



Washington State Academy of Sciences Annual Meeting and Symposium

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Washington State quick facts



- The Grand Coulee Dam on Washington's Columbia River is the largest hydroelectric power producer in the United States, with a total generating capacity of 6,809 megawatts.
- ► In 2011, Washington was the leading producer of electricity from hydroelectric sources and produced 29 percent of the Nation's net hydroelectricity generation.
- Although not a crude oil-producing State, in 2011, Washington ranked sixth in the Nation in crude oil refining capacity.
- Washington ranked sixth in the Nation in net generation of electricity from wind energy in 2011.
- ► The State of Washington's Energy Independence Act requires large electric utilities to obtain 15 percent of their electricity from new renewable energy resources by 2020 and to undertake cost-effective energy conservation.

More quick facts: Washington State rankings



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Consumption

Total Energy per Capita 29

Production

Total Energy 18

Crude Oil ---

Natural Gas ---

Coal 26

Electricity 9

Prices

Natural Gas 22

Electricity 51

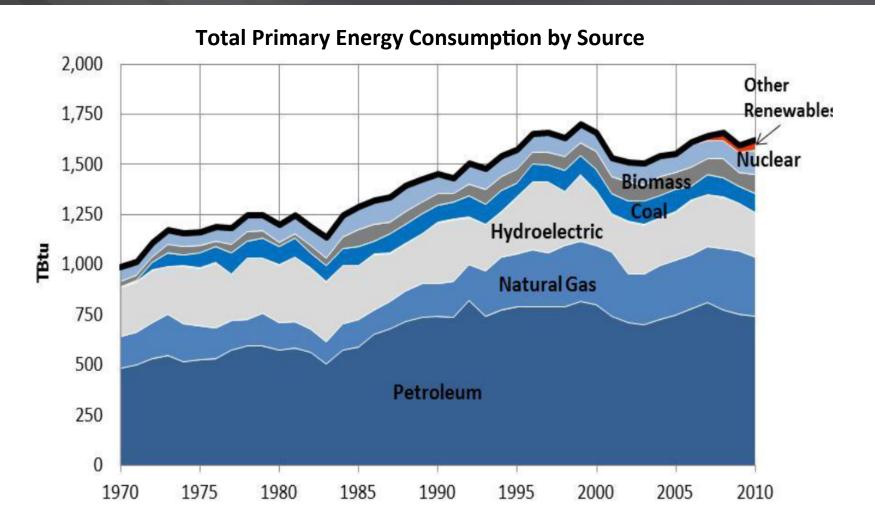
Environment

Carbon Dioxide Emissions 27

Petroleum, natural gas and hydro dominate as fuel source for Washington State



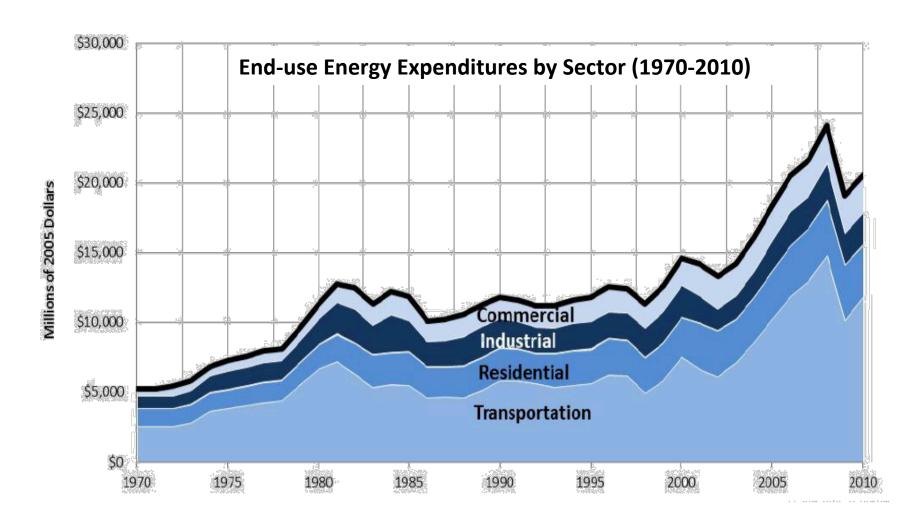
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End-users spend \$20B for energy in Washington State



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95% of electricity used in Washington State comes from hydro, coal and natural gas!

Fuels Used to Generate Electricity Purchased by Washington Energy Consumers

Fuel	Generation	Share
	MWh	
Hydro	66,847,397	73.37%
Coal	12,900,636	14.16%
Natural Gas	7,003,278	7.69%
Nuclear	2,390,245	2.62%
Wind	1,017,702	1.12%
Biomass	446,890	0.49%
Waste	336,948	0.37%
Petroleum	68,539	0.08%
Landfill Gases	49,209	0.05%
Other	45,429	0.03%
Total	91,106,272	100.00%

Washington State energy prices (relative to national average)



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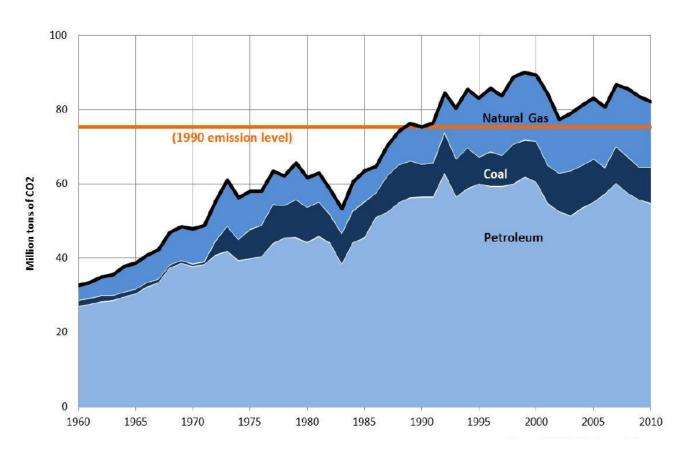
- Gasoline
- 4-17%
- ► Natural Gas
 - 5-17%

- Electricity
 - Residential 30°
 - Commercial ↓ 25%





Carbon Dioxide Emissions from Energy Use by Fuel Source (1960-2010)



Today's Symposium Energy: Environmentally Acceptable Choices for Washington State



- What does Washington State need:
 - Low cost, clean energy alternatives
 - Diverse supply base
 - Robust energy infrastructure
- Options that address:
 - 15% renewable by 2020 and all cost-effective conservation
 - Washington State GHG emission reduction limits