

Objectives

By the end of today's work together, participants will. \ldots

- Comfortably collaborate with the participants, staff, and instructors
- Describe (in their journal) the importance of maximum comprehensible target language use and begin to develop techniques for providing comprehensible input
- Recognize how the world language teaching profession has evolved in the US
- Identify the three modes of communication used in WL lessons
- Use (with assistance) a range of technological tools (including Moodle) that will be valuable in their personal learning as teachers as well as in the teaching and learning of their students

Icebreaker

Human bingo

Demo class

Debrief

- How did it feel to be a "student" again?
- How much of the target language did the instructor use?
- How were you able to understand what he was saying?
- How was this experience similar/different than what you have experienced as a student in language courses?

Maximum Language Use

- Some terminology:
 - Target language (TL)
 - Second language (L2)
 - Native language (L1)
- How much language?
 - ACTFL position statement: http://www.actfl.org/news/positionstatements/use-the-target-language-theclassroom= 90%



STARTALK-endorsed principles

- Using the Target Language and Providing Comprehensible Input for Instruction
- The teacher uses the target language at least 90 percent of the time.
- The teacher uses a variety of strategies to make language comprehensible, monitors student comprehension, and makes adjustments as necessary.
- The teacher avoids the use of translation by using verbal and non-verbal strategies and also avoids eliciting translation from students.
- http://startalk.umd.edu/principles/



How to maximize target language use (actfl.org)

- provide comprehensible input that is directed toward communicative goals;
- make meaning clear through body language, gestures, and visual support;
- · conduct comprehension checks to ensure understanding;
- negotiate meaning with students and encourage negotiation among students;
- elicit talk that increases in fluency, accuracy, and complexity over time;
- encourage self-expression and spontaneous use of language;
- teach students strategies for requesting clarification and assistance when faced with comprehension difficulties; and
- offer feedback to assist and improve students' ability to interact orally in the target language.



Total Physical Response

- http://startalk.umd.edu/principles/ (Examples - #2)
- TPR technique to provide more comprehensible input, modeling physical movements accompanied by commands
- students show comprehension by performing the commands
- http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rloyOKSRInv



Reália

- Cultural objects
 - · Clothing, money, food bring in the real thing!
- Other manipulatives
 - · Plastic/toy versions
- Pictures/Drawings/Photos
 - Laminated
 - · Presented in multimedia



World Language Teaching

- The evolution of our profession
 - Grammar-translation
 - Direct Method
 - · "Designer methods"
 - TPR
 - Suggestopedia
 - Audiolingual
 - Community language learning
 - · Communicative, standards-based



21st Century Classroom

- In pairs
 - Categorize the language class descriptions you are given into two sets:
 - In the past
 - Today
- Self-correct using p. 4 of 21st Century Skills Map

http://actfl21stcenturyskillsmap.wikispaces.com/file/view/ACTFL+2011+P-

21+worldlanguages+skills+map.pdf



- Implementing a Standards-Based and Thematically Organized Curriculum
- Every lesson derives from a standards-based unit that culminates in students developing the ability to engage in spontaneous, unrehearsed communication for real-world purposes.
- Each lesson has clearly stated cultural objectives that indicate what students will be able to do and what they need to know by lesson's end.
- Grammar is not the focus of the course, unit, or lesson. The teacher teaches grammar as a tool for communication, avoiding meaningless rote drills and ensuring that all practice requires attention to meaning. Examples

World Language Standards

- The 5 C's: Communication, Cultures, Connections, Comparisons, Communities
- Today's focus for the class: communication
- 3 modes of communication
 - I.I Interpersonal
 - I.2 Interpretive
 - I.3 Presentational

Sample can-do statements

- Linguafolio examples of the 3 modes of communication
 - I can exchange personal information using phrases and simple sentences.
 - I can give simple directions to a location.
 - I can recognize words, phrases, and characters with help from visuals.
- https://linguafolio.uoregon.edu

Sample Learning Scenarios

- In teams (3 to a team) ...
 - Read each teaching/learning activity given to you
 - Put each activity into one of three categories
 - · Interpersonal
 - Interpretive
 - Presentational

Sample Learning Scenario

- Take a look at the learning scenario given to you, and decide which of the 3 modes of communication are addressed in the lesson
 - · Could be one, two, or all three

Afternoon

- Begin technology training for course requirements.
- Moodle practice
 - Introduction to Moodle
 - Choose 2 resources in Day I folder to explore
 - write Day I reflection in Moodle