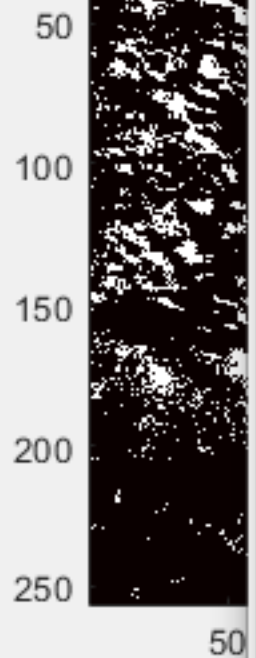
Name of Variable Matrix

exactmass_S3_DE...

Load Sele

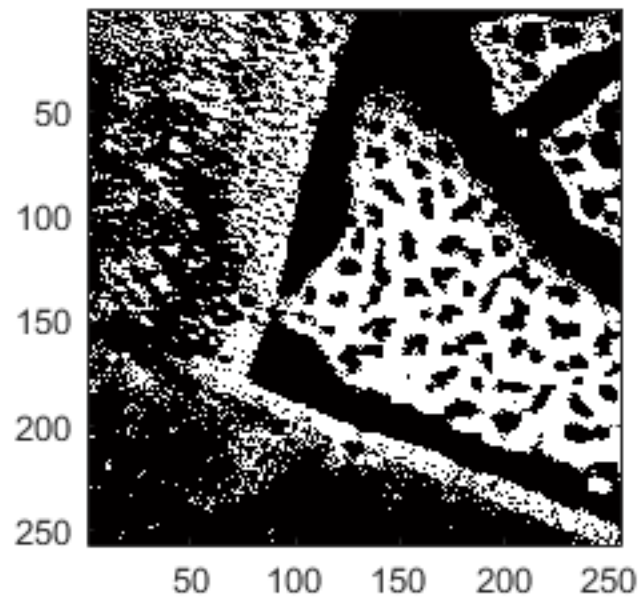
Image: image

Variables: exact

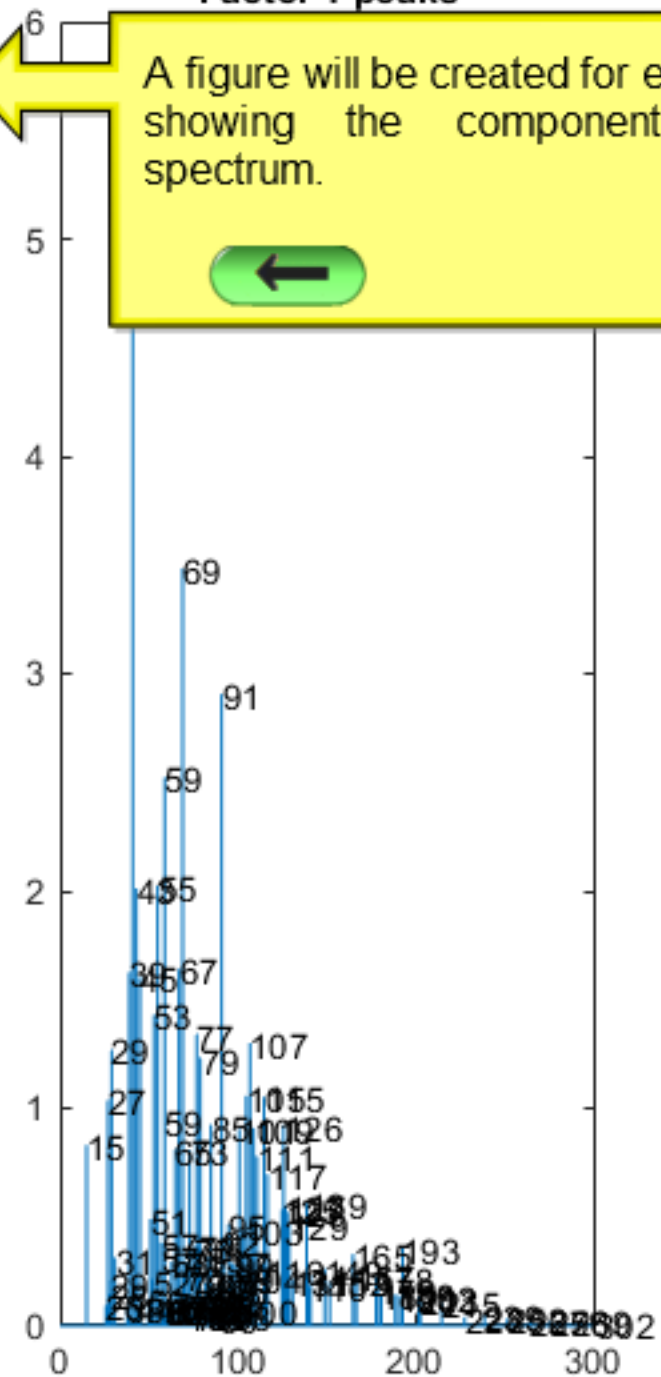


50
100
150
200
250

Factor 1 image

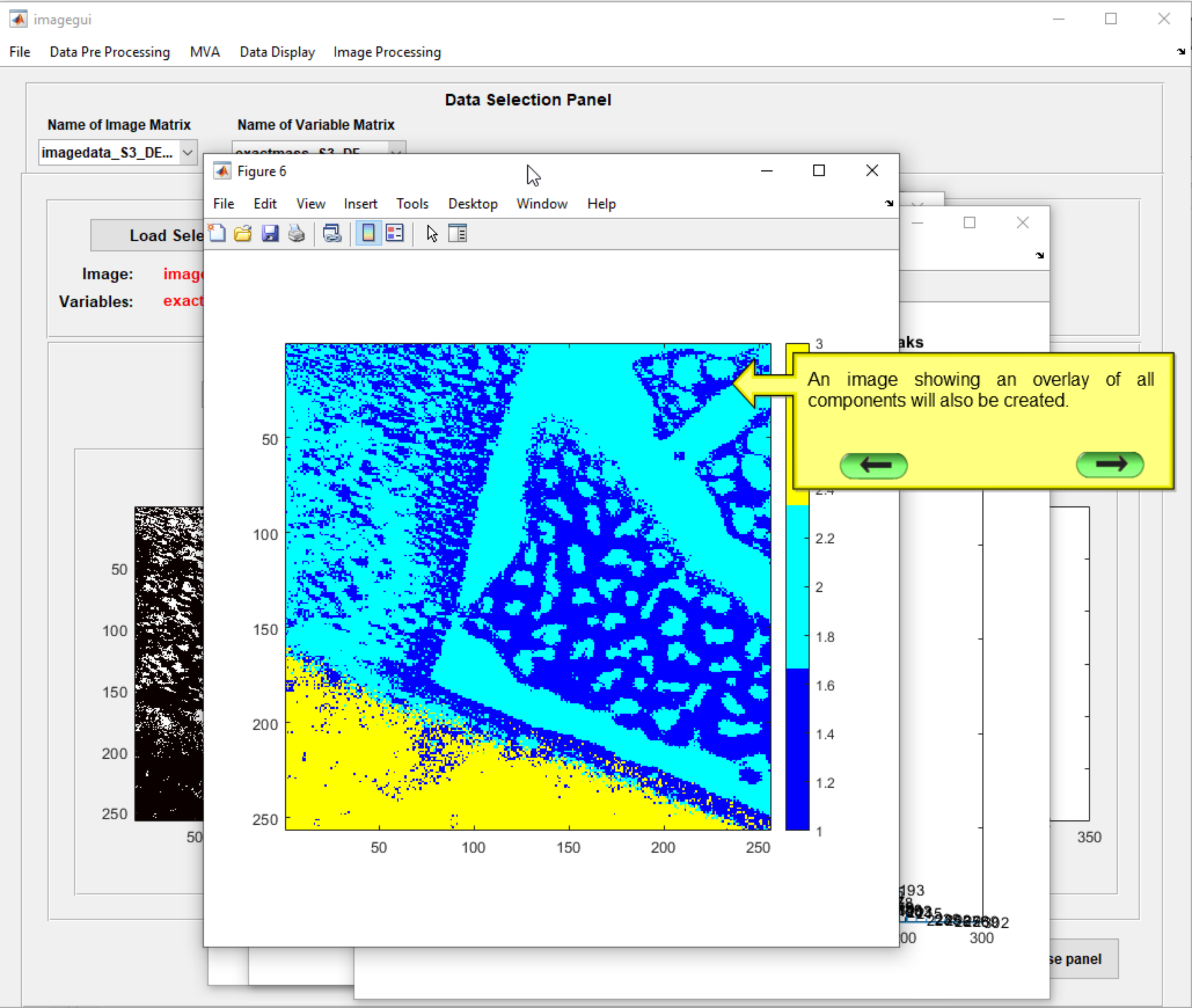


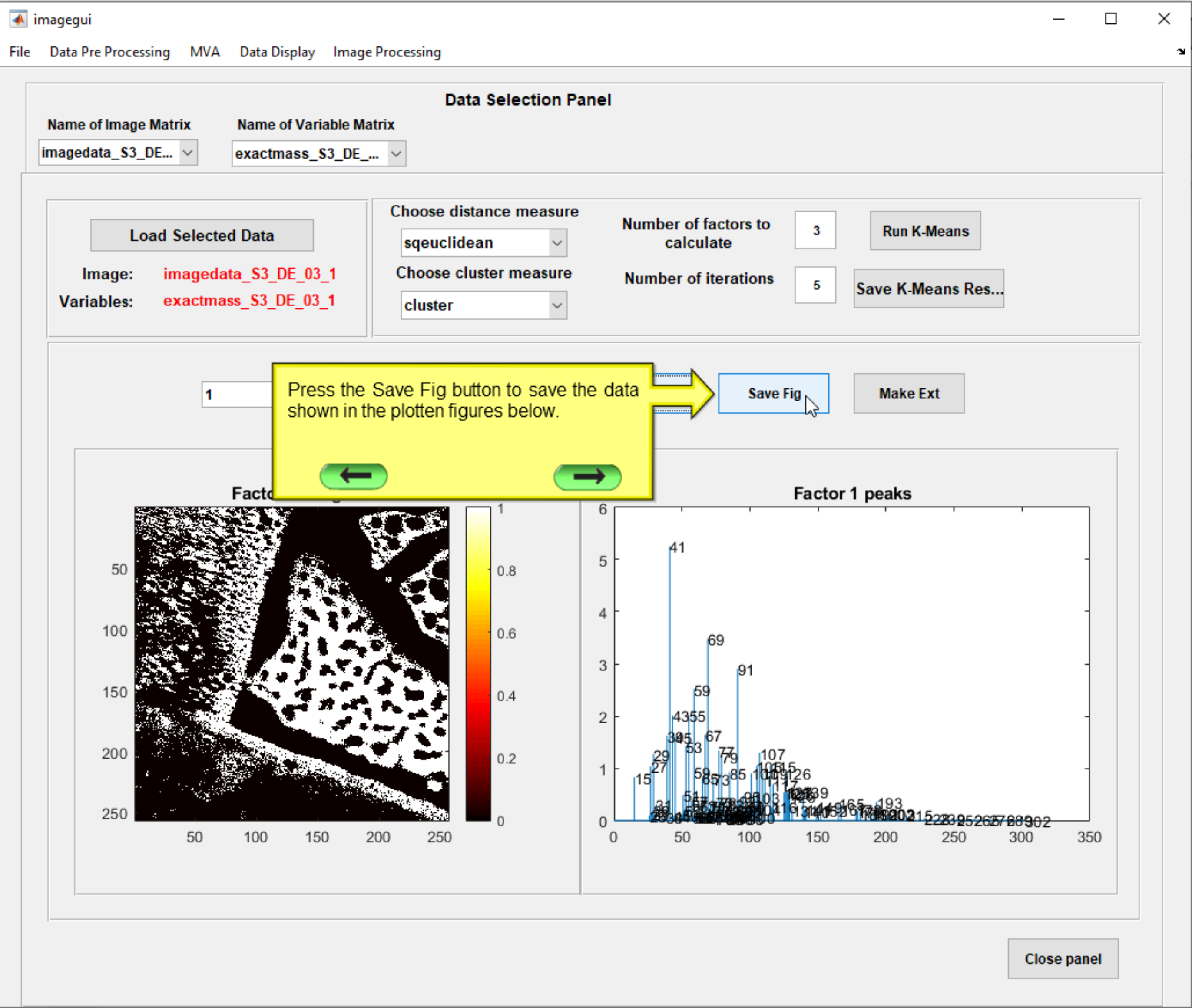
Factor 1 peaks

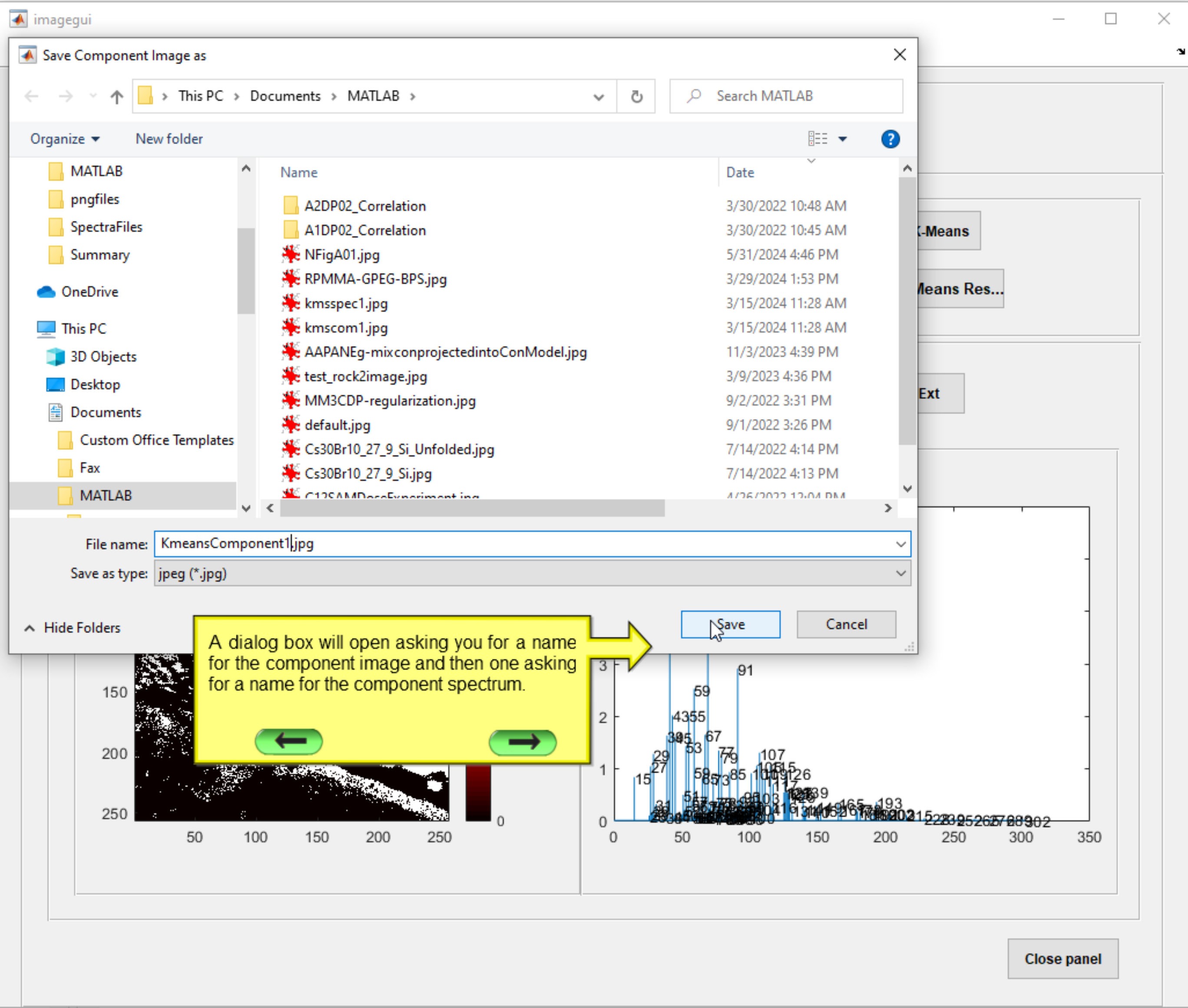


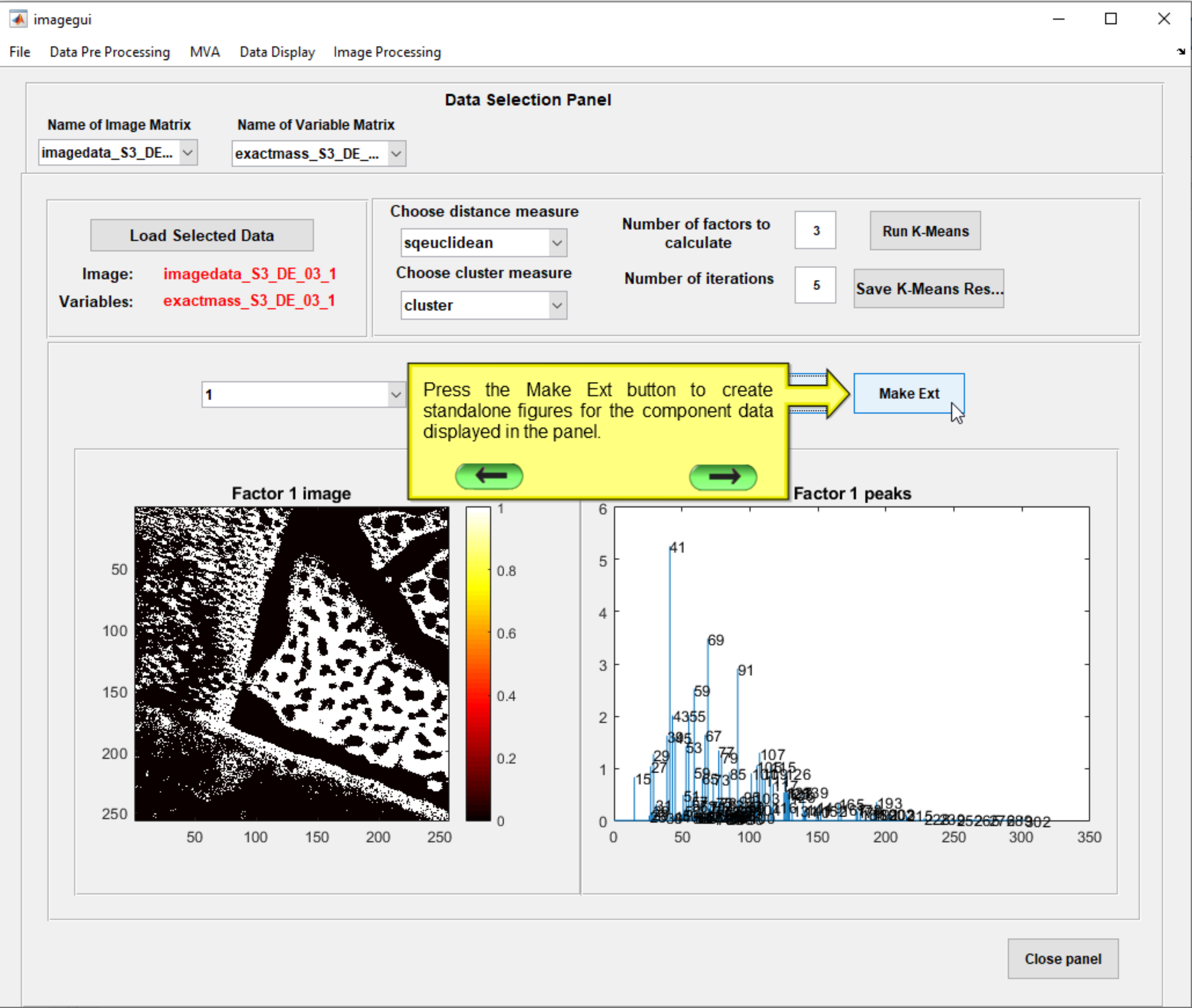
A figure will be created for each component showing the component image and spectrum.











Data Selection Panel

Name of Image Matrix

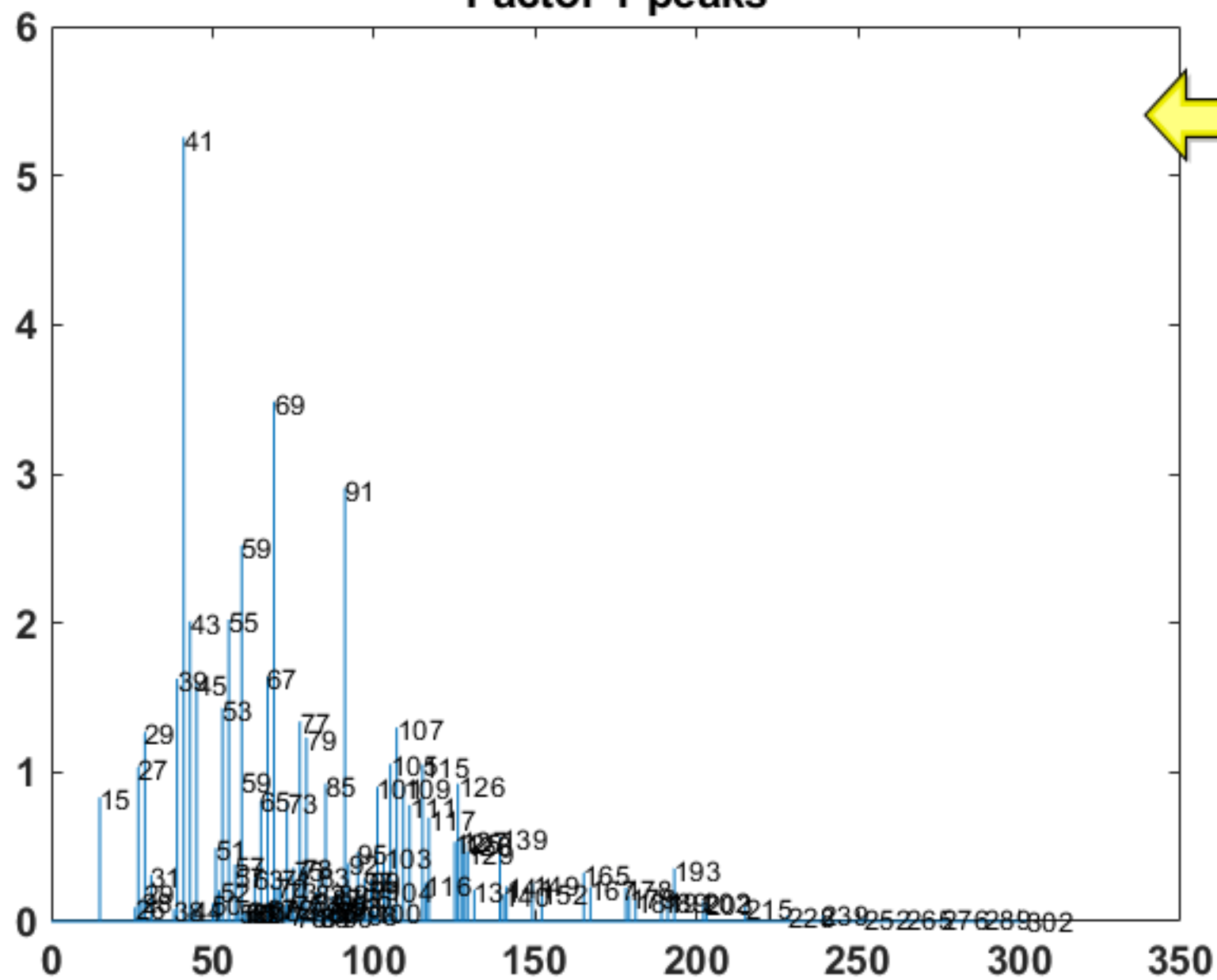
Name of Variable Matrix

Figure 6

File Edit View Insert Tools Desktop Window Help



Factor 1 peaks



A figure will be created showing the component spectrum.



00 150 200 250
pixels

Data Selection Panel

Name of Image Matrix

Name of Variable Matrix

Figure 6

File Edit View Insert Tools Desktop Window Help



Factor 1 peaks

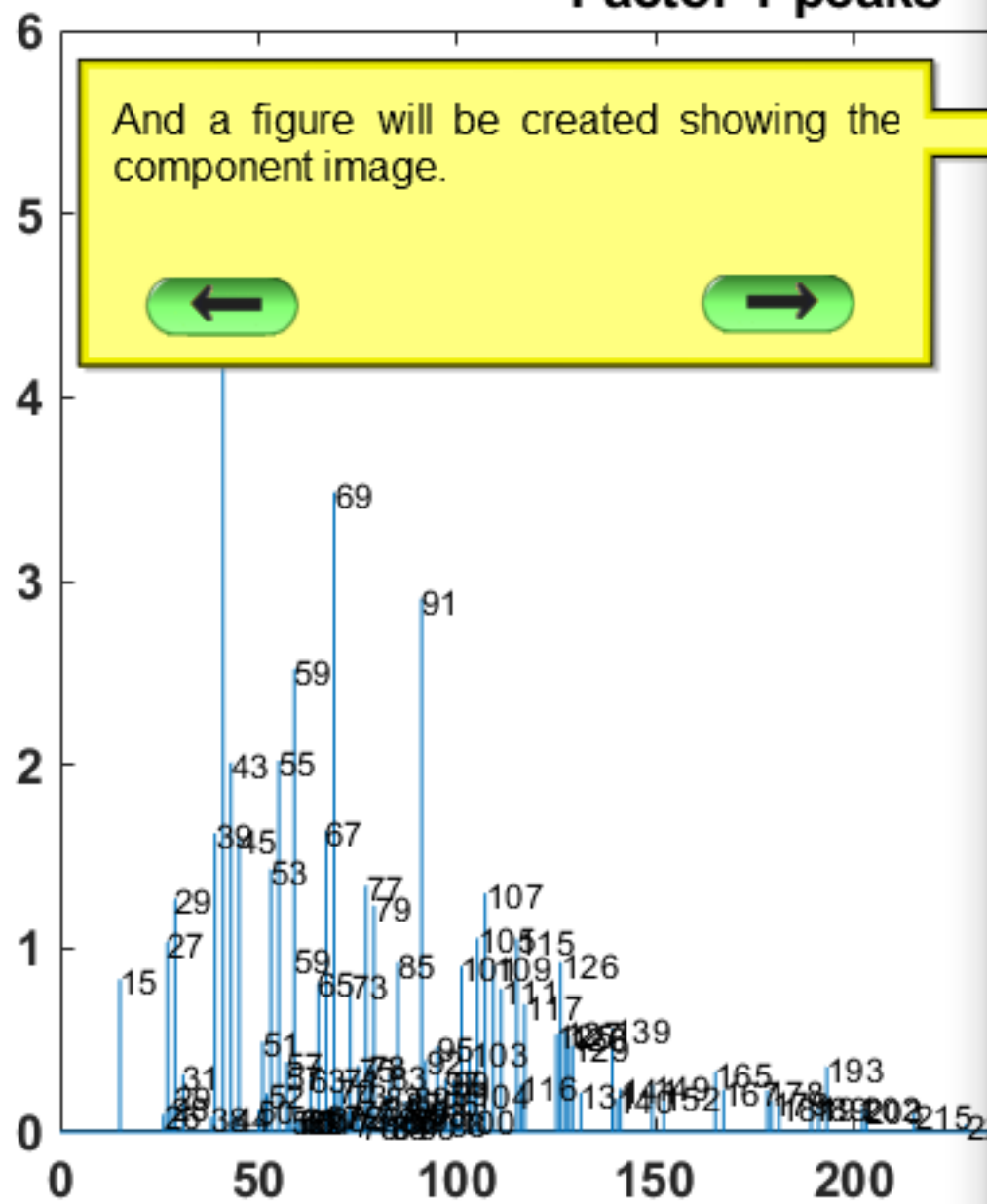
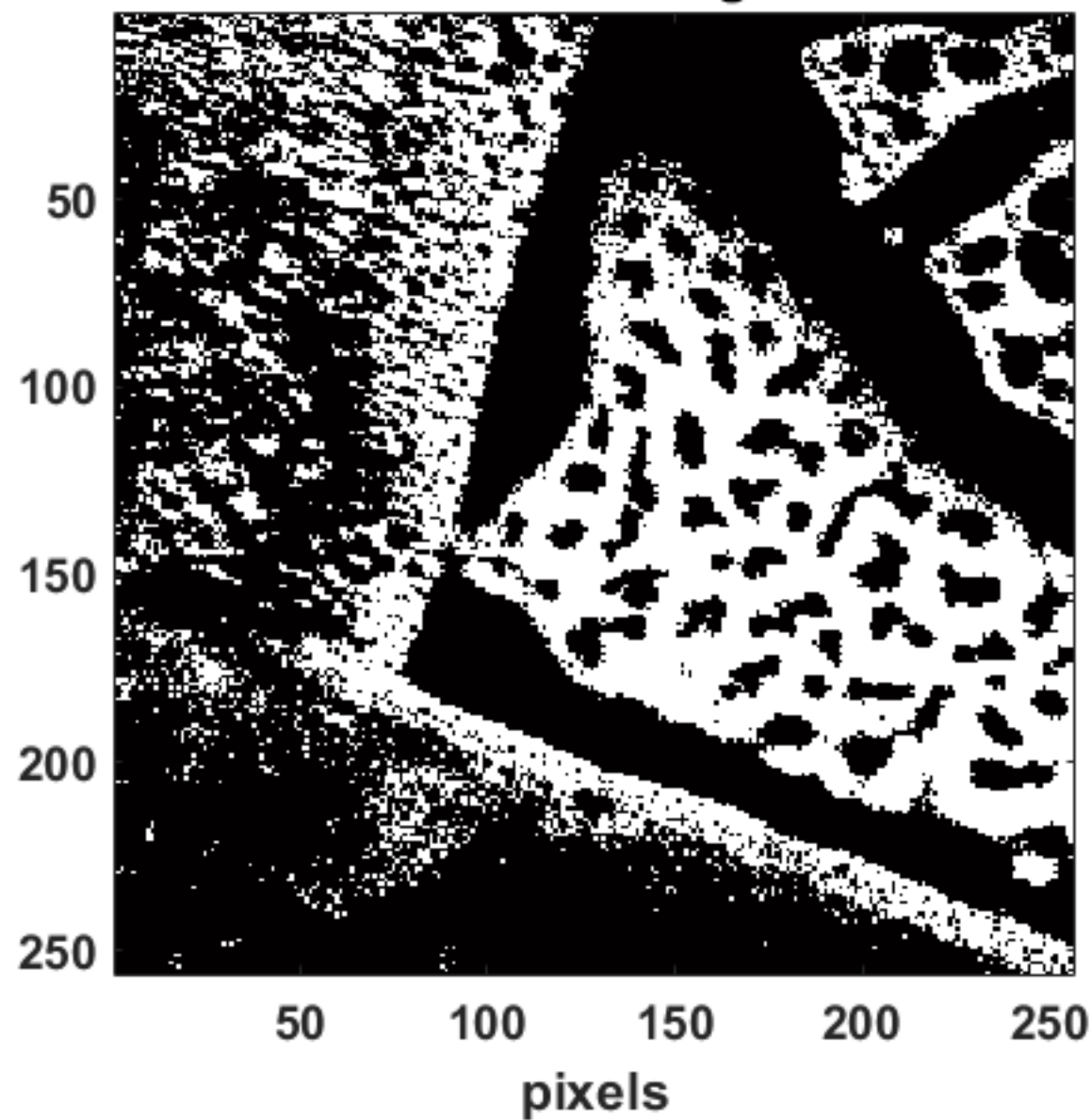


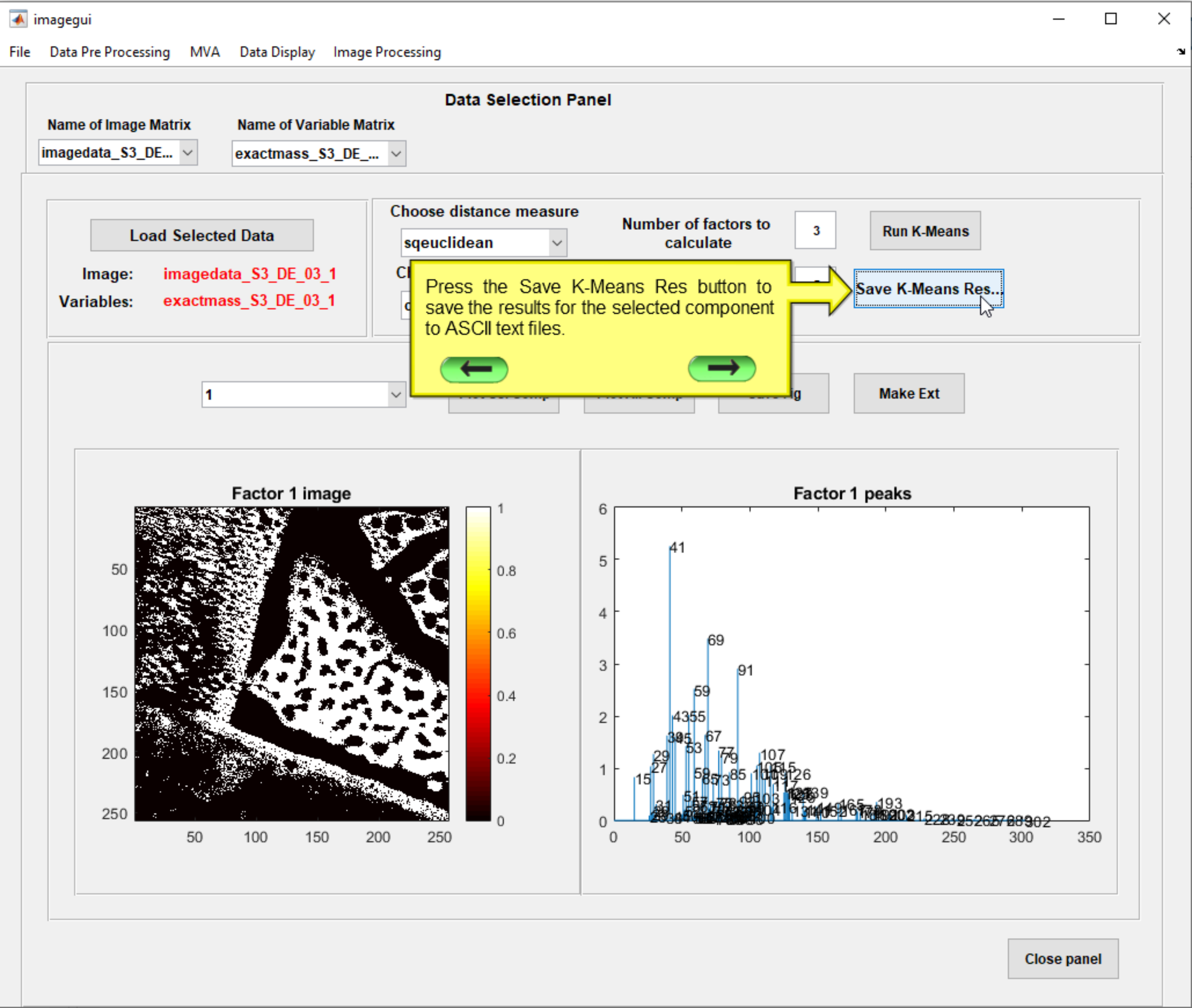
Figure 5

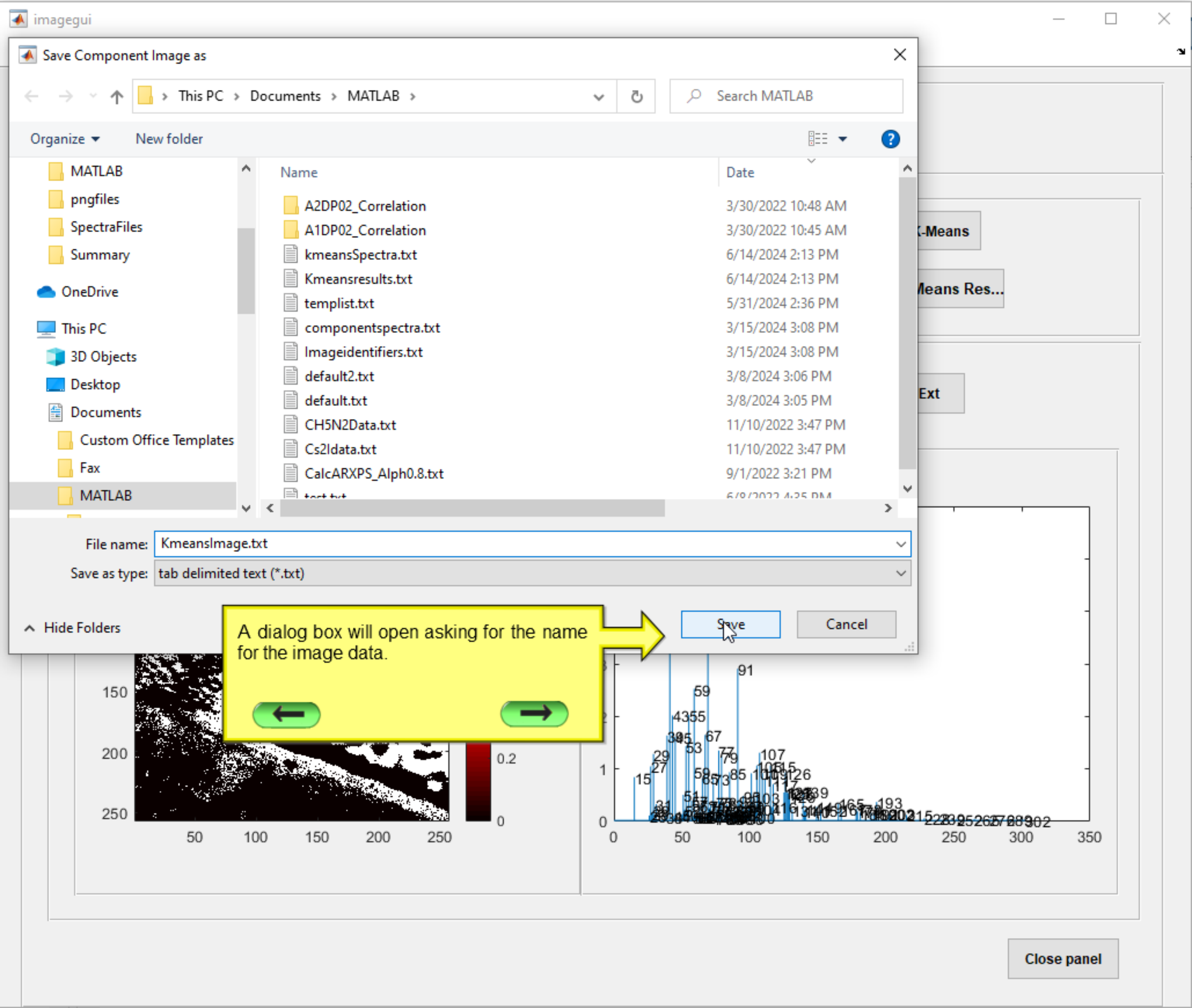
File Edit View Insert Tools Desktop Window Help

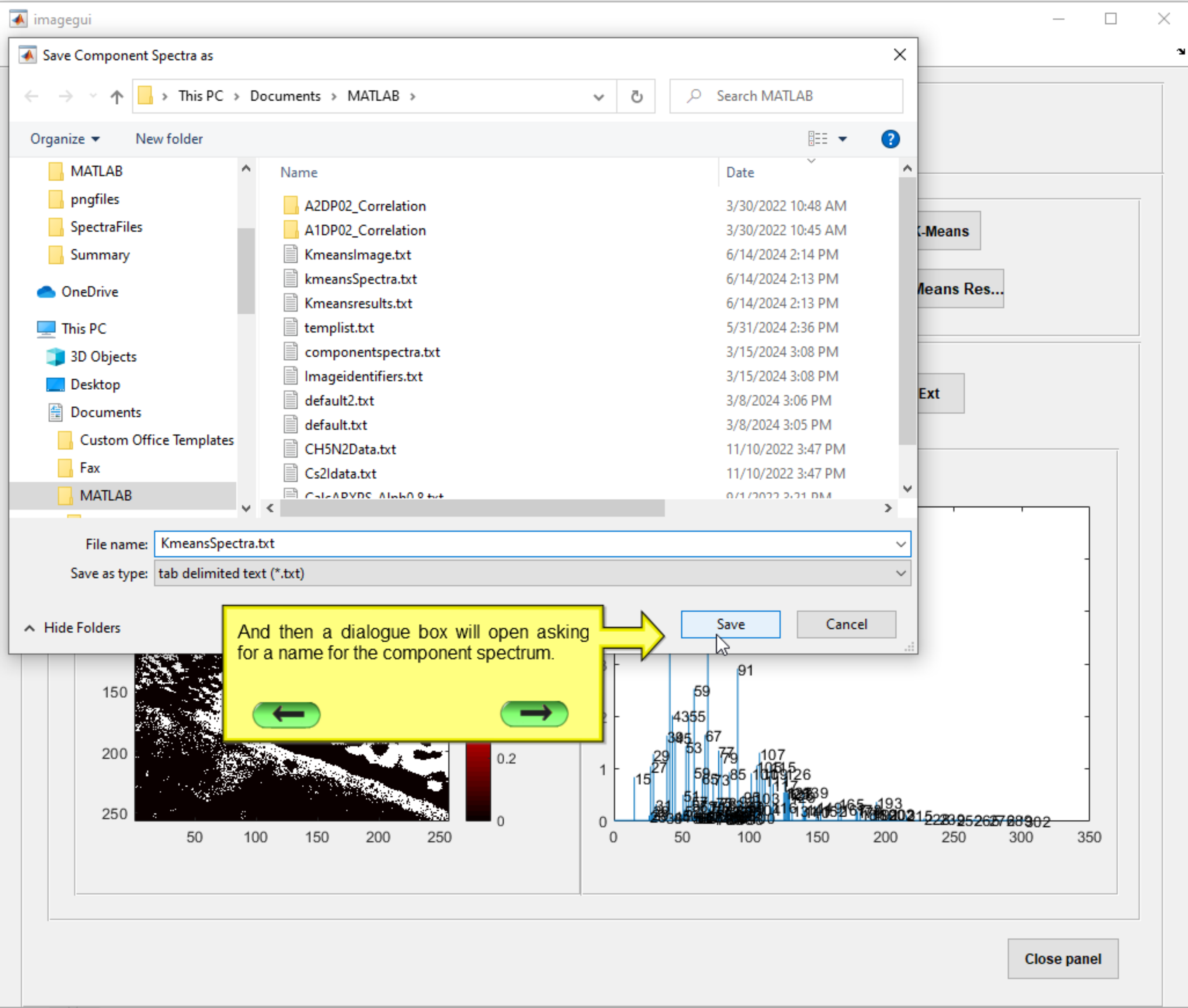


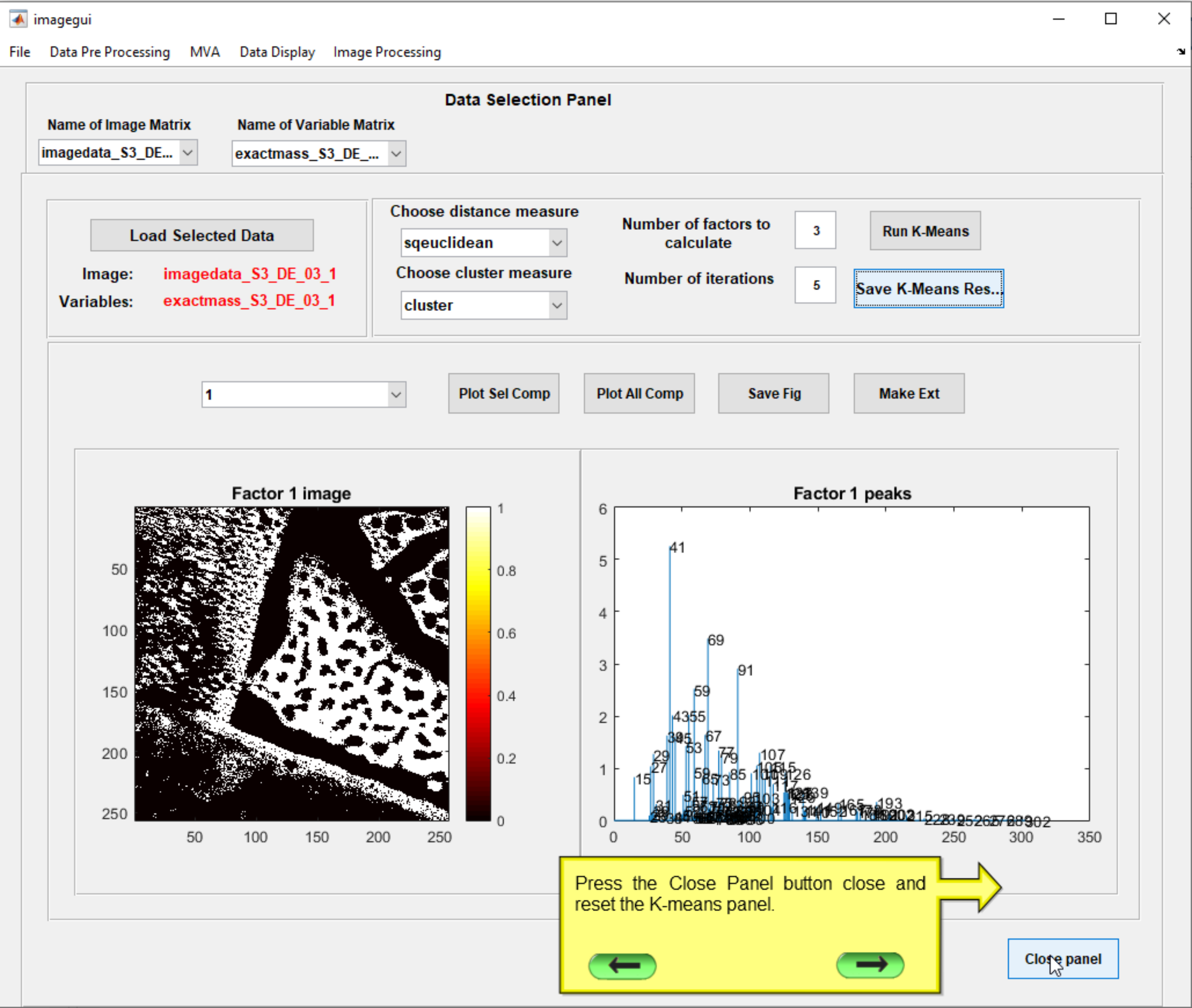
Factor 1 image

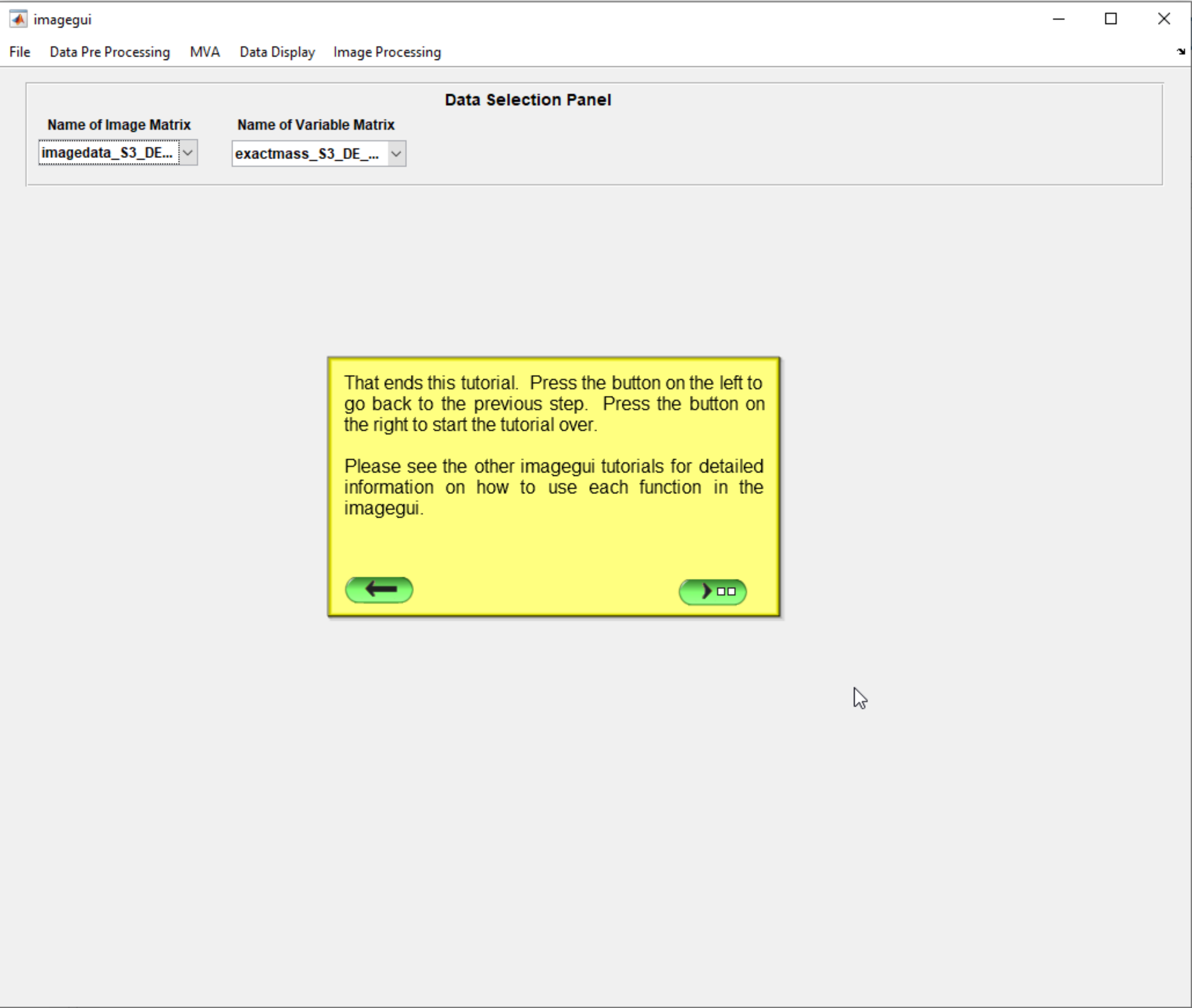












Data Selection Panel

Name of Image Matrix

Name of Variable Matrix

imagedata_S3_DE... ▾

exactmass_S3_DE... ▾

That ends this tutorial. Press the button on the left to go back to the previous step. Press the button on the right to start the tutorial over.

Please see the other imagegui tutorials for detailed information on how to use each function in the imagegui.

